

Manual No. '09 • SRK/SRF - SM - 082 updated 25,May,2009

# INVERTER WALL MOUNTED TYPE AND FLOOR STANDING TYPE ROOM AIR-CONDITIONER

(Split system, air to air heat pump type)

Wall mounted type Floor standing type SRK20ZIX-S SRF25ZIX-S 25ZIX-S 35ZIX-S 35ZIX-S 50ZIX-S 50ZIX-S 60ZIX-S

splitof

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Большая библиотека технической документации

https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

каталоги, инструкции, сервисные мануалы, схемы.

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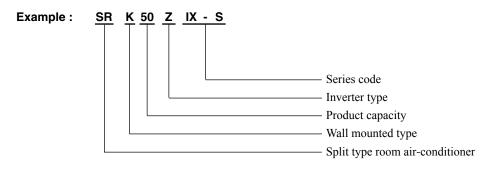
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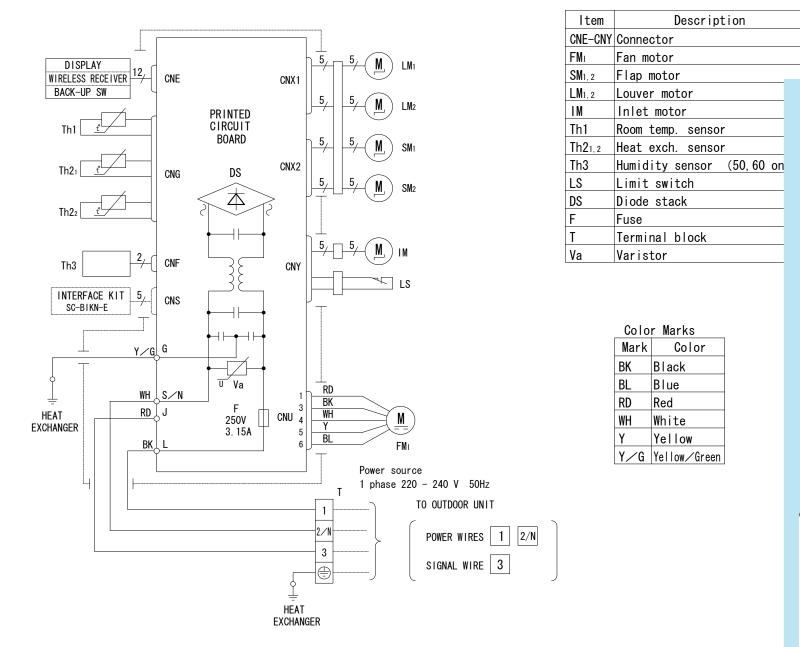
# 1. WALL MOUNTED TYPE(SRK)

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# ■ How to read the model name







(1) Interior ann. Models SRK20ZIX-S, 25ZIX-S, 35ZIX-S, 50ZIX-S, 60ZIX-S

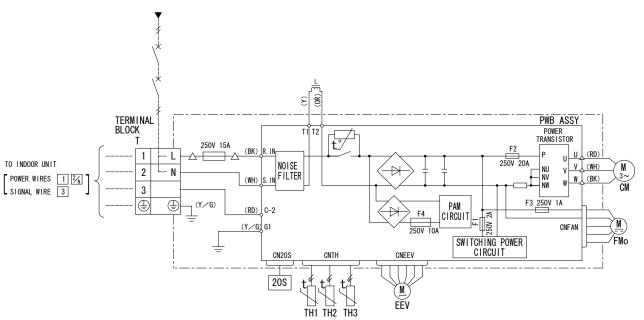
Все каталоги и инструкции здесь:

RWA000Z215

	(
Description	
Compressor motor	
Connector	
Electric expansion valve (coil)	
Fan motor	
Reactor	
Terminal block	
Heat exchanger sensor (outdoor unit)	
Outdoor air temp.sensor	
Discharge pipe temp.sensor	
Solenoid valve for 4 way valve	

Mark	Color
BK	Black
OR	Orange
RD	Red
WH	White
Y	Yellow
Y∕G	Yellow∕Gree

POWER SOURCE 1~220-240V 50Hz/1~220V 60Hz



Все каталоги и инструкции здесь:

# RWC000 N 21 ω

ltem

CNEEV~20S Connector

CM

EEV

FMo

т

TH1

TH2

TH3

20S

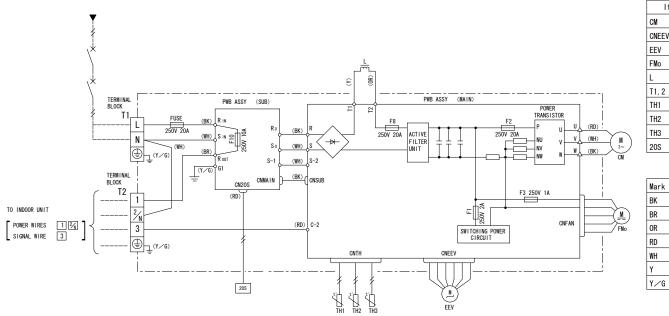
Power	cable.	indoor-outdoor	connecting	wires	

Mode I	MAX running current (A)	Power cable size (mm²)		indoor-outdoor wire size x number	Earth wire size (mm)
20					
25	8	2.0	32	φ1.6mm x 3	$\phi$ 1. 6mm
35					

- The specifications shown in the above table are for units without heaters. For units with heaters, refer to the installation instructions or the construction instructions of the indoor unit.
- Switchgear of Circuit breaker capacity which is calculated from MAX. over current should be chosen along the regulations in each country.
- The cable specifications are based on the assumption that a metal or plastic conduit is used with no more than three cables contained in a conduit and a voltage drop is 2%. For an installation falling outside of these conditions, please follow the internal cabling regulations. Adapt it to the regulation in effect in each country.

(2) Outdoor unit Models SRC20ZI)

POWER SOURCE 1~220-240V 50Hz/1~220V 60Hz



ltem	Description	
	Compressor motor	
EEV~20S	Connector	
V	Electric expansion va	
D	Fan motor	
	Reactor	
2	Terminal block	
1	Heat exchanger sensor	unit)
2	Outdoor air temp.sens	
3	Discharge pipe temp.s	
S	Solenoid valve for 4	

Color

Black

Brown

Orange

Red

White Yellow

Yellow/Green

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь:

Power cable. indoor-outdoor connecting wires

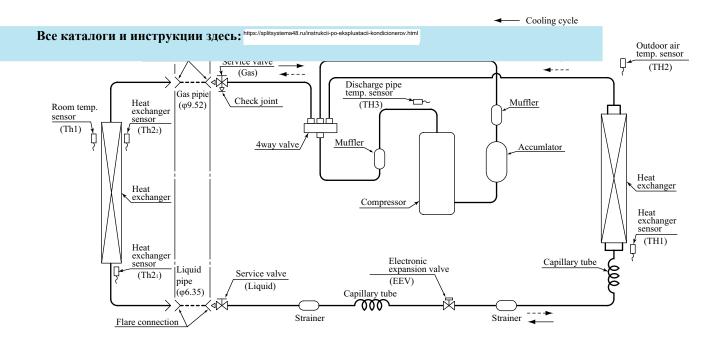
Model	MAX running current (A)	Power cable size (mm²)		indoor-outdoor wire size x number	Earth wire size (mm)
50	14		10		11.0
60	14	2. 0	18	φ1.6mm x 3	$\phi$ 1.6mm

- The specifications shown in the above table are for units without heaters. For units with heaters, refer to the installation instructions or the construction instructions of the indoor unit.
- Switchgear of Circuit breaker capacity which is calculated from MAX. over current should be chosen along the regulations in each country.
- The cable specifications are based on the assumption that a metal or plastic conduit is used with no
  more than three cables contained in a conduit and a voltage drop is 2%. For an installation falling
  outside of these conditions, please follow the internal cabling regulations. Adapt it to the regulation
  in effect in each country.

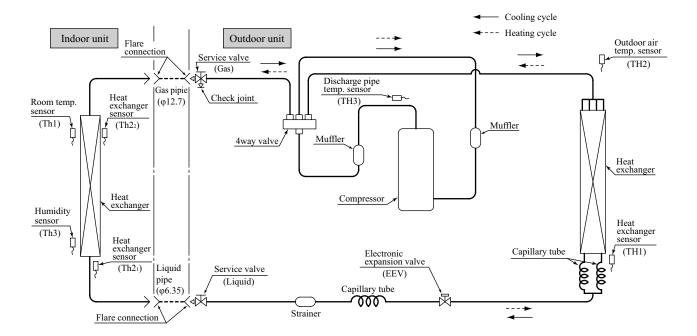
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# 1.2 Piping system

Model SRK20ZIX-S, 25ZIX-S, 35ZIX-S

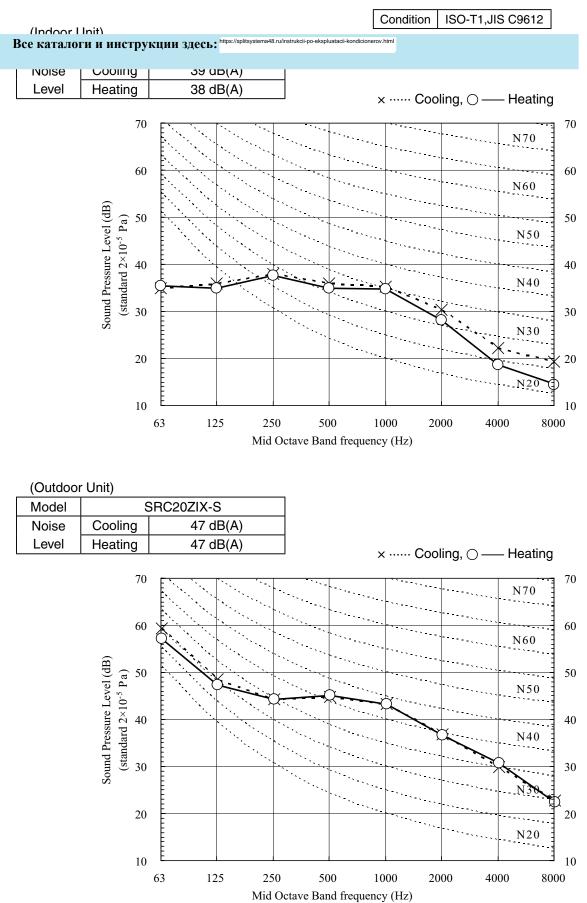


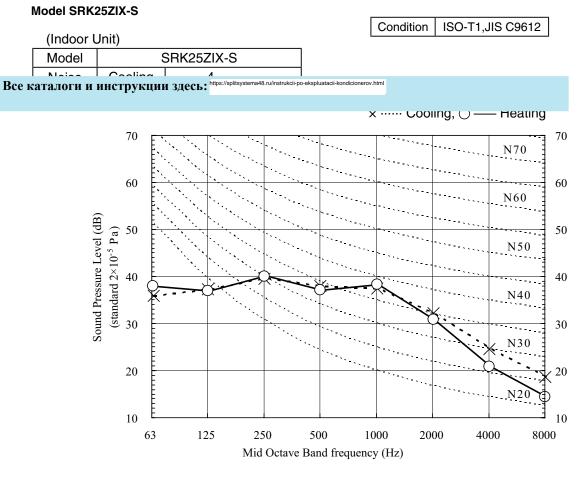
Model SRK50ZIX-S, 60ZIX-S



# 1.3 Noise level

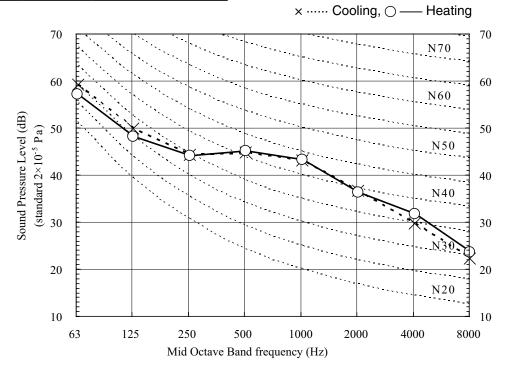
Model SRK20ZIX-S

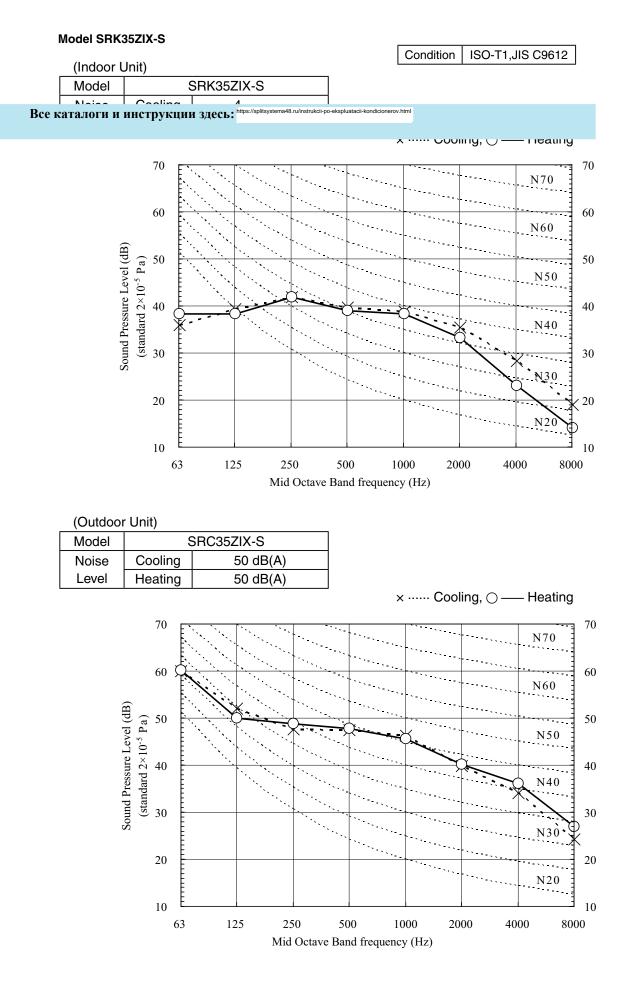




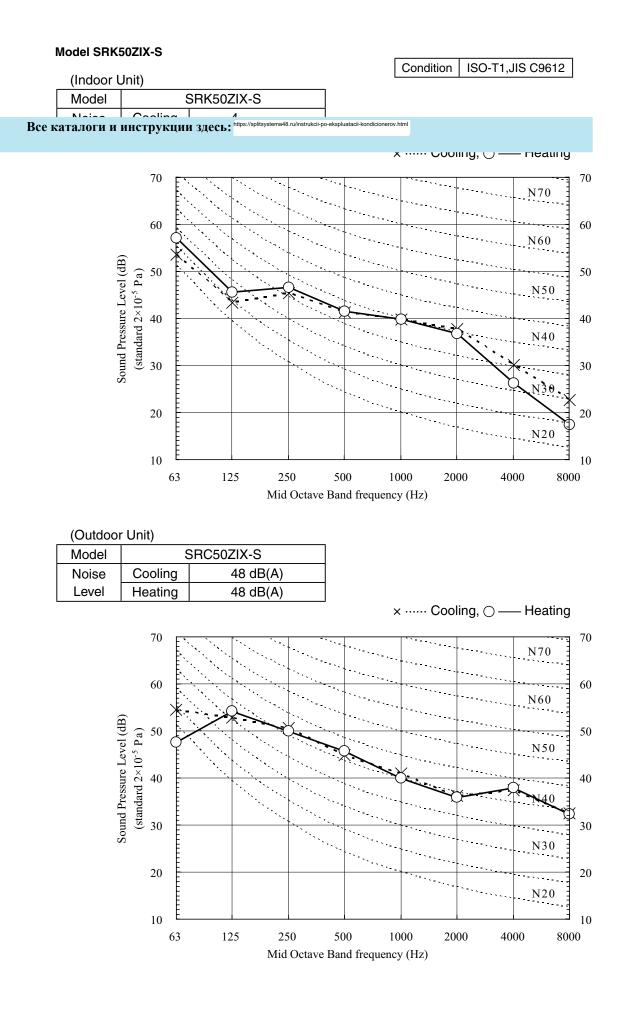
(Outdoor U	nit)
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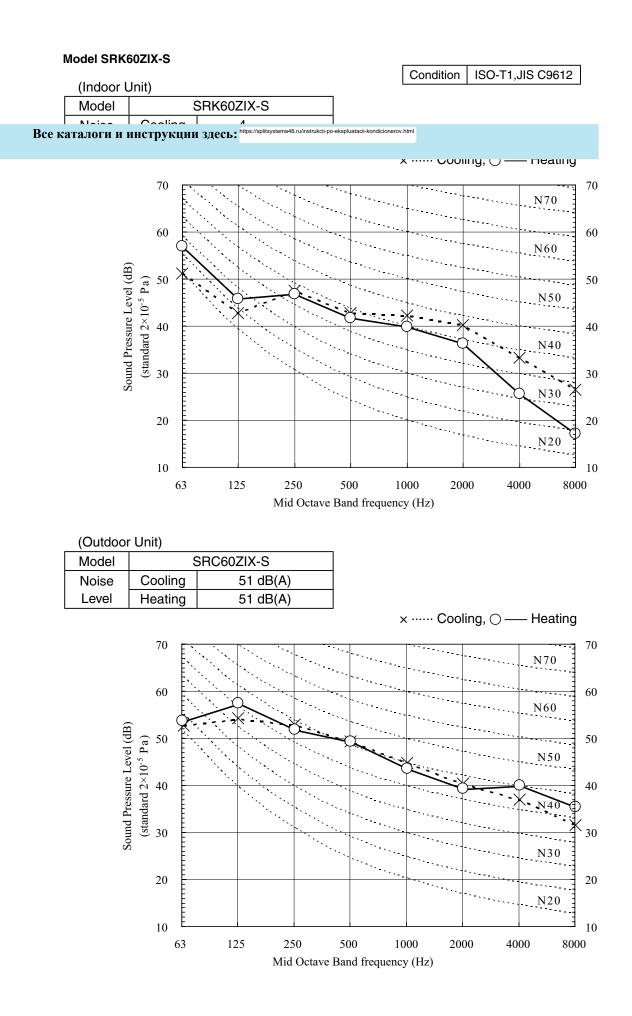
Model	ę	SRC25ZIX-S
Noise	Cooling	47 dB(A)
Level	Heating	47 dB(A)





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# 1.4 Sensible heat capacity

Model	SRK20	)ZIX	-S	Coc	ol Mode												I	Heat Mode
			Indoor air temp															
Air f <del>o</del> w	Outdoor	21°C	CDB	23°C	CDB	26°0	CDB	27°0	CDB	28°0	CDB	31°0	CDB	33°0	CDB		Air fow	outdoor air temp
Все ка	талоги	1 И І	инст	грун	сци	и зд	есь	https://	splitsyste	ema48.n	u/instruko	cii-po-ek	spluataci	i-kondici	onerov.h	tml		
	12	2.21	2.12	2.32	2.09	2.41	2.22	2.45	2.20	2.50	2.18	2.58	2.29	2.65	2.24			-5°CW
	14	2.17	2.10	2.28	2.07	2.38	2.21	2.42	2.19	2.47	2.17	2.55	2.28	2.62	2.23			-5 CW
	16	2.13	2.08	2.24	2.05	2.34	2.19	2.39	2.18	2.43	2.15	2.52	2.27	2.59	2.22	Hi	Hi 12.0	5°CW
	18	2.08	2.06	2.19	2.03	2.30	2.17	2.35	2.16	2.40	2.14	2.49	2.26	2.56	2.21		(m <sup>3</sup> /min)	6°CW
	20	2.04	2.04	2.15	2.02	2.26	2.16	2.31	2.15	2.36	2.13	2.45	2.25	2.53	2.20			10°CW
	22	1.99	1.99	2.10	2.00	2.22	2.15	2.28	2.13	2.32	2.12	2.42	2.23	2.50	2.19			15°CW
Hi	24	1.94	1.94	2.05	1.98	2.18	2.13	2.24	2.11	2.28	2.10	2.38	2.23	2.47	2.18			20°CW
11.5	26	1.90	1.90	2.01	1.97	2.14	2.11	2.20	2.10	2.24	2.08	2.35	2.21	2.43	2.18			
(m³/min)	28	1.85	1.85	1.96	1.94	2.09	2.09	2.15	2.09	2.20	2.05	2.31	2.20	2.40	2.16			
	30	1.79	1.79	1.90	1.90	2.05	2.05	2.11	2.05	2.16	2.04	2.27	2.19	2.36	2.15			
	32	1.74	1.74	1.85	1.85	2.00	2.00	2.07	2.04	2.12	2.02	2.23	2.18	2.32	2.14			
	34	1.69	1.69	1.80	1.80	1.95	1.95	2.02	2.02	2.07	2.01	2.19	2.16	2.28	2.13			
	35	1.66	1.66	1.77	1.77	1.93	1.93	2.00	2.00	2.05	2.01	2.17	2.16	2.26	2.12			
	36	1.63	1.63	1.74	1.74	1.90	1.90	1.98	1.98	2.02	2.00	2.15	2.15	2.24	2.11			
	38	1.58	1.58	1.68	1.68	1.85	1.85	1.93	1.93	1.98	1.98	2.11	2.11	2.20	2.10			
	39	1.55	1.55	1.66	1.66	1.83	1.83	1.91	1.91	1.95	1.95	2.08	2.08	2.18	2.10			

Air fow	outdoor air temp.		in	door air tem	þ	
					22°CDB	24°CDB
					1.44	1.41
					1.64	1.61
	−5°CWB	1.89	1.86	1.82	1.80	1.77
Hi	0°CWB	1.98	1.95	1.91	1.89	1.86
12.0	5°CWB	2.52	2.49	2.48	2.43	2.39
(m³/min)	6°CWB	2.56	2.53	2.50	2.47	2.44
	10°CWB	2.72	2.69	2.68	2.64	2.61
	15°CWB	2.96	2.93	2.91	2.88	2.85
	20°CWB	3.18	3.15	3.14	3.10	3.08

### Model SRK25ZIX-S Cool Mode

F

							1	ndoor a	ir temp						
Air fow	Outdoor air temp.	21°0 14°0		23°0 16°0		26°0 18°0		27°0 19°0		28°0 20°0		31°0 22°0	CDB CWB	33°0 24°0	
		TC	SHC	тс	SHC	тс	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	тс	SHC	TC	SHC
	10	2.87	2.69	3.01	2.65	3.12	2.80	3.17	2.77	3.23	2.74	3.32	2.88	3.41	2.81
	12	2.82	2.67	2.96	2.63	3.07	2.78	3.13	2.75	3.19	2.73	3.28	2.86	3.38	2.80
	14	2.77	2.64	2.90	2.61	3.03	2.76	3.09	2.74	3.14	2.69	3.25	2.85	3.34	2.79
	16	2.71	2.61	2.85	2.58	2.98	2.74	3.04	2.70	3.10	2.68	3.21	2.84	3.31	2.78
	18	2.66	2.59	2.80	2.56	2.93	2.71	3.00	2.69	3.05	2.66	3.17	2.82	3.27	2.77
	20	2.60	2.56	2.74	2.54	2.88	2.69	2.95	2.67	3.01	2.65	3.13	2.81	3.23	2.75
	22	2.54	2.54	2.68	2.51	2.83	2.67	2.90	2.65	2.96	2.63	3.08	2.80	3.19	2.74
Hi	24	2.48	2.48	2.62	2.48	2.78	2.65	2.85	2.64	2.91	2.61	3.04	2.78	3.15	2.72
12.5	26	2.42	2.42	2.56	2.46	2.72	2.63	2.80	2.62	2.86	2.60	2.99	2.76	3.10	2.71
(m³/min)	28	2.35	2.35	2.49	2.43	2.67	2.62	2.75	2.60	2.81	2.58	2.95	2.75	3.06	2.70
	30	2.29	2.29	2.43	2.40	2.61	2.59	2.69	2.58	2.75	2.56	2.90	2.74	3.01	2.69
	32	2.22	2.22	2.36	2.36	2.55	2.55	2.64	2.56	2.70	2.54	2.85	2.71	2.96	2.67
	34	2.15	2.15	2.29	2.29	2.49	2.49	2.58	2.55	2.64	2.53	2.79	2.70	2.91	2.65
	35	2.12	2.12	2.26	2.26	2.46	2.46	2.55	2.53	2.61	2.52	2.77	2.69	2.89	2.65
	36	2.08	2.08	2.22	2.22	2.43	2.43	2.52	2.52	2.58	2.51	2.74	2.68	2.86	2.64
	38	2.01	2.01	2.15	2.15	2.36	2.36	2.46	2.46	2.52	2.49	2.69	2.67	2.81	2.60
	39	1.97	1.97	2.11	2.11	2.33	2.33	2.43	2.43	2.49	2.48	2.66	2.63	2.78	2.59

I	Heat Mode											
Air fow	outdoor air temp.	indoor air temp										
	·	16°CDB	18°CDB	20°CDB	22°CDB	24°CDB						
	−15°CWB	1.93	1.88	1.84	1.80	1.76						
	-10°CWB	2.18	2.14	2.11	2.06	2.02						
	−5°CWB	2.36	2.33	2.28	2.25	2.22						
Hi	0°CWB	2.47	2.44	2.40	2.37	2.33						
13.0	5°CWB	3.15	3.12	3.10	3.04	2.99						
(m³/min)	6°CWB	3.20	3.17	3.13	3.09	3.05						
	10°CWB	3.40	3.37	3.35	3.30	3.27						
	15°CWB	3.70	3.67	3.65	3.61	3.57						
	20°CWB	3.98	3.95	3.93	3.88	3.85						

### Model SRK35ZIX-S Cool Mode

							I	ndoor a	ir temp						
Air fow	Outdoor air temp.	21°0 14°0		23°0 16°0		26°0 18°0		27°0 19°0		28°0 20°0		31°0 22°0		33°0 24°0	
		TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
	10	3.94	3.47	4.13	3.42	4.28	3.59	4.35	3.55	4.43	3.51	4.56	3.66	4.68	3.55
	12	3.87	3.44	4.06	3.39	4.22	3.56	4.29	3.53	4.37	3.49	4.51	3.65	4.63	3.53
	14	3.80	3.40	3.99	3.36	4.16	3.54	4.24	3.50	4.31	3.47	4.46	3.61	4.59	3.52
	16	3.72	3.37	3.91	3.32	4.09	3.51	4.18	3.48	4.25	3.44	4.40	3.59	4.54	3.50
	18	3.65	3.33	3.84	3.29	4.03	3.48	4.11	3.45	4.19	3.42	4.35	3.57	4.49	3.49
	20	3.57	3.30	3.76	3.25	3.96	3.46	4.05	3.43	4.13	3.39	4.29	3.55	4.43	3.47
	22	3.49	3.26	3.68	3.22	3.89	3.43	3.98	3.40	4.06	3.37	4.23	3.53	4.38	3.45
Hi	24	3.40	3.22	3.59	3.19	3.81	3.40	3.91	3.38	3.99	3.35	4.17	3.51	4.32	3.44
13.5	26	3.32	3.18	3.51	3.14	3.74	3.37	3.84	3.35	3.92	3.32	4.11	3.49	4.26	3.42
(m³/min)	28	3.23	3.14	3.42	3.11	3.66	3.34	3.77	3.32	3.85	3.30	4.04	3.47	4.20	3.40
	30	3.14	3.10	3.33	3.07	3.58	3.31	3.70	3.29	3.78	3.26	3.98	3.45	4.13	3.38
	32	3.05	3.05	3.24	3.03	3.50	3.27	3.62	3.26	3.70	3.24	3.91	3.43	4.06	3.36
	34	2.95	2.95	3.14	3.00	3.41	3.24	3.54	3.23	3.62	3.21	3.84	3.40	4.00	3.34
	35	2.91	2.91	3.10	2.98	3.37	3.23	3.50	3.22	3.58	3.20	3.80	3.39	3.96	3.33
	36	2.86	2.86	3.05	2.96	3.33	3.21	3.46	3.20	3.54	3.18	3.76	3.38	3.92	3.32
	38	2.76	2.76	2.95	2.91	3.24	3.18	3.38	3.18	3.46	3.15	3.69	3.36	3.85	3.30
	39	2.71	2.71	2.90	2.89	3.20	3.16	3.33	3.16	3.42	3.14	3.65	3.34	3.81	3.29

Air fow	outdoor air temp.	indoor air temp									
		16°CDB	18°CDB	20°CDB	22°CDB	24°CDB					
	-15°CWB	2.65	2.59	2.53	2.48	2.42					
	-10°CWB	2.99	2.94	2.90	2.83	2.77					
	−5°CWB	3.24	3.20	3.13	3.10	3.05					
Hi	0°CWB	3.40	3.35	3.29	3.25	3.20					
14.0	5°CWB	4.33	4.28	4.26	4.17	4.11					
(m³/min)	6°CWB	4.40	4.35	4.30	4.25	4.19					
	10°CWB	4.68	4.63	4.60	4.54	4.49					
	15°CWB	5.09	5.04	5.01	4.95	4.91					
	20°CWB	5.47	5.42	5.40	5.34	5.29					

Heat Mode

Model	SRK50	ZIX	-S	Co	ol Mode												Heat Mode					
							I	ndoor a	air temp	D									in	door air ter	200	
Air flow	Outdoor	21°C	DB	23°0	CDB	26°C	DB	27°0	DB	28°C	CDB	31°0	DDB	33°0	CDB	Air flow	outdoor air temp.					
Все ка	талоги	ии	нст	грун	спин	и зд	есь:	https://s	plitsyste	ma48.ru	/instrukc	ii-po-eks	pluataci	i-kondici	onerov.htm	1				1	22°CDB	24°CD
				ľJ	'															_	3.45	3.38
	10	5.50	4.00	5.00	4.45	0.00	1.00	0.44	4.00	0.05	4.40	0.44	4.07	0.00	445	1		L	1		3.95	3.86
	12	5.53	4.22	5.80	4.15	6.03		6.14	4.23	6.25	4.18		4.27	6.62	4.15		-5°CWB	4.52	4.46	4.37	4.32	4.25
	14	5.43	4.17	5.70	4.10	5.94	4.25	6.05	4.20	6.16	4.14	6.37	4.25	6.55	4.12	Hi	0°CWB	4.74	4.67	4.59	4.54	4.47
	16	5.32	4.11	5.59	4.05	5.85	4.21	5.96	4.16	6.08	4.10	6.29	4.22	6.48	4.10	16.5	5°CWB	6.04	5.97	5.94	5.82	5.74
	18	5.21	4.05	5.48	3.99	5.75	4.16	5.88	4.12	5.99	4.07	6.21	4.19	6.41	4.08	(m <sup>3</sup> /min)	6°CWB	6.14	6.07	6.00	5.92	5.85
	20	5.10	3.99	5.37	3.94	5.65	4.12	5.78	4.08	5.90	4.03	6.13	4.16	6.33	4.05		10°CWB	6.52	6.46	6.42	6.34	6.27
	22	4.98	3.93	5.25	3.89	5.55	4.07	5.69	4.04	5.80	3.99	6.05	4.13	6.25	4.02		15°CWB	7.10	7.04	6.99	6.91	6.85
Hi	24	4.86	3.87	5.14	3.83	5.45	4.03	5.59	4.00	5.71	3.95	5.96	4.10	6.17	3.99		20°CWB	7.63	7.57	7.53	7.45	7.39
13.5	26	4.74	3.81	5.01	3.77	5.34	3.98	5.49	3.95	5.61	3.91	5.87	4.07	6.08	3.97							
(m³/min)	28	4.61	3.75	4.89	3.71	5.23	3.93	5.39	3.91	5.50	3.87	5.78	4.03	5.99	3.93							
	30	4.49	3.68	4.76	3.65	5.11	3.88	5.28	3.86	5.40	3.82	5.68	3.99	5.90	3.90							
	32	4.35	3.62	4.63	3.59	5.00	3.83	5.17	3.82	5.29	3.78	5.58	3.96	5.81	3.87							
	34	4.22	3.55	4.49	3.53	4.88	3.78	5.06	3.78	5.18	3.74	5.48	3.92	5.71	3.83							
	35	4.15	3.52	4.42	3.50	4.82	3.75	5.00	3.75	5.12	3.71	5.43	3.91	5.66	3.82							
	36	4.08	3.48	4.35	3.45	4.76	3.73	4.94	3.72	5.06	3.69	5.37	3.88	5.61	3.80							
	38	3.94	3.41	4.21	3.39	4.63	3.67	4.82	3.68	4.94	3.65	5.27	3.85	5.50	3.77							
	39	3.87	3.38	4.14	3.36	4.57	3.65	4.76	3.65	4.88	3.62	5.21	3.83	5.45	3.75							

Model	SRK60ZIX-S	Cool Mode
-------	------------	-----------

							-	ndoor a	air temp	0					
Air flow	Outdoor air temp.	21°0 14°0	CDB CWB	23°0 16°0	CDB CWB		CDB CWB	27°0 19°0		28°0 20°0			CDB CWB		CDB CWB
		TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
	10	6.76	4.98	7.08	4.90	7.34	5.03	7.46	4.96	7.59	4.88	7.81	4.98	8.02	4.81
	12	6.64	4.92	6.96	4.84	7.23	4.98	7.36	4.91	7.49	4.84	7.73	4.94	7.94	4.78
	14	6.51	4.84	6.83	4.78	7.13	4.93	7.26	4.87	7.40	4.80	7.64	4.91	7.86	4.75
	16	6.38	4.78	6.71	4.70	7.01	4.87	7.16	4.82	7.29	4.75	7.55	4.87	7.78	4.72
	18	6.25	4.71	6.58	4.64	6.90	4.82	7.05	4.76	7.19	4.71	7.46	4.83	7.69	4.68
	20	6.12	4.64	6.44	4.57	6.78	4.75	6.94	4.71	7.08	4.65	7.36	4.79	7.60	4.65
	22	5.98	4.56	6.30	4.51	6.66	4.70	6.83	4.66	6.97	4.60	7.26	4.75	7.50	4.60
Hi	24	5.83	4.48	6.16	4.44	6.53	4.65	6.71	4.61	6.85	4.56	7.15	4.72	7.40	4.57
14.5	26	5.69	4.41	6.02	4.36	6.41	4.59	6.59	4.56	6.73	4.51	7.04	4.65	7.30	4.53
(m <sup>3</sup> /min)	28	5.54	4.33	5.87	4.29	6.27	4.53	6.46	4.51	6.60	4.46	6.93	4.61	7.19	4.50
	30	5.38	4.25	5.71	4.22	6.14	4.47	6.33	4.45	6.48	4.40	6.82	4.57	7.08	4.46
	32	5.23	4.18	5.55	4.14	6.00	4.41	6.20	4.39	6.35	4.35	6.70	4.53	6.97	4.42
	34	5.06	4.09	5.39	4.06	5.85	4.34	6.07	4.34	6.21	4.29	6.57	4.49	6.85	4.39
	35	4.98	4.05	5.31	4.03	5.78	4.31	6.00	4.31	6.14	4.27	6.51	4.47	6.79	4.37
	36	4.90	4.01	5.22	3.99	5.71	4.28	5.93	4.28	6.07	4.24	6.45	4.44	6.73	4.34
	38	4.73	3.93	5.05	3.91	5.56	4.21	5.79	4.22	5.93	4.18	6.32	4.39	6.60	4.30
	39	4.65	3.88	4.97	3.87	5.48	4.18	5.72	4.18	5.86	4.15	6.25	4.37	6.54	4.28

Indoor air tomp

	Heat Mode										
Air flow	outdoor air temp.										
		16°CDB	18°CDB	20°CDB	22°CDB	24°CDB					
	-15°CWB	4.18	4.09	4.00	3.92	3.83					
	-10°CWB	4.73	4.65	4.59	4.47	4.38					
	-5°CWB	5.13	5.05	4.95	4.90	4.82					
Hi	0°CWB	5.38	5.30	5.20	5.14	5.07					
17.0	5°CWB	6.85	6.77	6.73	6.60	6.51					
(m³/min)	6°CWB	6.96	6.88	6.80	6.71	6.63					
	10°CWB	7.39	7.32	7.28	7.18	7.11					
	15°CWB	8.05	7.98	7.92	7.83	7.76					
	20°CWB	8.65	8.58	8.54	8.44	8.37					

# 1.5 Application data 1.5.1 Installation of indoor unit

RKY012A007 This instruction manual illustrates the method of installing an indoor unit.

For electrical wiring work, please see instructions set out on the backside. For outdoor unit installation and refrigerant piping, please refer to the installation manual that comes with your outdoor unit.

A wired remote control unit is supplied separately as an optional part.

### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

• For installing qualified personnel, take precautions in respect to themselves by using suitable protective clothing, groves, etc., and then perform the installation works.

• Though the precautionary points indicated herein are divided under two headings. WARNING and CAUTION, those points which are related to the strong possibility of an installation done in error resulting in death, serious injury or environmental pollution are listed in the WARNING section. However, there is also a possibility of an installation done in error resulting in death, serious injury or environmental pollution are listed in the WARNING section. However, there is also a possibility of serious consequences in relationship to the points listed in the CAUTION section as well. In either case, important safety related information is indicated, so by all means, properly observe all that is mentioned.

Please pay attention not to fall down the tools, etc. when installing the unit at the high position.

• Please read these "Safety Precautions" first then accurately execute the installation work.

•	If unusual noise can be heard during operation, consult the dealer.	
	After completing the installation, along with confirming that no abnormalities were seen from the operation tests. Please explain operating methods as well as maintenance me	ethods to the user (customer) of this equipment, based on the user's manual. Moreover, ask the customer to keep this sheet together with the user's manual.

	\land WARNING	▲ CAUTION	
•	<ul> <li>To disconnect the appliance from the mains supply this appliance must be connected to the mains by means of a circuit breaker or a switch (use a recognized 16A) with a contact separation of at least 3mm.</li> <li>The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.</li> <li>When a plug is connected to the power cord, a plug conforming to the IEC60884-1 standard must be used.</li> <li>This system should be applied to places as households, residences and the like. Application to inferior environment such as engineering shop could cause equipment mafunction.</li> <li>Please entrust installation to either the company which sold you the equipment or to a professional contractor. Defects from improper installations can be the cause of water leakage, electric shocks and fires.</li> <li>Execute the installation accurately, based on following the installation manual. Again, improper installations can result in water leakage, electric shocks and fires.</li> <li>For electrical work, please see that a licensed electrician executes the work while following the safety standards related to electrical equipment, and local regulations as well as the installation instructions, and that only exclusive use circuits are used.</li> <li>Accurately connect wiring using the proper cable, and insure that the external force of the cable is not conducted to the terminal connection part, through properly securing it. Improper connection or securing can result in heat generation or fire.</li> <li>Akcurately connect wiring using the proper cable, and insure that the external force of the cable is not conducted to the terminal connection part, through properly securing it. Improper connection or securing can result in heat generation or fire.</li> <li>Akcurately connect wiring using the proper cable, and insure that the external force of the cable is not conducted to the terminal connection or fire.</li> <li>Akcurately connect wiring and authorized parts for installation construction. Using parts not autho</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Please avoid installing this unit in the locations where oil splashes and moisture are abundant (e.g., kitchens, mechaniar is likely to flow in. These locations may cause corrosion and lower performance of the heat exchanger and cause of the enter are possibilities of gas accumulation or where a volatile inflammable material is handled. These locations with corrosive gases (kuch as suffurous acid gas), inflammable gases (where there are possibilities of gas accumulation or where a volatile inflammable material is handled. These locations with corrosive gases (kuch as suffurous acid gas), inflammable gase (where there are possibilities of gas accumulation or where a volatile inflammable material is handled. These locations is exchanger and damage to plastic parts. Also, the inflammable gase (coastal area). Installation in sur of exterior panels and the heat exchanger.</li> <li>Do not place the remote control at locations that receives direct sunlight. This may cause malfunction and deformation exterior gaveling operation near this unit and take where eassary precutions to prevent spatters from weiding, etc., if hit the unit, can damage (pinhole) its drain pan and other components and cause a weile performing a welding operation near this unit and take meessary precutions to prevent spatters from entering this unit in exter leakage to interior items.</li> <li>The installation of an earth leakage breaker is necessary depending on the established location of the unit. Not installitine result in electric shock.</li> <li>When perform the air conditioner operation (cooling or drying operation) in which ventilator is installad in the room. Inspe into Therefore, set up the opening port the room lapse into negative pressure status due to register of the Secure the regulated space for inspection and maintenance</li> <li>When perform the air conditioner operation (cooling or drying operation) in which ventilator is installation fore ex addition, just as above, so set up the opening port thre ro</li></ul>	image to plastic parts. uch as thinner, gasoline) and areas an cause corrosion to the heat ent or equipment generating pration. h a place may result in the corrosion leak. Care must be taken in ent condensation. Inadequate g an earth leakage breaker may its case, using the air conditioner in the negative pressure status. mple; Open the door a little). In wind for the high rise apartment etc. e location with rooftop or altitude. dropping and household wetting etc.
$\oslash$	Do not put the drain pipe directly into the ditch where toxic gas such as sulfur is generated. Toxic gas would flow into the room. Also, this may cause corrosion of indoor unit, and malfunction or refrigerant leakage. Be sure to bring back the packing material, form polystyrene, band and viny back etc., of the indoor and/or outdoor units after complete the installation work, and then implement appropriate measures such as breaking them. When setting up or moving the location of the air conditioner, do not mix air etc. or anything other than the designated refrigerant (R410A) within the refrigeration cycle. Rupture and injury caused by abnormal high pressure can result from such mixing. Do not processing, splice the power cord, or share a socket with other power plugs. This may cause fire or electric shock due to defecting contact, defecting insulation and over-current etc. Do not processing or processing for the power cord. Or, do not deforming the power plug due to tread it This may cause fire or heating. Do not vent R410A into the atomosphere:R410A is a fluor inated greenhouse gas. covered by the Kyoto Protocol with a Groval Warming Potential (GWP) =1975	Strictly prohibited       Observe instructions with great care       Image: Construction of the structure of t	
9	<ul> <li>Execute proper grounding. Do not connect the ground wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod or a telephone ground wire. Improper placement of ground wires can result in electric shock.</li> </ul>		

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#### **BEFORE INSTALLATION**

O Before installation check that the power supply matches the air conditioner

S	tandard accessories (Installation kit) Accessories for indoor unit	Q'ty
1	Installation board (Attached to the rear of the indoor unit)	1
2	Wireless remote control	1
3	Remote control holder	1
4	Tapping screws (for installation board 4dia. by 25mm)	4
5	Wood screw (for remote control switch holder 3.5(mm). by 16mm)	2
6	Battery [R03(AAA,Micro) 1.5V]	2
1	Air-cleaning filters	2
8	Filter holders (Attached to the front panel of indoor unit)	2
9	Insulation (#486 50 x 100 t3)	1

Option parts		Q'ty
a	Sealing plate	1
<b>b</b>	Sleeve	1
C	Inclination plate	1
Ø	Putty	1
e	Drain hose (extention hose)	1
Ð	Piping cover (for insulation of connection piping)	1

	Necessary tools for the installation work	
1	Plus headed driver	
2	Knife	
3	Saw	
4	Tape measure	
5	Hammer	
6	Spanner wrench	
7	Torque wrench $\begin{pmatrix} 14.0 \sim 61.0 \text{N} \cdot \text{m} \\ (1.4 \sim 6.1 \text{kgf} \cdot \text{m}) \end{pmatrix}$	
8	Hole core drill (65mm in diameter)	
9	Wrench key (Hexagon) [4m/m]	
10	Flaring tool set (Designed specifically for R410A	
11	Gas leak detector (Designed specifically for R410A)	
12	Gauge for projection adjustment (Used when flare is made by using) conventional flare tool	
13	Pipe bender	

#### SELECTION OF INSTALLATION LOCATION (Install at location that meets the following conditions, after getting approval from the customer) Indoor unit 6.5 cm minimum from the ceiling O Where there is no obstructions to the air flow and where the cooled and heated air can be evenly distributed. A solid place where the unit or the wall will not vibrate. A place where there will be enough space for servicing. (Where space mentioned below can be secured) O Where wiring and the piping work will be easy to conduct. O The place where receiving part is not exposed to the direct rays of the sun or the strong rays of the street lighting. O A place where it can be easily drained. 1 Installation board A place where it can be easily dualicut. A place separated at least 1 m away from the television or the radio. (To prevent interference to images and sounds.) Places where this unit is not affected by the high frequency equipment or electric equipment. from the wall Avoid installing this unit in place where there is much oil mist. Places where there is no electric equipment or household under the installing unit. Wireless remote control A place where the air conditioner can be received the signal surely during operating the wireless remote control. Places where there is no affected by the TV and radio etc. Do not place where exposed to direct surgifiely of are heat devices such as a stove. INSTALLATION OF INDOOR UNIT Sleev Installation of Installation board (sold separately) Turnet OAdjustment of the installation board in the horizontal Look for the inside wall structures (Intersediats support or pillar and finally direction is to be conducted with four screws in a temporary (2) Wireless remote control install the unit after level surface has been checked.) tightened state e Co (3) Remote control holde Standard hole Level position (2 locations) (5) Wood scre Mating mark fo (On) level surface OAdjust so the board will be level by turning the board with the standard hole as the center. Fixing on concrete wall Use of nut anchor Use of bolt anchor Relation between setting plate and indoor unit Rol Nut L Ļ (M6×12 (M6) INSTALLATION SPACE (INDOOR UNIT)(FRONT VIEW) Bce - Èt Mounting Snace for Snace for hoard , service Installation hoard service Mounting Max.10 board 120 650 120 каталоги 220 450 (Drilling of holes and fixture of sleeve (Option parts) When drilling the wall that contains a metal lath, wire lath or metal plate, be sure to use pipe hole sleeve sold separately. Indoor side Outdoor side <u>اللال</u> Turn to \ 5 10))))) Z tiahten \$65 ₿ 54 инструкции Thicknese of the wall + 1.5cm Indoor side Outdoor side installed state Drain hose (ø16) 520.8 O Drill a hole with whole core drill. O In case of rear piping draw out, cut off the lower Piping for Gas 491.1 and the right side portions of the sleeve collar. Piping for Liquid (20 to 60 type) : ø6.35 Piping for Gas (20 to 35 type) : ø9.52 (50 to 60 type) : ø12.7 Piping for Liquid 559.1 • Matters of special notice when piping from left or central/rear of tha unit. Installing the support of piping Piping hole (ø65) Piping hole (ø65) [Top view] In case of piping in the right rear direction Right-hand-side piping Left-hand-side piping Piping in the left rear direction Shaping of pipings Taping of the exterior Piping in the right rear direction . здесь: Pipina Piping is possible in the rear, I left rear, left downward, right of L & Piping in the left direction Piping in the right direction downward direction. https:/ Drain hose [Drain hose changing procedures] O Hold the bottom of the O Tape only the portion piping and fix direction that goes through the . Remove the drain hose. 2. Remove the drain cap. 3. Insert the drain cap. 4 Connect the drain hose before stretching it and wall O Always tape the wiring shaping it. with the piping. 0 0 Rear J

O Remove the screw and drain hose, making it O Remove it with hand or O Insert the drain cap which was removed O Insert the drain hose securely, at procedure "2" securely using a making rotate. And install the at procedure "2" securely using a hexagonal wrench etc.

Note: Be careful that If it is not Inserted securely, water leakage may occur.

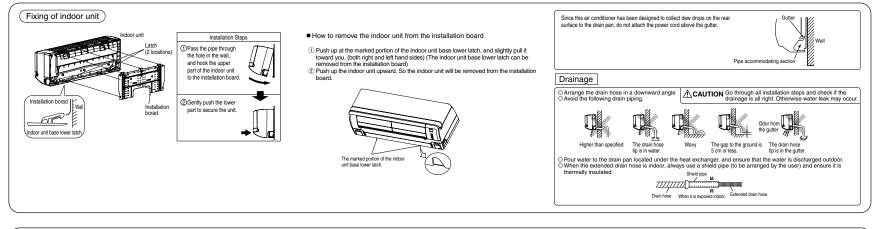
screv

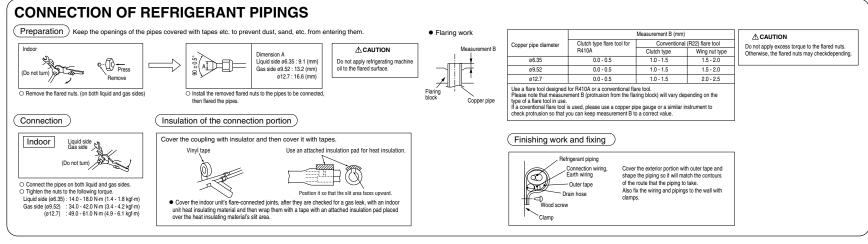
Note: Be careful that If it is not

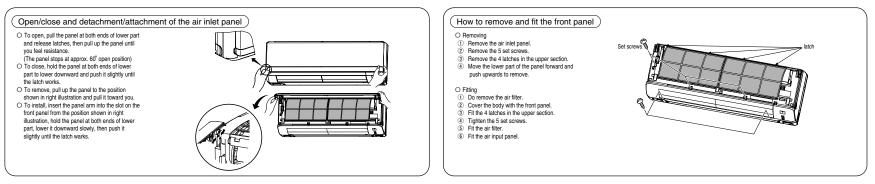
Inserted securely, water leakage may occur.

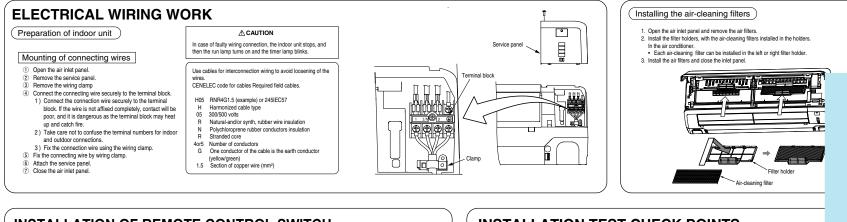
rotate.

Downward Left re Left downw









# INSTALLATION OF REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH

HOW TO RELOCATE OR DISPOSE OF THE UNIT

#### Mounting method of battery

Fixing to pillar or wall OUncover the wireless remote control, and mount the batteries OConventionally, operate the remote control switch by holding in your hand.

Forced cooling operation

[R03(AAA,Micro),×2 pieces] in the body regularly. (Fit the poles with the indication marks. ⊕ & ⊖ without fall)





OAvoid installing it on a clay wall etc.



### INSTALLATION TEST CHECK POINTS

Check the following points again after completion of the installation, and before turning on the power. Conduct a test run again and ensure that the unit operative of the installation of At the same time, explain to the customer how to use the unit and how to take care of the unit following the user's manual.

#### After installation

- The power supply voltage is correct as the rating.
- No gas leaks from the joints of the operational valve. Power cables and crossover wires are securely fixed to the terminal board.
- Operational valve is fully open.

The pipe joints for indoor and outdoor pipes have been insulated.

#### Test run

- Air conditioning operation is normal.
  - No abnormal noise. . Water drains smoothly
- Protective functions are not working.
- The remote control is normal

Operation of the unit has been explained to the customer. (Three-minutes restart preventive timer) When the air conditioner is restarted or when changing the operation, will not start operating for approximately 3 minutes. This is to protect the unit and it is not a malfunction.

# CONCERNING TERMINAL CONNECTION FOR AN INTERF

(1) Remove the front panel and lid of control.

(2) There is a terminal (respectively marked with CNS) for the indoor control board. In connecting an interface, connect to the respective terminal securely with the connection harness supplied with an optional "Interface connection kit SC-BIKN-E" and fasten the connection harness onto the indoor control box with the clamp supplied with the kit.

For more details, please refer to the user's manual of your "Interface connection kit SC-BIKN-E".

#### O Pump down is the method of recovering refrigerant from the indoor unit to the Turn on a power supply again after a while after turn off a power supply. outdoor unit when the pipes are removed from the unit.

O In order to protect the environment, be sure to pump down (recovery of refrigerant).

<How to pump down>

1

- ① Connect charge hose to service port of outdoor unit. 2 Liquid side : Close the liquid valve with hexagon wrench key. Gas side : Fully open the gas valve Carry out cooling operation . (If indoor temperature is low, operate
- forced cooling operation.) After low pressure gauge become 0.01MPa, stop cooling operation
- and close the gas valve.



Unit ON/OFF button

# 1.5.2 Installation of outdoor unit

Models SRC20ZIX-S, 25ZIX-S, 35ZIX-S

## Check before installation work

- Model name and power source
- Refrigerant piping length
- Piping, wiring and miscellaneous small parts
- Indoor unit installation manual

	Accessories for outdoor unit		
1	Gromet (Heat pump type only)	1	
2	Drain elbow (Heat pump type only)	1	

Option parts		
a	Sealing plate	1
b	Sleeve	1
©	Inclination plate	1
d	Putty	1
e	Drain hose (extention hose)	1
ſ	Piping cover (for insulation of connection piping)	1

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© This installation manual deals with outdoor units and general installation specifications only. For indoor units, refer to the respective installation manuals supplied with the units.

©Read this manual carefully before you set to installation work and carry it out according to the instructions contained in this manual.

# **PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFETY**

- When installing the equipment, carefully read the Precautions for safety and make sure that safety is maintained.
- The safety items contain important information regarding safety. Be sure to follow them. The symbols used and their meanings are as follows.

▲ WARNING : Improper installation could result in serious accident causing death, serious injury or environmental pollution.

CAUTION : Improper installation could result in serious accident.

- After installation, along with confirming that no abnormalities were seen from the operation test. Explain operating methods as well as maintenance methods to the user of this equipment, based on the owner's manual.
- Ask the customer to keep this manual together with the operation manual.
- In installing the unit, you must also take thorough safety precautions to protect your person. A failure to observe any safety instruction listed under " 🛆 Caution" can also result in a serious consequence depending on the circumstances.
- Please observe all these instructions, because they include important points concerning safety.
- The meanings of "Marks" used here are as follows:





Always do it according to the instruction.

• Beware of danger from a dropped tool or the like in installing the unit in an elevated position.

When the air conditioning unit makes abnormal sounds in operation, consult with your dealer.

# RWC012A030

### Model 20 · 25 · 35

Designed for R410A refrigerant

	Necessary tools for the installation work		
1	Plus headed driver		
2	Knife		
3	Saw		
4	Tape measure		
5	Hammer		
6	Spanner wrench		
7	Torque wrench (14.0~ 62.0N · m (1.4 ~ 6.2kgf · m))		
8	Hole core drill (65mm in diameter)		
9	Wrench key (Hexagon) [ 4 m/m]		
10	Vacuum pump		
11	Vacuum pump adapter (Anti-reverse flow type) (Designed specifically for R410A)		
12	Gauge manifold (Designed specifically for R410A)		
13	Charge hose (Designed specifically for R410A)		
14	Flaring tool set (Designed specifically for R410A)		
15	Gas leak detector (Designed specifically for R410A)		
16	Gauge for projection adjustment (Used when flare is made by using conventional flare tool)		

<u>∧</u> WARNING	
<ul> <li>To disconnect the appliance from the mains supply this appliance must be connected to the mains by means of a circuit breaker or a switch.</li> <li>The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wring regulations.</li> <li>The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wring regulations.</li> <li>Asky system should be applied to places as households, residences and the like. Application to inferior environment such as engineering shop could cause equipment malfunction.</li> <li>Asky system should be applied to places as households, residences and the like. Application to inferior environment such as engineering shop could cause equipment malfunction.</li> <li>Asky system of powr below profery according to this installation manual. Improper installation work can result in a water lask detrict shock or fle.</li> <li>Aways thin of powr below prove with sholds.</li> <li>Astallino work can result in a water lask detrict shock.</li> <li>Astallino work can result in a water lask detrict shock.</li> <li>Astallino work must be performed according to the installation can result in a water lask detrict shock.</li> <li>Astallino work must be performed according to the installation can cause an electrical shock or fle.</li> <li>Astallino work must be performed according to the installation can cause an electrical shock or fle.</li> <li>Astallino work must be reading to the installation can chause an interredite connection or standed wrie for this purpose. The application of a cluster on its should be reading to the installation can cause an electrical shock or fle.</li> <li>Astage connection fasting the terminal block may not be subject to extran fore working through cables.</li> <li>Astage connection fasting the terminal block may not be subject to extran fore working through cables.</li> <li>Astage connection fasting the terminal connections are an iterating the connection or stranded wrie for this purpose. The opposed by</li></ul>	<ul> <li>A lake sufficient care so that you may not incur injury from heat exchanger fins, pipe flares and screws during work.</li> <li>Install drain piping according to the installation manual to ensure good drainage, and give it heat insulation to prevent condensation. Improper installation can result in a flood of water in the room and soaked household effects.</li> <li>When the unit is installed in a humid or damp place, the installation of an earth leakage breaker is essential. A failure to install an earth leakage breaker can cause an electric shock.</li> <li>When the air conditioning system is installed in a room equipped with a ventilating fan and it is used (for a cooling or dehumidifying operation) simultaneously with the ventilating fan, the room may have a negative air pressure relative to the exterior, which can cause a reverse flow of drain water. Make sure that the room has an opening that allows the influw of as much air as discharged by the ventilation fan. (For example, open the door a little) Similary, provide an adequate opening, if a room has an egative air pressure relative, provide an adequate opening, if a room has a negative air pressure relative to the exterior due to the effect of winds in a high-rise condominium building or the like.</li> <li>Secure a service space for inspection and maintenance as specified in the manual. An insufficient service space for inspection and to fop or in an elevated position, provide permanent ladders and handrails along the access path and flences or handrails surrounding the outdoor unit.</li> <li>Dress the refrigerant piping with a heat insulation material to prevent condensation. Improper heat insulation given to refrigerant piping for condensation prevention can result in leaking or dripping water soaking household effects.</li> <li>In removing packaging materials, take sufficient care so as not to damage the contents or incur injury from such work.</li> <li>Do not install the uutin tin the place where a risk of infla</li></ul>
Do not connect the grounding wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod, or telephone ground wire. If a defect is in a ground, it will become a cause of an electric shock at the time of failure or a short circuit.	

#### Notabilia as a unit designed for R410A

- Do not use any refrigerant other than R410A. R410A will rise to pressure about 1.6 times higher than that of a conventional refrigerant. A cylinder containing R410A has a pink indication mark on the top.
- A unit designed for R410A has adopted a different size indoor unit operation valve charge port and a different size check joint provided in the unit to prevent the charging of a wrong refrigerant by mistake. The processed dimension of the flared part of a refrigerant pipe and a flare nut's parallel side measurement have also been altered to raise strength against pressure. Accordingly, you are required to arrange dedicated R410A tools listed in the table on the right before installing or servicing this unit.
- Do not use a charge cylinder. The use of a charge cylinder will cause the refrigerant composition to change, which results in performance degradation.
- In charging refrigerant, always take it out from a cylinder in the liquid phase.
- All indoor units must be models designed exclusively for R410A. Check connectable indoor unit models in a catalog, etc. (A wrong indoor unit, if connected into the system, will impair proper system operation)

# 1. HAULAGE AND INSTALLATION (Take particular care in carrying in or moving the unit, and always perform such an operation with two or more persons

When a unit is hoisted with slings for haulage, take into consideration the offset of its gravity center position. If not properly balanced, the unit can be thrown off-balance and fall,

#### 1) Deliverv

• Deliver the unit as close as possible to the installation site before removing it from the packaging. • When you have to unpack the unit for a compelling reason before you haul it to the

installation point, hoist the unit with nylon slings or ropes and protection pads so that

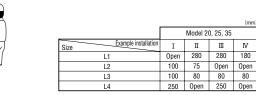


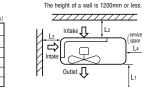
- 4) Installation space
  - Walls surrounding the unit in the four sides are not acceptable.
  - There must be a 1-meter or larger space in the above.
  - When more than one unit are installed side by side, provide a 250mm or wider interval between them as a service space. In order to facilitate servicing of controllers, please provide a sufficient space between units so that their top plates can be removed easily.
  - Where a danger of short-circuiting exists, install guide louvers.
  - When more than one unit are installed, provide sufficient intake space consciously so that short-circuiting may not occur.

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• Where piling snow can bury the outdoor unit, provide proper snow guards.

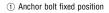






здесь:

### 5) Installation



(2) Notabilia for installation

180

Open

Все каталоги и инструкции 111 510 , , , , Intake Fasten with holts (M10-12) 8 51. https:// Use a long block to Use a thicker block to anchor deepe \_\_\_\_Outlet extend the width

• In installing the unit, fix the unit's leas with bolts specified on the left.

- The protrusion of an anchor bolt on the front side must be kept within 15 mm.
- Securely install the unit so that it does not fall over during earthquakes or strong winds, etc.
- Refer to the above illustrations for information regarding concrete foundations.
- Install the unit in a level area. (With a gradient of 5 mm or less.)
- Improper installation can result in a compressor failure, broken piping within the unit and abnormal noise generation.

2) Portage

you may not damage the unit.

• The right hand side of the unit as viewed from the front (diffuser side) is heavier. A person carrying the right hand side must take heed of this fact. A person carrying the left hand side must hold with his right hand the handle provided on the front panel of the unit and with his left hand the corner column section.

### 3) Selecting the installation location

- Be careful of the following conditions and choose an installation place.
- Where air is not trapped.
- Where the installation fittings can be firmly installed.
- Where wind does not hinder the intake and outlet pipes.
- Out of the heat range of other heat sources.
- O A place where stringent regulation of electric noises is applicable.
- O Where it is safe for the drain water to be discharged.
- O Where noise and hot air will not bother neighboring residents.
- Where snow will not accumulate.
- Where strong winds will not blow against the outlet pipe.
- A place where no TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m.
- (If electrical interference is caused, seek a place less likely to cause the problem)
- If a operation is conducted when the outdoor air temperature is -5°C lower, the outdoor unit should be installed at a place where it is not influenced by natural wind.
- O Where it is likely that the unit is subjected to strong winds, provide wind guards according to the following guidelines. Strong winds can cause performance degradation, an accidental stop due to a rise of high pressure and a broken fan.

1. Place the unit outlet pipe perpendicular to the wind direction.





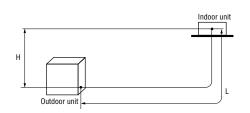
# 2. REFRIGERANT PIPING WORK

#### 1) Restrictions on unit installation and use

• Check the following points in light of the indoor unit specifications and the installation site.

• Observe the following restrictions on unit installation and use. Improper installation can result in a compressor failure or performance degradation. • Additional refrigerant charge is not required at all.

Restrictions		Dimensional restrictions	Marks appearing in the drawing on the right
Main pipe length		15m or less	L
Elevation difference between	When the outdoor unit is positioned higher,	10m or less	Н
indoor and outdoor units	When the outdoor unit is positioned lower,	10m or less	н



• The use restrictions appearing in the table above are applicable to the standard pipe size combinations shown in the table below. 

### 2) Determination of pipe size

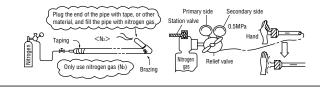
• Determine refrigerant pipe size pursuant to the following guidelines based on the indoor unit specifications.

	Model 20, 25, 35	
	Gas pipe	Liquid pipe
Outdoor unit connected	φ 9.52 Flare	ф 6.35 Flare
Refrigerant piping (branch pipeL)	φ9.52	φ6.35
Indoor unit connected	φ 9.52	φ6.35

#### When pipe is brazing.



Without nitrogen gas, a large quantity of foreign matters (oxidized film) are created, causing a critical failure from capillary tube or expansion valve clogging.



#### 3) Refrigerant pipe wall thickness and material

• Select refrigerant pipes of the table shown on the right wall thickness and material as specified for each pipe size.

NOTE • Select pipes having a wall thickness larger than the specified minimum pipe thickness.

Pipe diameter [mm]	6.35	9.52
Minimum pipe wall thickness [mm]	0.8	0.8
Pipe material*	O-type pipe	O-type pipe

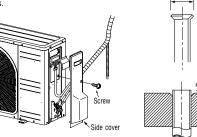
\*Phosphorus deoxidized seamless copper pipe ICS 23.040.15, ICS 77.150.30

### 4) On-site piping work

Take care so that installed pipes may not touch components within a unit. IMPORTANT lake care so that instance pipes may not could composite abnormal sounds and/or vibrations.

How to remove the side cover | Please remove the screw of a side cover and remove to the front.

- Carry out the on site piping work with the operation valve fully closed.
- Give sufficient protection to a pipe end (compressed and blazed, or with an adhesive tape) so Bend a pipe to a radius as large as practical.(R100~R150) Do not bend a pipe repeatedly to correct
- its form.
- Flare connection is used between the unit and refrigerant pipe. Flare a pipe after engaging a flare nut onto it. Flare dimensions for R410A are different from those for conventional R407C. Although we recommend the use of flaring tools designed specifically for R410A, conventional flaring tools can also be used by adjusting the measurement of protrusion B with a protrusion control gauge.



Copper pipe outer diameter	A $_{-0.4}^{0}$
φ6.35	9.1
φ9.52	13.2

	protrusion for flaring : B (mm)
Copper pipe outer	In the case of a rigid (clutch) t

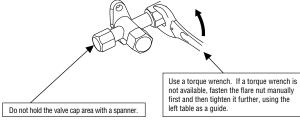
Copper pipe outer	In the case of a rigid (clutch) type		
diameter	With an R410A tool	With a conventional tool	
φ6.35	0.05	10.15	
φ9.52	0~0.5	1.0~1.5	

Tighten a flare joint securely with a double spanner.

#### $\bigwedge$ CAUTION Do not apply force beyond proper fastening torque in tightening the flare nut.

Fix both liquid and gas service valves at the valve main bodies as illustrated on the right, and then fasten them, applying appropriate fastening torque.

Operation valve size (mm)	Tightening torque (N-m)	Tightening angle (°)	Recommended length of a tool handle (mm)
φ6.35 (1/4")	14~18	45~60	150
φ9.52 (3/8")	34~42	30~45	200



Gas side

 $\bigcirc$ 

Check joint

operation valve

Indoor unit

### 5) Air tightness test

① Although outdoor and indoor units themselves have been tested for air tightness at the factory, check the connecting pipes after the installation work for air tightness from the operation valve's check joint equipped on the outdoor unit side. While conducting a test, keep the operation valve shut all the time.

- a) Raise the pressure to 0.5 MPa, and then stop. Leave it for five minutes to see if the pressure drops.
- b) Then raise the pressure to 1.5 MPa, and stop. Leave it for five more minutes to see if the pressure drops.
- c) Then raise the pressure to the specified level (4.15 MPa), and record the ambient temperature and the pressure.
- d) If no pressure drop is observed with an installation pressurized to the specified level and left for about one day, it is acceptable. When the ambient Temperature fall 1°C, the pressure also fall approximately 0.01 MPa. The pressure, if changed, should be compensated for.
- e) If a pressure drop is observed in checking e) and a) d), a leak exists somewhere. Find a leak by applying bubble test liquid to welded parts and flare joints and repair it. After repair, conduct an air-tightness test again.
- ② In conducting an air-tightness test, use nitrogen gas and pressurize the system with nitrogen gas from the gas side. Do not use a medium other than nitrogen gas under any circumstances.

#### 6) Evacuation <Work flow> Airtighteness test completed Vacuuming begins When the system has remaining moisture Run the vacuum pump for at least one hour after the vacuum gauge shows -101kPa or lower. (-755mmHg or lower) inside or a leaky point, the vacuum gauge indicator will rise. Vacuuming completed Check the system for a leaky point and Confirm that the vacuum gauge indicator does not rise even if then draw air to create a vacuum again. the system is left for one hour or more. Vacuum gauge check Fill refrigerant

# Pay attention to the following points in addition to the above for the R410A and compatible machines.

Outdoor unit

- To prevent a different oil from entering, assign dedicated tools, etc. to each refrigerant type. Under no circumstances must a gauge manifold and a charge hose in particular be shared with other refrigerant types (R22, R407C, etc.).
- $\odot$  Use a counterflow prevention adapter to prevent vacuum pump oil from entering the refrigerant system.

Band (accessory

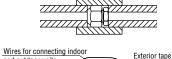
Все каталоги и инструкции здесь:

https://

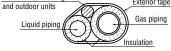
7) Heating and condensation prevention

- Dress refrigerant pipes (both gas and liquid pipes) for heat insulation and prevention of dew condensation.
   Improper heat insulation/anti-dew dressing can result in a water leak or dripping causing damage to household effects, etc.
- deterioration. - All gas pipes must be securely heat insulated in order to prevent damage from dripping water that comes from the condensation formed on them during a cooling operation
- All gas bipes must be securely heat insulated in order to prevent damage from dripping water that comes from the condensation formed on them during a cooling operation or personal injury from burns because their surface can reach quite a high temperature due to discharged gas flowing inside during a heating operation.
   Wrap indoor units' flare joints with heat insulating parts (pipe cover) for heat insulation (both gas and liquid pipes).
- Give heat insulation to both gas and liquid side pipes. Bundle a heat insulating material and a pipe tightly together so that no gaps may be left between them and wrap them together with a connecting cable by a dressing tape.

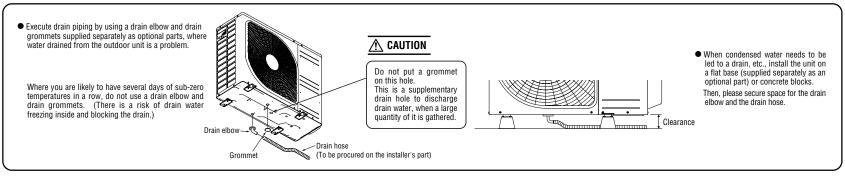
- Both gas and liquid pipes need to be dressed with 20 mm or thicker heat insulation materials above the ceiling where relative humidity exceeds 70%.



Pipe cover (accessory



# **3. DRAIN PIPING WORK**



# 4. ELECTRICAL WIRING WORK For details of electrical cabling, refer to the indoor unit installation manual.

Electrical installation work must be performed by an electrical installation service provider qualified by a power provider of the country. Electrical installation work must be executed according to the technical standards and other regulations applicable to electrical installations in the country.

•Do not use any supply cord lighter than one specified in parentheses for each type below.

- braided cord (code designation 60245 IEC 51),

- ordinary tough rubber sheathed cord (code designation 60245 IEC 53)

- flat twin tinsel cord (code designation 60227 IEC 41);

Use polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (code designation 60245 IEC57) for supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use.

. Ground the unit. Do not connect the grounding wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod or telephone grounding wire.

If impropery grounded, an electric shock or malfunction may result.

•A grounding wire must be connected before connecting the power cable. Provide a grounding wire longer than the power cable. •The installation of an impulse withstanding type earth leakage breaker is necessary. A failure to install an earth leakage breaker can result in an accelent such as an electric shock or a fire.

• Do not turn on the power until the electrical work is completeted .

 Do not use a condensive capacitor for power factor improvement under any circumstances. (It dose not improve power factor, while it can cause an abnormal overheat accident)

•For power supply cables, use conduits.

Do not lay electronic control cables (remote control and signaling wires) and other cables together outside the unit. Laying them together can result
in the malfunctioning or a failure of the unit due to electric noises.

•Fasten cables so that may not touch the piping, etc.

•When cables are connected, make sure that all electrical components within the electrical component box are free of loose connector coupling or terminal connection and then attach the cover securely. (Improper cover attachment can result in malfunctioning or a failure of the unit, if water penetrates into the box.)

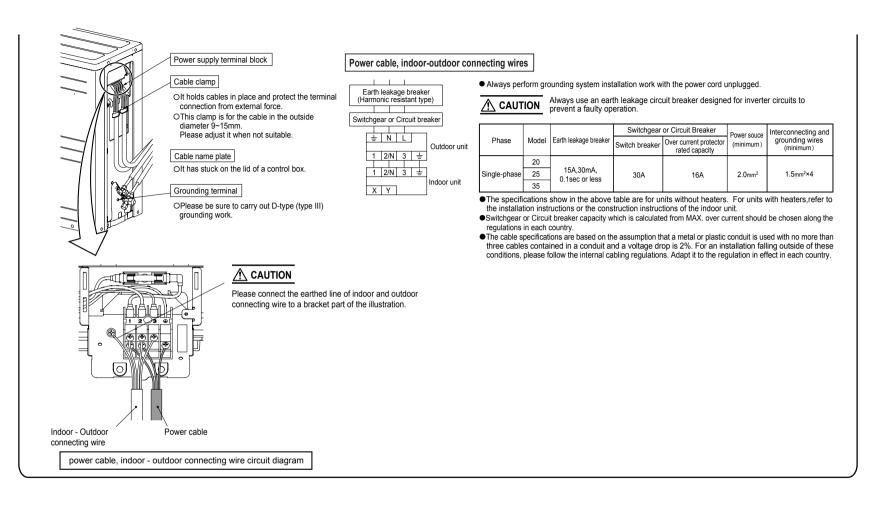
•Always use a three-core cable for an indoor-outdoor connecting cable. Never use a shield cable.

A CAUTION

In case of faulty wiring connection, the indoor unit stops, and then the run lamp turns on and the timer lamp blinks.

Use cables for interconnection wiring to avoid loosening of the wires. CENELEC code for cables Required field cables.

- H05 RNR3G1.5 (Example) or 245IEC57
- H Harmonized cable type
- 05 300/500 volts
- R Natural-and/or synth. rubber wire insulation
- N Polychloroprene rubber conductors insulation
- R Stranded core
- 4or5 Number of conductors
- G One conductor of the cable is the earth conductor (yellow/green)
- 1.5 Section of copper wire (mm<sup>2</sup>)



# **INSTALLATION TEST CHECK POINTS**

Check the following points again after completion of the installation, and before turnig on the power. Conduct a test run again and ensure that the unit operates properly. Explain to the customer how to use the unit and how to take care of the unit following the instruction manual.

After	instal	lation

Power cables and crossover wires are securely fixed to thet erminal block. The power supply voltage is correct as the rating.	The pipe joints for indoor and outdoor pipes have been insulated. The reverse flow check cap is attached.
The drain hose is fixed securely.	The cover of the pipe cover (A) faces downward to prevent rain from entering.
Operational valve is fully open.	Gaps are properly sealed between the pipe covers (A) (B) and the wall surface / pipes.
No gas leaks from the joints of the operation alvalve.	

### Check before installation work

- Model name and power source
- Refrigerant piping length
- Piping, wiring and miscellaneous small parts
- Indoor unit installation manual

Accessories for outdoor unit		
1	Gromet (Heat pump type only)	4
2	Drain elbow (Heat pump type only)	1

	Option parts		
a	Sealing plate	1	
b	Sleeve	1	
©	Inclination plate	1	
đ	Putty	1	
e	Drain hose (extention hose)	1	
ſ	Piping cover (for insulation of connection piping)	1	

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©This installation manual deals with outdoor units and general installation specifications only. For indoor units, refer to the respective installation manuals supplied with the units.

©Read this manual carefully before you set to installation work and carry it out according to the instruction scontained in this manual.

# **PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFETY**

- When installing the equipment, carefully read the Precautions for safety and make sure that safety is maintained.
- The safety items contain important information regarding safety. Be sure to follow them. The symbols used and their meanings are as follows.

▲ WARNING : Improper installation could result in serious accident causing death, serious injury or environmental pollution.

**CAUTION** : Improper installation could result in serious accident.

- After installation, along with confirming that no abnormalities were seen from the operation test. Explain operating methods as well as maintenance methods to the user of this equipment, based on the owner's manual.
- Ask the customer to keep this manual together with the operation manual.
- In installing the unit, you must also take thorough safety precautions to protect your person. A failure to observe any safety instruction listed under " 🛆 Caution" can also result in a serious consequence depending on the circumstances.
- Please observe all these instructions, because they include important points concerning safety.
- The meanings of "Marks" used here are as follows:

Never do it under any circumstances.



Always do it according to the instruction.

- Beware of danger from a dropped tool or the like in installing the unit in an elevated position.
- When the air conditioning unit makes abnormal sounds in operation, consult with your dealer.

# Necessary tools for the installation work Plus headed driver Knife Saw Tape measure Hammer Spanner wrench $(14.0 \sim 62.0 \text{N} \cdot \text{m} (1.4 \sim 6.2 \text{kgf} \cdot \text{m}))$ Torque wrench Hole core drill (65mm in diameter) Wrench key (Hexagon) [ 4 m/m] Vacuum pump Vacuum pump adapter (Designed specifically for R410A) (Anti-reverse flow type) Gauge manifold(Designed specifically for R410A) Charge hose(Designed specifically for R410A)

14 Flaring tool set(Designed specifically for R410A)

- 15 Gas leak detector(Designed specifically for R410A)
- Gauge for projection adjustment

1

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(Used when flare is made by using conventional flare tool)

## RWC012A029

## Model 40 · 50 · 60

Designed for R410A refrigerant

🖄 WARNING	▲ CAUTION
<ul> <li>To disconnect the appliance from the mains supply this appliance must be connected to the mains by means of a circuit breaker or a switch (use a recognized 16A) with a contact separation of at least 3mm.</li> <li>The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.</li> <li>This system should be applied to places as households, residences and the like. Application to inferior environment such as engineering shop could cause equipment mandfunction.</li> <li>Ask your dealer or a specialized service provider to install the unit. Improper installation work properly according to this installation and kerkek, electric shock or file.</li> <li>Carry out installation work properly according to this installation annual. Improper installation work can result in a water leak, electric shock.</li> <li>Always turn off power before you work inside the unit such as for installation or servicing. A lative to beserve this instruction can result in an electric shock.</li> <li>Electrical installation work properly according to the installation manual as dedicated circuits exclusively for the air conditioning system in compliance with the applicable "Technical standards for electrical installation manual as dedicated dircuits exclusively for the air conditioning system in compliance with the applicable "Technical standards for electrical installation" and "Indoor wiring regulations."</li> <li>A detect in power supply circuits exclusively with specified cables. Newr use an intermediate connection or stranded wire for this purpose. Fasten cables securely so that therminal booms had proved supply parts to installation work.</li> <li>A lative to be specified with the unit and approved supply parts for installation work.</li> <li>A lative to be specified with the unit and approved supply parts for installation work.</li> <li>A lative to be specified with the unit and approved supply parts for installation work.</li> <li>A lative to be sprime prast approved by the mandicaburer may result at life or el</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Take sufficient care so that you may not incur injury from heat exchanger fins, pipe flares and screws during work.</li> <li>Install drain piping according to the installation manual to ensure good drainage, and give it heat insulation to prevent condensation. Improper installation can result in a fload of water in the room and soaked household effects.</li> <li>When the unit is installed in a humid or damp leakage breaker is essential. A failure to install an earth leakage breaker is essential. A failure to install an earth leakage breaker is essential. A failure to install an earth leakage breaker can cause</li> <li>When the unit conditioning system is installed in fan and it is used (for a cooling or dehumidifyin with the ventilating fan, the room may have a nexterior, which can cause a reverse flow of drain as an opening that allows the inflow of as much sa no pening that allows the inflow of as much san opening that allows the inflow of asen opening that allows the inflow of as much san op</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Do not run the drain piping directly into the sewer where a toxic gas such as sulfuric gas is generated. This will pose a risk of a toxic gas flowing back into the room. This can also cause the corrosion of the indoor unit and a resultant unit failure or refrigerant leak.</li> <li>You must collect, bring back and shred or otherwise properly dispose of all packaging materials, expanded polystyrene, bands, vinyl bags and so on used for the transpiration of the indoor and outdoor units after installation work.</li> <li>In installing or transferring an air conditioning system, never allow air or other foreign matters than specified refrigerant (R410A) to get into the refrigerant cycle (piping). If air or other foreign matters gets into the refrigerant cycle, an abnormal pressure build-up will occur, which can result in pipe rupture or injury.</li> <li>Never modify the power cord, introduce an intermediate connection or connect it in a daisy chain. A failure to observe this instruction can result in a fire or electric shock from improper contact, improper insulation, excessive current beyond rating, etc.</li> <li>Never bundle, wind or modify the power cord. Do not step onto the power plug or otherwise deform it. A failure to observe this instruction can result in heat generation or ignition.</li> <li>Ensure that the unit is properly grounded. Do not connect the grounding wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod, or telephone ground wire. If a defect is in a ground, it will become a cause of an electric shock at the time of failure or a short circuit.</li> </ul>	Ganago of potona injuly:

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#### Notabilia as a unit designed for R410A

- Do not use any refrigerant other than R410A. R410A will rise to pressure about 1.6 times higher than that of a conventional refrigerant.
- A cylinder containing R410A has a pink indication mark on the top.
- A unit designed for R410A has adopted a different size indoor unit operation valve charge port and a different size check joint provided in the unit to prevent the charging of a wrong refrigerant by mistake. The processed dimension of the flared part of a refrigerant pipe and a flare nut's parallel side measurement have also been altered to raise strength against pressure.
- Accordingly, you are required to arrange dedicated R410A tools listed in the table on the right before installing or servicing this unit.
- Do not use a charge cylinder. The use of a charge cylinder will cause the refrigerant composition to change, which results in performance degradation
- In charging refrigerant always take it out from a cylinder in the liquid phase
- All indoor units must be models designed exclusively for R410A. Check connectable indoor unit models in a catalog, etc. (A wrong indoor unit, if connected into the system, will impair proper system operation)

## 1. HAULAGE AND INSTALLATION (Take particular care in carrying in or moving the unit, and always perform such an operation with two or more persons.)

When a unit is hoisted with slings for haulage, take into consideration the offset of its gravity CAUTION When a unit is noiseed with sings for hadrage, take into consideration and tail.

#### 1) Delivery

- Deliver the unit as close as possible to the installation site before removing it from the packaging.
- When you have to unpack the unit for a compelling reason before you haul it to the installation point, hoist the unit with nylon slings or ropes and protection pads so that you may not damage the unit.

#### 2) Portage

• The right hand side of the unit as viewed from the front (diffuser side) is heavier. A person carrying the right hand side must take heed of this fact. A person carrying the left hand side must hold with his right hand the handle provided on the front panel of the unit and with his left hand the corner column section.

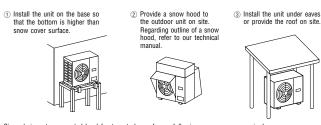


#### 3) Selection of installation location for the outdoor unit

- Be sure to select a suitable installation place in consideration of following conditions.
- O A place where it is horizontal, stable and can endure the unit weight and will not allow vibration transmittance of the unit.
- O A place where it can be free from possibility of bothering neighbors due to noise or exhaust air from the unit.
- O A place where the unit is not exposed to oil splashes.
- O A place where it can be free from danger of flammable gas leakage.
- O A place where drain water can be disposed without any trouble.
- O A place where the unit will not be affected by heat radiation from other heat source. A place where snow will not accumulate.
- O A place where the unit can be kept away 5m or more from TV set and/or radio receiver in order to avoid any radio or TV interference O A place where good air circulation can be secured, and enough service space can be secured for maintenance
- and service of the unit safely
- O A place where the unit will not be affected by electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves generated by other equipment.
- O A place where chemical substances like sulfuric gas, chloric gas, acid and alkali (including ammonia), which can harm the unit, will not be generated and not remain.
- O If a operation is conducted when the outdoor air temperature is -5 lower, the outdoor unit should be installed at a place where it is not influenced by natural wind
- O A place where strong wind will not blow against the outlet air blow of the unit.

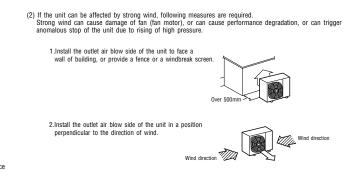
#### 4) Caution about selection of installation location

(1) If the unit is installed in the area where the snow will accumulate, following measures are required. The bottom plate of unit and intake, outlet may be blocked by snow.



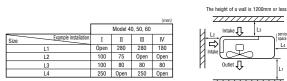
Since drain water generated by defrost control may freeze, following measures are required. • Don't execute drain piping work by using a drain elbow and drain grommets (optional parts). [Refer to Drain piping work.1

 Recommend setting Defrost Control (SW3-1) and Snow Guard Fan Control (SW3-2). [Refer to Setting SW3-1, SW3-2.1

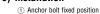


#### 5) Installation space

- Walls surrounding the unit in the four sides are not acceptable.
- There must be a 1-meter or larger space in the above.
- When more than one unit are installed side by side, provide a 250mm or wider interval between them as a service space. In order to facilitate servicing of controllers, please provide a sufficient space between units so that their top plates can be removed easily.
- Where a danger of short-circuiting exists, install guide louvers.
- When more than one unit are installed, provide sufficient intake space consciously so that short-circuiting may not occur. Where piling snow can bury the outdoor unit, provide proper snow guards.



6) Installation



(2) Notabilia for installation

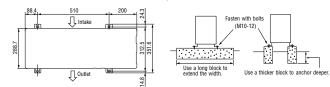
Intake 🗖

Outlet

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 $\square$ 

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- In installing the unit, fix the unit's legs with bolts specified on the left.
- The protrusion of an anchor bolt on the front side must be kept within 15 mm.
- Securely install the unit so that it does not fall over during earthquakes or strong winds, etc.
- Refer to the above illustrations for information regarding concrete foundations
- Install the unit in a level area. (With a gradient of 5 mm or less.)

Improper installation can result in a compressor failure, broken piping within the unit and abnormal noise generation.

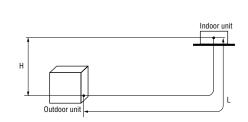
# 2. REFRIGERANT PIPING WORK

#### 1) Restrictions on unit installation and use

• Check the following points in light of the indoor unit specifications and the installation site.

• Observe the following restrictions on unit installation and use. Improper installation can result in a compressor failure or performance degradation.

Restrictions Main pipe length		Dimensional restrictions	Marks appearing in the drawing on the right
		30m or less	L
Elevation difference between	When the outdoor unit is positioned higher,	20m or less	н
indoor and outdoor units	When the outdoor unit is positioned lower,	20m or less	н



CAUTION • The use restrictions appearing in the table above are applicable to the standard pipe size combinations shown in the table below. Where an existing pipe system is utilized, different one-way pipe length restrictions should apply depending on its pipe size. For more information, please see " 5. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPING."

### 2) Determination of pipe size

 Determine refrigerant pipe size pursuant to the following guidelines based on the indoor unit specifications.

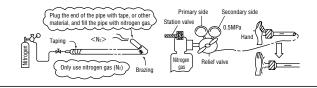
	Model 40, 50, 60 Gas pipe Liquid pipe	
Outdoor unit connected	φ 12.7 Flare	φ 6.35 Flare
Refrigerant piping (branch pipeL)	φ 12.7	φ 6.35
Indoor unit connected	φ 12.7	φ 6.35

#### When pipe is brazing.



#### Brazing must be performed under a nitrogen gas flow.

Without nitrogen gas, a large quantity of foreign matters (oxidized film) are created, causing a critical failure from capillary tube or expansion valve clogging.



### 3) Refrigerant pipe wall thickness and material

- Select refrigerant pipes of the table shown on the right wall thickness and material as specified for each pipe size.
- NOTE Select pipes having a wall thickness larger than the specified minimum pipe thickness.

Pipe diameter [mm]	6.35	12.7
Minimum pipe wall thickness [mm]	0.8	0.8
Pipe material*	O-type pipe	O-type pipe

\*Phosphorus deoxidized seamless copper pipe ICS 23.040.15, ICS 77.150.30

#### 4) On-site piping work

**IMPORTANT** Take care so that installed pipes may not touch components within a unit. If touching with an internal component, it will generate abnormal sounds and/or vibrations.

How to remove the side cover Please remove the screw of a side cover and remove to the front.

- Carry out the on site piping work with the operation valve fully closed.
- Give sufficient protection to a pipe end (compressed and blazed, or with an adhesive tape) so that water or foreign matters may not enter the piping.
- Bend a pipe to a radius as large as practical. (R100~R150) Do not bend a pipe repeatedly to correct its form.
- Flare connection is used between the unit and refrigerant pipe. Flare a pipe after engaging a flare nut onto it. Flare dimensions for R410A are different from those for conventional R407C. Although we recommend the use of flaring tools designed specifically for R410A, conventional flaring tools can also be used by adjusting the measurement of protrusion B with a protrusion control gauge.
- •Tighten a flare joint securely with a double spanner.

Screw Side cover	

I A I

Flared pipe end : A (mm)			
Copper pipe outer diameter	A _0.4		
φ6.35	9.1		
φ12.7	16.6		

Copper pipe protrusion for flaring : B (mm)				
Copper pipe outer diameter	In the case of a rigid (clutch) type			
diameter	With an R410A tool	With a conventional tool		
φ6.35	0.05	10.15		
φ12.7	0~0.5	1.0~1.5		

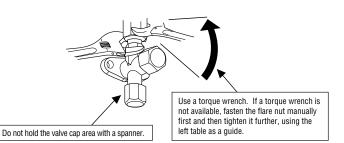
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#### N Do not apply force beyond proper fastening torque in tightening the flare nut.

Fix both liquid and gas service valves at the valve main bodies as illustrated on the right, and then fasten them, applying appropriate fastening torque.

Operation valve size (mm)	tion valve size (mm) Tightening torque (N-m) Tightening angle (°)		Recommended length of a tool handle (mm)	
φ6.35 (1/4")	14~18	45~60	150	
φ12.7 (1/2")	49~61	30~45	250	



Gas side

 $\odot$ 

Check ioint

operation valve

Indoor unit

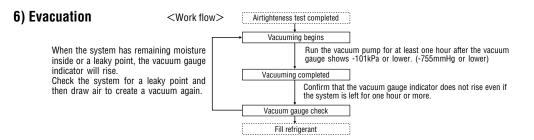
#### 5) Air tightness test

① Although outdoor and indoor units themselves have been tested for air tightness at the factory, check the connecting pipes after the installation work for air tightness from the operation valve's check joint equipped on the outdoor unit side. While conducting a test, keep the operation valve shut all the time.

a) Raise the pressure to 0.5 MPa, and then stop. Leave it for five minutes to see if the pressure drops.

b) Then raise the pressure to 1.5 MPa, and stop. Leave it for five more minutes to see if the pressure drops.

- c) Then raise the pressure to the specified level (4.15 MPa), and record the ambient temperature and the pressure.
- d) If no pressure drop is observed with an installation pressurized to the specified level and left for about one day, it is acceptable. When the ambient Temperature fall 1°C, the pressure also fall approximately 0.01 MPa. The pressure, if changed, should be compensated for.
- e) If a pressure drop is observed in checking e) and a) d), a leak exists somewhere. Find a leak by applying bubble test liquid to welded parts and flare joints and repair it. After repair, conduct an air-tightness test again.
- (2) In conducting an air-tightness test, use nitrogen gas and pressurize the system with nitrogen gas from the gas side. Do not use a medium other than nitrogen gas under any circumstances.



# Pay attention to the following points in addition to the above for the R410A and compatible machines.

Outdoor unit

○ To prevent a different oil from entering, assign dedicated tools, etc. to each refrigerant type. Under no circumstances must a gauge manifold and a charge hose in particular be shared with other refrigerant types (R22, R407C, etc.).

 $\odot$  Use a counterflow prevention adapter to prevent vacuum pump oil from entering the refrigerant system.

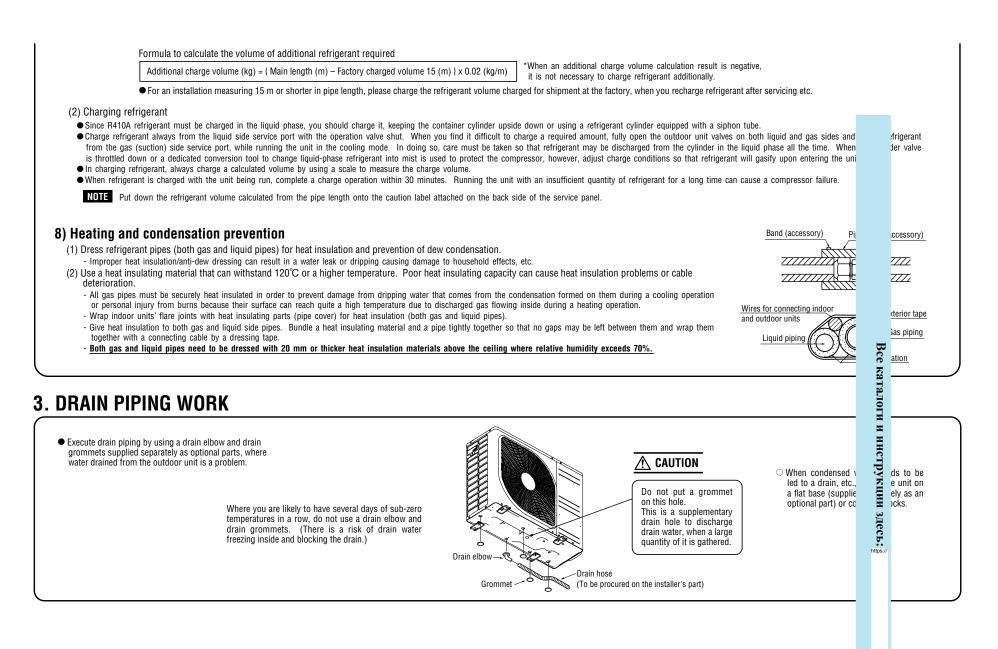
### 7) Additional refrigerant charge

(1) Calculate a required refrigerant charge volume from the following table.

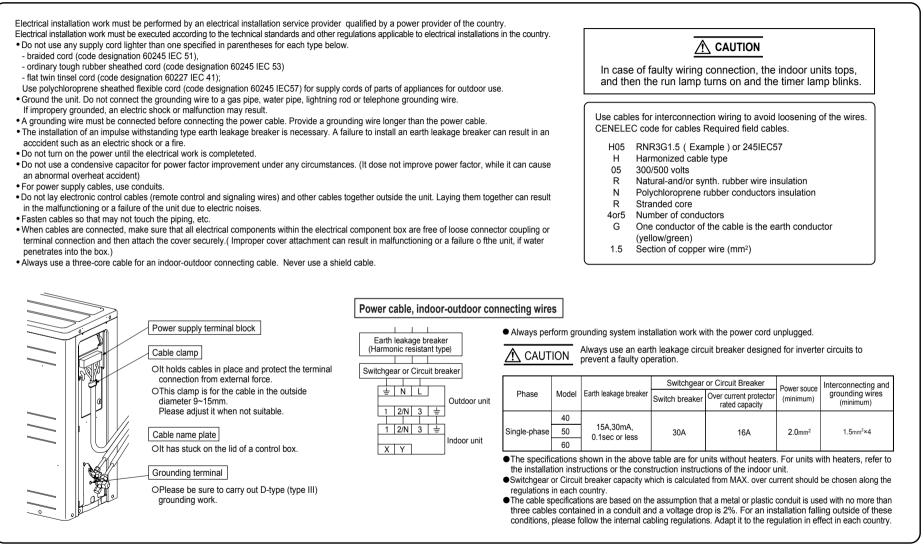
	Additional charge volume (kg) per meter of refrigerant piping (liquid pipe $\phi$ 6.35)		Installation's pipe length (m) covered without additional refrigerant charge	
Model 40, 50, 60	0.02	1.40	15	

• This unit contains factory charged refrigerant covering 15m of refrigerant piping and additional refrigerant charge on the installation site is not required for an installation with up to 15m refrigerant piping.

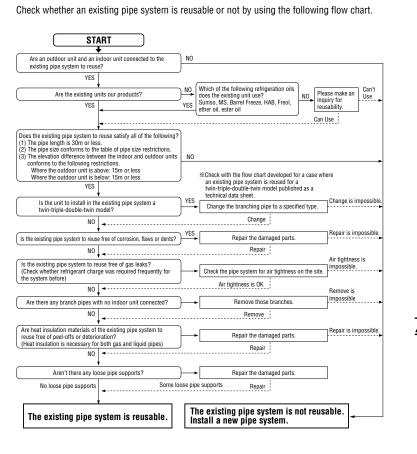
When refrigerant piping exceeds 15m, additionally charge an amount calculated from the pipe length and the above table for the portion in excess of 15m. If an existing pipe system is used, a required refrigerant charge volume will vary depending on the liquid pipe size. For further information, please see "5. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPING."



# 4. ELECTRICAL WIRING WORK For details of electrical cabling, refer to the indoor unit installation manual.



# 5. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPING.



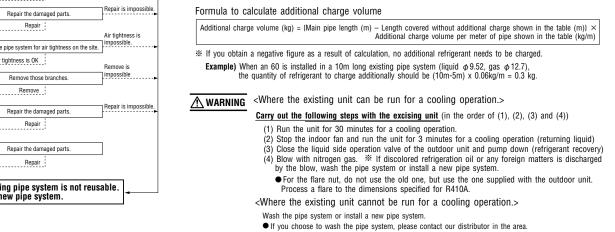
#### <Table of pipe size restrictions>

©:Standard pipe size ○:Usable △:Restricted to shorter pipe length limits

Additio	nal charge volume per meter of pipe	0.02kg/m	0.06kg/m				
Dia a sina	Liquid pipe	φ6.35	φ9.52				
Pipe size	Gas pipe	φ12.7	φ12.7				
	Usability	O					
40	Maximum one-way pipe length	30	10				
	Length covered without additional charge	15	5				
	Usability	O					
50	Maximum one-way pipe length	30	10				
	Length covered without additional charge	15	15				
	Usability	O					
60	Maximum one-way pipe length	30	10				
	Length covered without additional charge	15	5				

• Please consult with our distributor in the area, if you need to recover refrigerant and charge it again.

• Any combinations of pipe sizes not listed in the table are not usable.



# **INSTALLATION TEST CHECK POINTS**

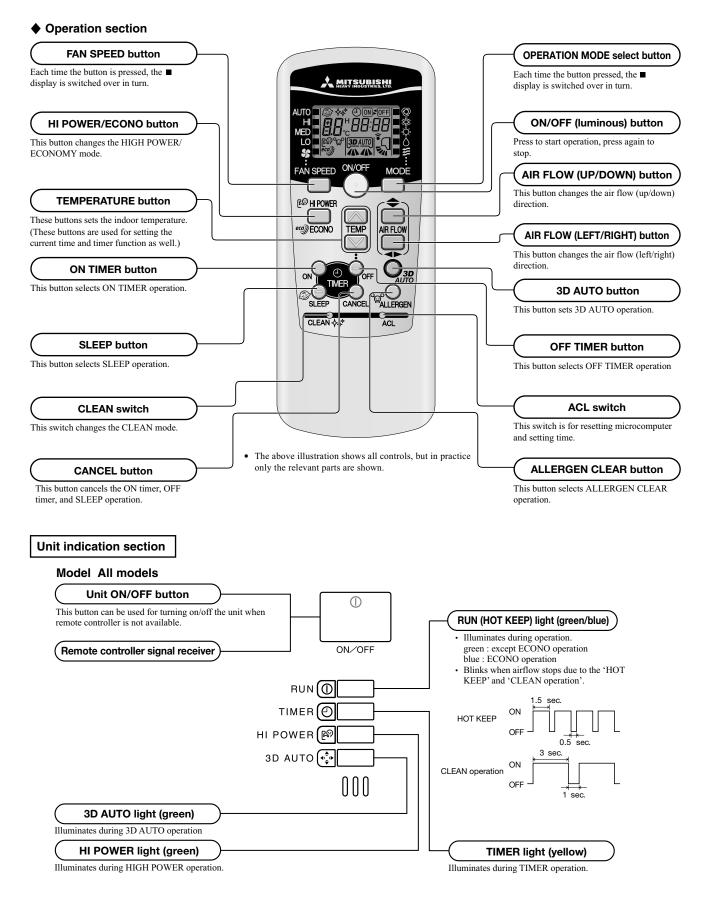
Check the following points again after completion of the installation, and before turnig on the power. Conduct a test run again and ensure that the unit operates properly Explain to the customer how to use the unit and how to take care of the unit following the instruction manual.

### After installation

Power cables and crossover wires are securely fixed to the terminal block.     The power supply voltage is correct as the rating.     The drain hose is fixed securely.     Operational valve is fully open.     No gas leaks from the joints of the operational valve.	The pipe joints for indoor and outdoor pipes have been insulated. The reverse flow check cap is attached. The cover of the pipe cover (A) faces downward to prevent rain from entering. Gaps are properly sealed between the pipe covers (A) (B) and the wall surface / pipes.
No gas leaks from the joints of the operational valve.	

# 1.6 Outline of operation control by microcomputer

# 1.6.1 Operation control function by remote controller



Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

# 1.6.2 Unit ON/OFF button

When the remote controller batteries become weak, or if the remote controller is lost or malfunctioning, this button may be used to turn the unit on and off.

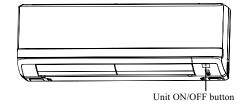
### (1) Operation

Push the button once to place the unit in the automatic mode. Push it once more to turn the unit off.

### (2) Details of operation

The unit will go into the automatic mode in which it automatically determines, from indoor temperature (as detected by sensor), whether to go into the cooling, thermal dry or heating modes.

Function operation mode	Indoor temperature setting	Fan speed	Flap/Louver	Timer Switch
Cooling	About 24°C			
Thermal dry	About 25°C	Auto	Auto	Continuous
Heating	About 26°C			



# 1.6.3 Auto restart function

(1) Auto restart function records the operational status of the air-conditioner immediately prior to be switched off by a power cut, and then automatically resumes operations after the power has been restored.

Jumper wire (J170)

Jumper wire (J171)

- (2) The following settings will be cancelled:
  - (a) Timer settings
  - (b) HIGH POWER operations
- Notes (1) Auto restart function is set at on when the air-conditioner is shipped from the factory. Consult with your dealer if this function needs to be switched off.
  - $(2) \quad \mbox{When power failure ocurrs, the timer setting is cancelled. Once power is resumed, reset the timer.}$
  - (3) If the jumper wire (J170) "AUTO RESTART" is cut, auto restart is disabled. (See the diagram at right)

# 1.6.4 Custom cord switching procedure

If two wireless remote controller are installed in one room, in order to prevent wrong operation due to mixed signals, please modify the printed circuit board in the indoor unit's control box and the remote controller using the following procedure. Be sure to modify both boards. If only one board is modified, receiving (and operation) cannot be done.

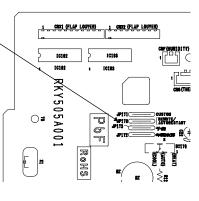
### (1) Modifying the indoor printed circuit board

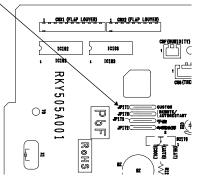
Take out the printed circuit board from the control box and cut off jumper wire (J171) using wire cutters.

After cutting of the jumper wire, take measures to prevent contact with the other the lead wires, etc.

#### (2) Modifying the wireless remote controller

- (a) Remove the battery.
- (b) Cut the jumper wire shown in the figure at right.





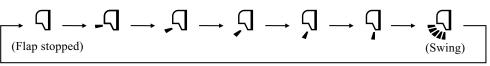


# 1.6.5 Flap and louver control

Control the flap and louver by AIRFLOW ♦ (UP/DOWN) and ♦ (LEFT/RIGHT) button on the wireless remote controller.

(1) Flap

Each time when you press the AIRFLOW  $\clubsuit$  (UP/DOWN) button the mode changes as follows.

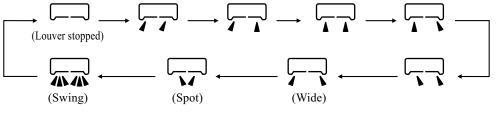


• Angle of Flap from Horizontal

Remote controller display	-7	<b>_</b>	٦,	۲,	٦ ۲
COOL , DRY, FAN	Approx. 5°	Approx. 20°	Approx. 35°	Approx. 45°	Approx. 60°
HEAT	Approx. 20°	Approx. 35°	Approx. 45°	Approx. 60°	Approx. 75°

(2) Louver

Each time when you press the AIRFLOW  $\blacklozenge$  (LEFT/RIGHT) button the mode changes as follows.



• Angle of Louver

Remote controller display					
Center installation	Left Approx. 50°	Left Approx. 20°	Center	Right Approx. 20°	Right Approx. 50°
Right end installation	Left Approx. 50°	Left Approx. 45°	Left Approx. 30°	Center	Right Approx. 20°
Left end installation	Left Approx. 20°	Center	Right Approx. 30°	Right Approx. 45°	Right Approx. 50°

### (3) Swing

(a) Swing flap

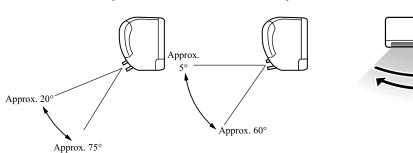
(b) Swing louver

Louver moves in left and right directions continuously.

directions continuously.

Flap moves in upward and downward





### (4) Memory flap (Flap or Louver stopped)

When you press the AIRFLOW (UP/DOWN or LEFT/RIGHT) button once while the flap or louver is operating, it stops swinging at the position. Since this angle is memorized in the microcomputer, the flap or louver will automatically be set at this angle when the next operation is started.

### (5) When not operating

The flap returns to the position of air flow directly below, when operation has stopped.

# 1.6.6 3D auto operation

Control the flap and louver by 3D AUTO button on the wireless remote controller.

Air flow selection and air flow direction are automatically controlled, allowing the entire indoor to efficiently conditioned.

#### (1) During Cooling and Heating (Including auto cooling and heating)

(a) Air flow selection is determined according to indoor temperature and setting temperature.

Operation mode	Air flow selection									
Operation mode	AL	HI	MED	LO						
At cooling	Indoor temp. – Setting temp. $>5^{\circ}C$ Indoor temp. – Setting temp. $\leq 5^{\circ}C$									
At cooling	HIGH POWER	AUTO	н	MED	LO					
At booting	Setting temp. – Indoor temp. >5°C	or temp. $>5^{\circ}$ C Setting temp. – Indoor temp. $\leq 5^{\circ}$ C		MED	LU					
At heating	HIGH POWER	AUTO								

#### (b) Air flow direction is controlled according to the indoor temperature and setting temperature.

1) When 3D auto operation starts

	Cooling Heating						
Flap	Up/down Swing						
Louver	Wide (fixed)         Center (fixed)						

2) When Indoor temp. – Setting temp. is ≤ 5°C during cooling and when Setting temp. – Indoor temp. is ≤ 5°C during heating, the system switches to the following air flow direction control. After the louver swings left and right symmetrically for 3 cycles, control is switched to the control in 3).

	Cooling	Heating						
Flap	Horizontal blowing (Fixed)	Slant forwardl blowing (Fixed)						
Louver	Left/right Swing							

3) After the flap swings for 5 cycles, control is switched to the control in 4).

	Cooling	Heating
Flap	Up/dov	vn Swing
Louver	Cente	r (Fixed)

4) For 5 minutes, the following air flow direction control is carried out.

	Cooling	Heating					
Flap	Horizontal blowing (Fixed)	Slant forwardl blowing (Fixed)					
Louver	Wide (Fixed)						

5) After 5 minutes have passed, the air flow direction is determined according to the indoor temperature and setting temperature.

Operation mode		Air flow direction contorol	
At cooling	Indoor temp. – Setting temp. $\leq 2^{\circ}C$	$2^{\circ}C < Indoor temp Setting temp. \leq 5^{\circ}C$	Indoor temp. – Setting temp. $> 5^{\circ}C$
	The control in 4) continues.	Control returns to the control in 2).	Control returns to the control in 1).
At booting	Setting temp. – Indoor temp. $\leq 2^{\circ}C$	$2^{\circ}C < Setting temp Indoor temp. \leq 5^{\circ}C$	Setting temp. – Indoor temp. > 5°C
At heating	The control in 4) continues.	Control returns to the control in 2).	Control returns to the control in 1).

#### (2) During DRY Operation (including auto DRY operation)

Air flow selection	According to DRY operation.					
Flap	Horizontal blowing (Fixed)					
Louver	Wide (Fixed)					

# 1.6.7 Timer operation

## (1) Comfortable timer setting (ON timer)

If the timer is set at ON when the operation select switch is set at the cooling or heating, or the cooling or heating in auto mode operation is selected, the comfortable timer starts and determines the starting time of next operation based on the initial value of 15 minutes and the relationship between the indoor temperature at the setting time (temperature of room temperature sensor) and the setting temperature.

## (2) Sleep timer operation

Pressing the SLEEP button causes the temperature to be controlled with respect to the set temperature.

## (3) OFF timer operation

The Off timer can be set at a specific time (in 10-minute units) within a 24-hour period.

# 1.6.8 Installation location setting

When the indoor unit is installed at the end of a room, control the air flow direction so that it is not toward the side walls. If you set the remote controller installation position, keep it so that the air flow is within the range shown in the following figure.

## (1) Setting

# (a) If the air conditioning unit is running, press the ON/OFF button to stop.

The installation location setting cannot be made while the unit is running.

# (b) Press the AIR FLOW **\$** (UP/DOWN) button and the

AIRFLOW (LEFT/RIGHT) button together for 5 seconds or more.

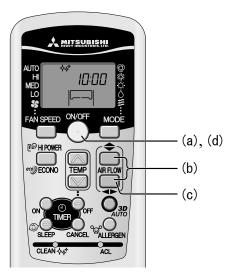
The installation location display illuminates.

# (c) Setting the air-conditioning installation location.

Press the AIR FLOW (LEFT/RIGHT) button and adjust to the desired location.

Each time the AIR FLOW (LEFT/RIGHT) button is pressed, the indicator is switched in the order of:

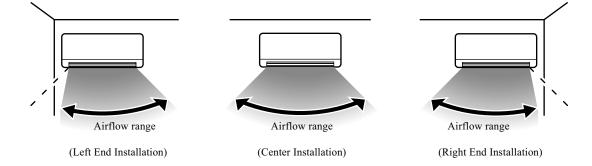




## (d) Press the ON/OFF button.

The air-conditioner's installation location is set.

Press within 60 seconds of setting the installation location (while the installation location setting display illuminates).



# **1.6.9** Outline of heating operation

		Heating	
	Thermostat ON	Thermostat OFF	Failure
Compressor	ON	OFF	OFF
Indoor fan motor	ON	ON(HOT KEEP)	OFF
Outdoor fan motor	ON	OFF (few minutes ON)	OFF
4-way valve	ON	ON	OFF (3 minutes ON)

#### (1) Operation of major functional components in heating mode

#### (2) Details of control at each operation mode (pattern)

#### (a) Fuzzy operation

Deviation between the indoor temperature setting correction temperature and the return air temperature is calculated in accordance with the fuzzy rule, and used for control of the air capacity and the compressor speed.

Model Fan speed	SRK20ZIX-S	SRK25ZIX-S	SRK35ZIX-S	SRK50ZIX-S	SRK60ZIX-S	
Auto	30~94rps	30~102rps	30~115rps	12~106rps	12~120rps	
Н	30~94rps	30~102rps	30~115rps	12~106rps	12~120rps	
MED	30~66rps	30~72rps	30~76rps	12~74rps	12~90rps	
LO	30~40rps	30~42rps	30~46rps	12~42rps	12~58rps	

When the defrosting, protection device, etc. is actuated, operation is performed in the corresponding mode.

## (b) Hot keep operation

If the hot keep operation is selected during the heating operation, the indoor blower is controlled based on the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger (Th2) to prevent blowing of cool wind.

#### (3) Defrosting operation

- (a) Starting conditions (Defrosting operation can be started only when all of the following conditions are met.)
  - After start of heating operation
     When it elapsed 45 (model 50, 60 : 35) minutes. (Accumulated compressor operation time)
  - 2) After end of defrosting operation

When it elapsed 45 (model 50, 60 : 35) minutes. (Accumulated compressor operation time)

3) Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TH1) temperature

When the temperature has been below -5°C for 3 minutes continuously.

- 4) The difference between the outdoor air sensor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature
  - The outdoor air temperature  $\geq 0^{\circ}$ C (model 50, 60 :  $\geq -2^{\circ}$ C) : 7°C or higher
  - -15°C ≤ The outdoor air temperature < 0°C (model 50, 60 : < -2°C) : 4/15 × The outdoor air temperature + 7°C or higher</li>
  - The outdoor air temperature  $< -15^{\circ}$ C :  $-5^{\circ}$ C or higher
- 5) During continuous compressor operation

In addition, when the speed command from the indoor controller of the indoor unit during heating operation has counted 0 rps 10 times or more and all conditions of 1), 2), 3) and 5) above and the outdoor air temperature is  $3^{\circ}$ C or less are satisfied (note that when the temperature for outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TH1) is  $-5^{\circ}$ C or less: 62 rps or more,  $-4^{\circ}$ C or less: less than 62 rps), defrost operation is started.

- (b) Ending conditions (Operation returns to the heating cycle when either one of the following is met.)
  - 1) Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TH1) temperature: 13°C (model 50, 60 : 10°C) or higher
  - 2) Continued operation time of defrosting  $\rightarrow$  For more than 15 min.

# 1.6.10 Outline of cooling operation

		Cooling	
	Thermostat ON	Thermostat OFF	Failure
Compressor	ON	OFF	OFF
Indoor fan motor	ON	ON	OFF
Outdoor fan motor	ON	OFF (few minutes ON)	OFF (few minutes ON)
4-way valve	OFF	OFF	OFF

## (1) Operation of major functional components in Cooling mode

## (2) Detail of control in each mode (Pattern)

#### (a) Fuzzy operation

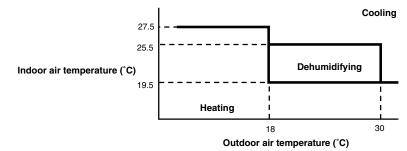
During the fuzzy operation, the air flow and the compressor speed are controlled by calculating the difference between the indoor temperature setting correction temperature and the return air temperature.

Model Fan speed	SRK20ZIX-S	SRK25ZIX-S	SRK35ZIX-S	SRK50ZIX-S	SRK60ZIX-S		
Auto	20~65rps	20~74rps	20~86rps	12~86rps	12~110rps		
HI	20~65rps	20~74rps	20~86rps	12~86rps	12~110rps		
MED	20~44rps	20~55rps	20~58rps	12~62rps	12~86rps		
LO	20~30rps	20~34rps	20~38rps	12~34rps	12~48rps		

# 1.6.11 Outline of automatic operation

## (1) Determination of operation mode

The unit checks the indoor temperature and the outdoor air temperature, determines the operation mode, and then begins in the automatic operation.



- (2) The unit checks the temperature every hour after the start of operation and, if the result of check is not same as the previous operation mode, changes the operation mode.
- (3) When the unit is started again within one hour after the stop of automatic operation or when the automatic operation is selected during heating, cooling or dehumidifying operation, the unit is operated in the previous operation mode.
- (4) Setting temperature can be adjusted within the following range. There is the relationship as shown below between the signals of the wireless remote controller and the setting temperature.

				Sig	nals of v	wireless	remote	controll	er (Disp	lay)				
		-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	±0	+1	+2	+3	+4	+5	+6
Setting temperature	Cooling	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	Dehumidifying	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Heating	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Unit : °C

# 1.6.12 Protective control function

#### (1) Frost prevention control (During cooling or dehumidifying)

## (a) Operating conditions

- Indoor heat exchanger temperature (Th2) is lower than 5°C. 1)
- 5 minutes after reaching the compressor command speed except 0 rps. 2)

#### (b)

Detail of anti-frost operation	on	Lower		↓			
Indoor heat exchanger temperature		2.5°C or lower	limit ⁻ speed				
Lower limit of compressor command speed	22 rps (model 50, 60 : 25 rps)	0 rps	0 rps -				
Indoor fan	Depends on operation mode	Protects the fan tap just before frost prevention control	-	2.5	5	8	
Outdoor fan	Depends on command speed	Depends on stop mode		Indoor heat exchanger			
4-way valve	OFF	Depends on stop mode		temperature (°C)			

Notes (1) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of 2.5~5°C, the speed is reduced by 4 rps at each 20 seconds.

When the temperature is lower than 2.5°C, the compressor is stopped. (2)

(3)When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of  $5\sim8^{\circ}$ C, the compressor command speed is been maintained.

#### (c) Reset conditions: When either of the following condition is satisfied.

- 1) The indoor heat exchanger temperature (Th2) is 8°C or higher.
- 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

#### (2) Cooling overload protective control

(a) Operating conditions: When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) has become continuously for 30 seconds at 41°C or more, or 47°C or more (Models 50, 60: 41°C or more) with the compressor running, the lower limit speed of compressor is brought up.

Model Item	SRK20-	SRK50, 60ZIX-S			
Outdoor air temperature	41°C or more	47°C or more	41°C or more		
Lower limit speed	30 rps	40 rps	30 rps		

compressor command

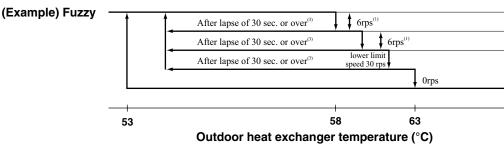
speed

#### (b) Detail of operation

- 1) The outdoor fan is stepped up by 3 speed step. (Upper limit 7th (model 50, 60 : 8th) speed.)
- 2) The lower limit of compressor command speed is set to 30 or 40 (SRK50, 60: 30) rps and even if the calculated result becomes lower than that after fuzzy calculation, the speed is kept to 30 or 40 (SRK50, 60 : 30) rps. However, when the thermo becomes OFF, the speed is reduced to 0 rps.
- (c) Reset conditions: When either of the following condition is satisfied.
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature is lower than 40°C or 46°C.
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

#### (3) Cooling high pressure control

- (a) Purpose: Prevents anomalous high pressure operation during cooling.
- (b) Detector: Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TH1)
- (c) Detail of operation:



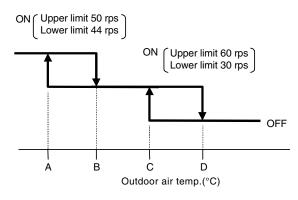
- Notes (1) When the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of 58~63°C, the speed is reduced by 6 rps at each 30 seconds.
  - When the temperature is 63°C or higher, the compressor is stopped. (2)
    - When the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of 53~58°C, if the compressor command speed is been maintained and the operation has (3) continued for more than 30 seconds at the same speed, it returns to the normal cooling operation.

#### (4) Cooling low outdoor temperature protective control

(a) Operating conditions: When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 22°C or lower continues for 20 seconds while the compressor command speed is other than 0 rps.

#### (b) Detail of operation:

- The lower limit of the compressor command speed is set to 44 (30) rps and even if the speed becomes lower than 44 (30) 1) rps, the speed is kept to 44 (30) rps. However, when the thermo becomes OFF, the speed is reduced to 0 rps.
- 2) The upper limit of the compressor command speed is set to 50 (60) rps and even if the calculated result becomes higher than that after fuzzy calculation, the speed is kept to 50 (60) rps.
- Note (1) Values in ( ) are for outdoor air temperature is 22°C or 25°C



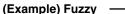
• Values of A, B, C, D

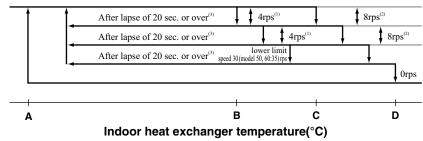
	Outdoor air temp. (°C)									
	Α	В	С	D						
First time	0	3	22	25						
Since the seconds times	7	10	25	28						

- (c) Reset conditions: When either of the following condition is satisfied
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature (TH2) is D °C or higher.
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

#### (5) Heating high pressure control

- (a) **Purpose:** Prevents anomalous high pressure operation during heating.
- (b) **Detector:** Indoor heat exchanger sensor (Th2)
- (c) Detail of operation:





- Notes (1) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of B-C °C, the speed is reduced by 4 rps at each 20 seconds. (2) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of C~D °C, the speed is reduced by 8 rps at each 20 seconds. When the temperature is D °C
  - or higher continues for 1 minute, the compressor is stopped. When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of A~B °C, if the compressor command speed is been maintained and the operation has contin-(3) ued for more than 20 seconds at the same speed, it returns to the normal heating operation.
  - (4) Indoor blower retains the fan tap when it enters in the high pressure control. Outdoor blower is operated in accordance with the speed.

#### **Temperature list**

Model : 20~35	
---------------	--

	Α	В	С	D
RPSmin < 50	48	53	55	58
50 ≦ RPSmin < 104	48.5	56	58	61
			í	
<b>104 ≦ RPSmin</b> Model : 50, 60	42.1	44	47.3	61 Unit :
	42.1	44 B	47.3	-
		1		Unit :
	A	В	C	Unit : D

#### (6) Heating overload protective control

(a) Operating conditions: When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 22°C (model 50, 60 : 17°C) or higher continues for

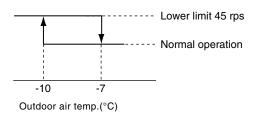
30 seconds while the compressor command speed other than 0 rps.

#### (b) Detail of operation:

- 1) Taking the upper limit of compressor command speed range at 60 rps (model 50, 60 : 50 rps), if the output speed obtained with the fuzzy calculation exceeds the upper limit, the upper limit value is maintained.
- 2) The lower limit of compressor command speed is set to 40 rps (model 50, 60 : 35 rps) and even if the calculated result becomes lower than that after fuzzy calculation, the speed is kept to 40 rps (model 50, 60 : 35 rps). However, when the thermo becomes OFF, the speed is reduced to 0 prs.
- 3) Inching prevention control is activated and inching prevention control is carried out with the minimum speed set at 40 rps (model 50, 60 : 35 rps).
- 4) The outdoor fan is set on 2nd speed.
- 5) The indoor fan is stepped up by 1 speed step. (Upper limit 8th speed)
- (c) Reset conditions: The outdoor air temperature (TH2) is lower than 21°C (model 50, 60 : 16°C).

#### (7) Heating low outdoor temperature protective control

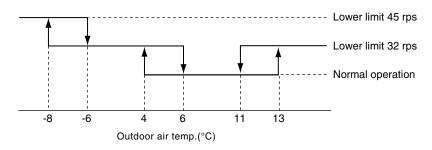
- Model 20~35
- (a) **Operating conditions:** When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is lower than -10°C or higher continues for 30 seconds while the compressor command speed is other than 0 rps.
- (b) Detail of operation: The lower limit compressor command speed is change as shown in the figure below.



- (c) Reset conditions: When either of the following condition is satisfied.
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature (TH2) becomes -7°C.
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

#### • Model 50, 60

- (a) **Operating conditions:** When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is lower than 4°C or 13°C or higher continues for 30 seconds while the compressor command speed is other than 0 rps.
- (b) **Detail of operation:** The lower limit compressor command speed is change as shown in the figure below.



(c) **Reset conditions:** When either of the following condition is satisfied.

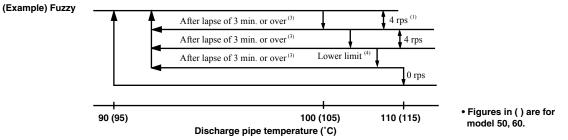
- 1) The outdoor air temperature (TH2) becomes  $6^{\circ}C \sim 11^{\circ}C$ .
- 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

#### (8) Compressor overheat protection

(a) **Purpose:** It is designed to prevent deterioration of oil, burnout of motor coil and other trouble resulting from the compressor overheat.

#### (b) Detail of operation

1) Speeds are controlled with temperature detected by the sensor mounted on the discharge pipe.



- Notes (1) When the discharge pipe temperature is in the range of 100~110°C (model 50, 60 : 105~115°C), the speed is reduced by 4 rps.
  - (2) When the discharge pipe temperature is raised and continues operation for 20 seconds without changing, then the speed is reduced again by 4 rps.
  - (3) If the discharge pipe temperature is in the range of 90~100°C (model 50, 60 : 95~105°C) even when the compressor command speed is maintained for 3 minutes when the temperature is in the range of 90~100°C (model 50, 60 : 95~105°C), the speed is raised by 1 rps and kept at that speed for 3 minutes. This process is repeated until the command speed is reached.
  - (4) Lower limit speed

Model	Item	Cooling	Heating
Lower Limit Speed	20~35	20 rps	30 rps
Lower Limit Speed	50, 60	25 rps	32 rps

2) If the temperature of 110°C (model 50, 60 : 115°C) is detected by the sensor on the discharge pipe, then the compressor will stop immediately.

When the discharge pipe temperature drops and the time delay of 3 minutes is over, the unit starts again within 1 hour but there is no start at the third time.

#### (9) Current safe

- (a) **Purpose:** Current is controlled not to exceed the upper limit of the setting operation current.
- (b) Detail of operation: Input current to the converter is monitored with the current sensor fixed on the printed circuit board
  - of the outdoor unit and, if the operation current value reaches the limiting current value, the compressor command speed is reduced.
    - If the mechanism is actuated when the compressor command speed is less than 30 rps, the compressor is stopped immediately. Operation starts again after a delay time of 3 minutes.

## (10) Current cut

- (a) Purpose: Inverter is protected from overcurrent.
- (b) Detail of operation: Output current from the inverter is monitored with a shunt resistor and, if the current exceeds the setting value, the compressor is stopped immediately. Operation starts again after a delay time of 3 minutes.

## (11) Outdoor unit failure

This is a function for determining when there is trouble with the outdoor unit during air conditioning.

The compressor is stopped if any one of the following in item (a), (b) is satisfied. Once the unit is stopped by this function, it is not restarted.

- (a) When the input current is measured at 1 A or less for 3 continuous minutes or more.
- (b) If the outdoor unit sends a 0 rps signal to the indoor unit 3 times or more within 20 minutes of the power being turned on.

#### (12) Indoor fan motor protection

When the air conditioner is operating and the indoor fan motor is turned ON, if the indoor fan motor has operated at 300 rpm or under for more than 30 seconds, the unit enters first in the stop mode and then stops the entire system.

#### (13) Serial signal transmission error protection

- (a) **Purpose:** Prevents malfunction resulting from error on the indoor  $\leftrightarrow$  outdoor signals.
- (b) Detail of operation: If the compressor is operating and a serial signal cannot be received from the indoor control with outdoor control having serial signals continues for 7 minute and 35 seconds, the compressor is

stopped. After the compressor has been stopped, it will be restarted after the compressor start delay if a serial signal can be received again from the indoor control.

#### (14) Rotor lock

If the motor for the compressor does not turn after it has been started, it is determined that a compressor lock has occurred and the compressor is stopped.

#### (15) Outdoor fan motor protection

If the outdoor fan motor has operated at 75 rpm or under for more than 30 seconds, the compressor and fan motor are stopped.

#### (16) Outdoor fan control at low outdoor temperature

- Cooling
- (a) **Operating conditions:** When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 22°C or lower continues for 30 seconds while the compressor command speed is other than 0 rps.
- (b) Detail of operation: After the outdoor fan operates at A speed for 60 seconds; the corresponding outdoor heat exchanger temperature shall implement the following controls.

• Value of A									
	Outdoor fan								
Outdoor temperature > 10°C	2nd speed								
Outdoor temperature ≦ 10°C	1st speed								

- Outdoor heat exchanger temperature ≤ 21°C After the outdoor fan speed drops (down) to 1 speed for 60 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than 21°C, gradually reduce the outdoor fan speed by 1 speed. (Lower limit 1st speed)
- 21°C < Outdoor heat exchanger temperature ≤ 38°C</li>
   After the outdoor fan speed maintains at A speed for 20 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is 21°C~
   38°C, maintain outdoor fan speed.
- 3) Outdoor heat exchanger tempeature > 38°C After the outdoor fan speed rises (up) to 1 speed for 60 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is higher than 38°C, gradually increase outdoor fan speed by 1 speed. (Upper limit 3rd speed)
- (c) **Reset conditions:** When either of the following conditions is satisfied
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 25°C or higher.
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

#### Heating

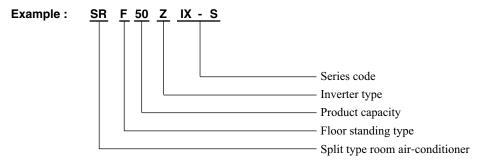
- (a) **Operating conditions:** When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 4°C or lower continues for 30 seconds while the compressor command speed is other than 0 rps.
- (b) Detail of operation: The outdoor fan is stepped up by 2 speed step at each 20 seconds. (Upper limit 8th speed)
- (c) Reset conditions: When either of the following conditions is satisfied
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 6°C or higher.
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

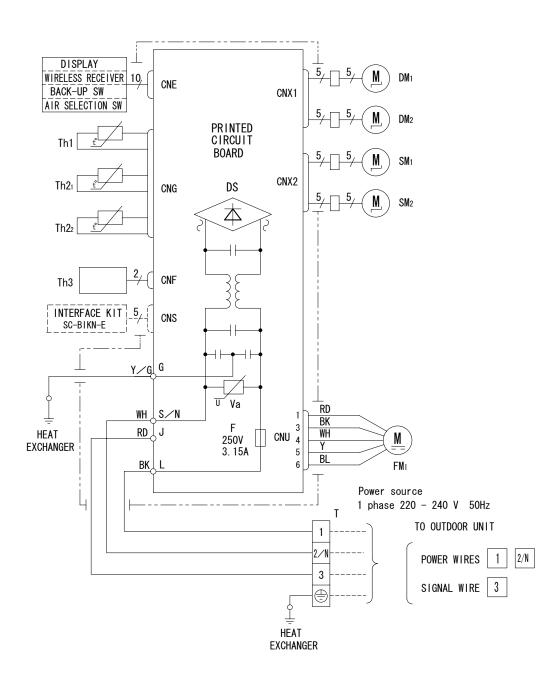
# 2. FLOOR STANDING TYPE(SRF)

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# ■ How to read the model name





ltem	Description	
CNE-CNX2	Connector	
FM	Fan motor	
<b>SM</b> 1, 2	Flap motor	
DM <sub>1</sub>	Damper motor	
DM <sub>2</sub>	Damper arm motor	
Th1	Room temp. sensor	
Th21, 2	Heat exch. sensor	
Th3	Humidity sensor	
DS	Diode stack	
F	Fuse	
Т	Terminal block	
Va	Varistor	

2.1 (1) Indoor unit **Electrical wiring** 

Models SRF25ZIX-S, 35ZIX-S, 50ZIX-S

Color Marks Color Black Blue Red White Yellow Y/G Yellow/Green

Mark

BK

BL

RD

WH

Υ

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь:

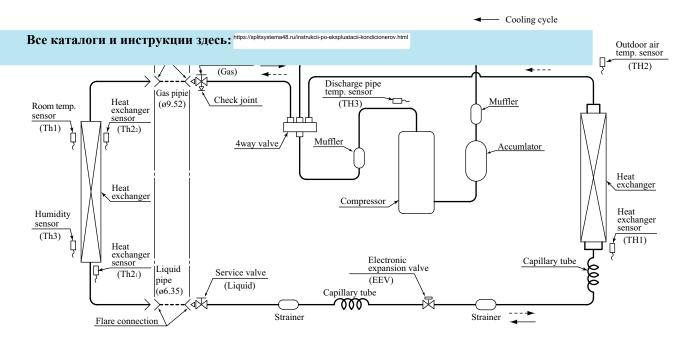
RWB000Z050

(2) Outdoor unit Models SRC25ZIX-S, 35ZIX-S Refer to page 4. Model SRC50ZIX-S

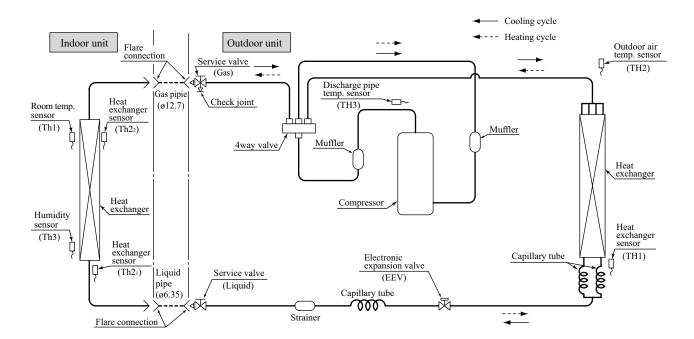
Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

# 2.2 Piping system

Model SRF25ZIX-S, 35ZIX-S

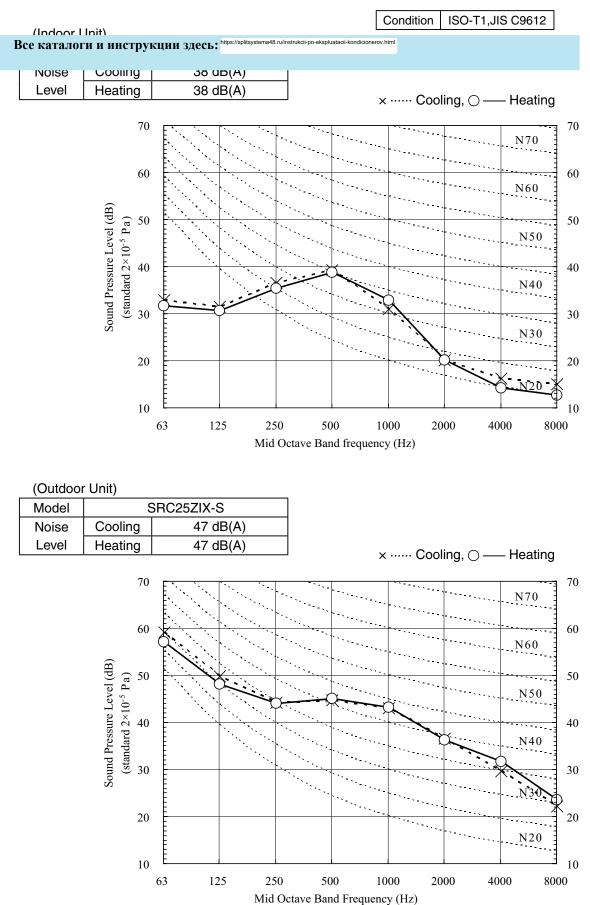


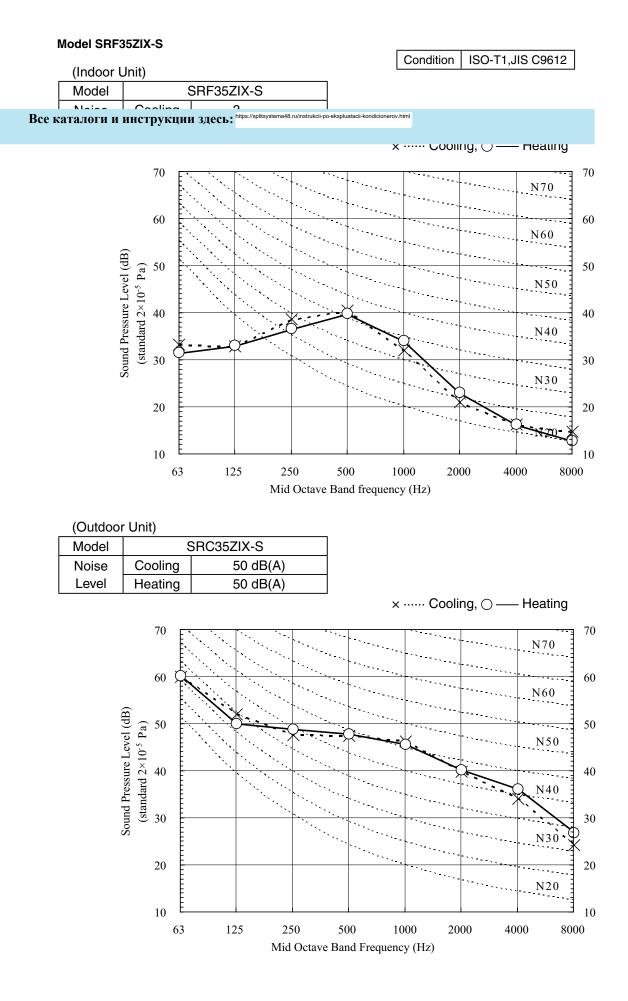
Model SRF50ZIX-S

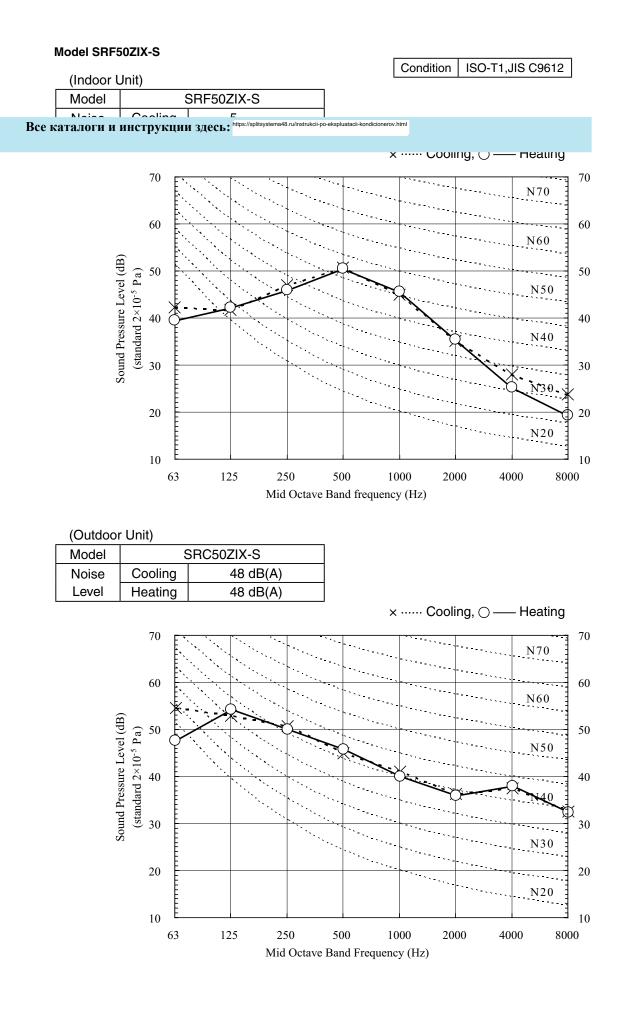


# 2.3 Noise level

Model SRF25ZIX-S







# 2.4 Sensible heat capacity

lodel	SRF25	<b>ZIX</b>	-S	Coc	ol Mode												Heat Mode					
								ndoor a	air temp	D												
	0.44	21°0			CDR		CDR	27°(			CDR		CDR		CDR	Air flow	outdoor		Ir	idoor air ter	np	
се ка	талогі	ии	инст	грун	кци	и зд	есь:	https://	splitsyste	ema48.n	u/instruko	cii-po-ek	spluatac	i-kondic	ionerov.htr	nl					22°CDB	24°CD
																					1.96	1.91
	10	2.82	2.39	2.95	2.35	3.06	2.46	3.11	2.43	3.16	2.40	3.26	2.50	3.34	2.44		-10°CWB	2.37	2.33	2.29	2.24	2.19
	12	2.77	2.37	2.90	2.33	3.01	2.45	3.07	2.42	3.12	2.39	3.22	2.49	3.31	2.43		-5°CWB	2.56	2.53	2.48	2.45	2.41
	14	2.71	2.34	2.85	2.30	2.97	2.43	3.03	2.40	3.08	2.38	3.18	2.48	3.28	2.42	Hi	0°CWB	2.69	2.65	2.60	2.57	2.53
	16	2.66	2.31	2.80	2.28	2.92	2.41	2.98	2.39	3.04	2.36	3.15	2.47	3.24	2.40	10.5	5°CWB	3.42	3.38	3.37	3.30	3.25
	18	2.60	2.29	2.74	2.26	2.88	2.39	2.94	2.37	2.99	2.34	3.11	2.45	3.20	2.39	(m³/min)	6°CWB	3.48	3.44	3.40	3.36	3.32
	20	2.55	2.26	2.68	2.23	2.83	2.37	2.89	2.35	2.95	2.32	3.07	2.43	3.17	2.38		10°CWB	3.70	3.66	3.64	3.59	3.55
	22	2.49	2.24	2.63	2.21	2.78	2.35	2.84	2.33	2.90	2.31	3.02	2.42	3.13	2.37		15°CWB	4.02	3.99	3.96	3.92	3.88
Hi	24	2.43	2.21	2.57	2.18	2.72	2.33	2.80	2.31	2.85	2.29	2.98	2.41	3.08	2.35		20°CWB	4.32	4.29	4.27	4.22	4.19
9.0	26	2.37	2.18	2.51	2.16	2.67	2.31	2.74	2.29	2.80	2.27	2.93	2.39	3.04	2.34							
(m <sup>3</sup> /min)	28	2.31	2.15	2.44	2.13	2.61	2.28	2.69	2.27	2.75	2.25	2.89	2.38	3.00	2.33							
	30	2.24	2.12	2.38	2.11	2.56	2.25	2.64	2.25	2.70	2.22	2.84	2.36	2.95	2.31							
	32	2.18	2.09	2.31	2.08	2.50	2.23	2.58	2.22	2.64	2.20	2.79	2.34	2.90	2.29							
	34	2.11	2.06	2.25	2.05	2.44	2.21	2.53	2.20	2.59	2.18	2.74	2.32	2.85	2.28							
	35	2.08	2.05	2.21	2.03	2.41	2.19	2.50	2.19	2.56	2.17	2.71	2.31	2.83	2.27							
	36	2.04	2.03	2.18	2.02	2.38	2.18	2.47	2.18	2.53	2.16	2.69	2.31	2.80	2.27							
	38	1.97	1.97	2.11	1.99	2.32	2.16	2.41	2.16	2.47	2.14	2.63	2.29	2.75	2.25							
	39	1.94	1.94	2.07	1.98	2.28	2.15	2.38	2.15	2.44	2.13	2.61	2.28	2.72	2.24							

Model SRF35ZIX-S

Cool Mode

							1	ndoor a	air temp	2					
Air flow	Outdoor	21°C	CDB	23°0	CDB	26°0	DDB	27°C	DDB	28°0	CDB	31°(	CDB	33°0	CDB
AIT HOW	air temp.	14°CWB		16°CWB		18°CWB		19°CWB		20°CWB		22°CWB		24°CWB	
		TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
	10	3.94	3.01	4.13	2.96	4.28	3.06	4.35	3.01	4.43	2.97	4.56	3.04	4.68	2.95
	12	3.87	2.97	4.06	2.92	4.22	3.03	4.29	2.99	4.37	2.95	4.51	3.02	4.63	2.93
	14	3.80	2.94	3.99	2.89	4.16	3.00	4.24	2.96	4.31	2.93	4.46	3.01	4.59	2.92
	16	3.72	2.90	3.91	2.86	4.09	2.97	4.18	2.94	4.25	2.90	4.40	2.99	4.54	2.90
	18	3.65	2.85	3.84	2.81	4.03	2.94	4.11	2.91	4.19	2.87	4.35	2.97	4.49	2.88
	20	3.57	2.81	3.76	2.78	3.96	2.91	4.05	2.88	4.13	2.85	4.29	2.95	4.43	2.87
	22	3.49	2.77	3.68	2.74	3.89	2.88	3.98	2.86	4.06	2.82	4.23	2.92	4.38	2.85
Hi	24	3.40	2.73	3.59	2.70	3.81	2.85	3.91	2.82	3.99	2.79	4.17	2.90	4.32	2.83
9.2	26	3.32	2.69	3.51	2.66	3.74	2.81	3.84	2.79	3.92	2.77	4.11	2.88	4.26	2.81
(m <sup>3</sup> /min)	28	3.23	2.65	3.42	2.62	3.66	2.78	3.77	2.77	3.85	2.74	4.04	2.86	4.20	2.78
	30	3.14	2.60	3.33	2.58	3.58	2.74	3.70	2.74	3.78	2.71	3.98	2.83	4.13	2.76
	32	3.05	2.56	3.24	2.54	3.50	2.71	3.62	2.70	3.70	2.67	3.91	2.80	4.06	2.74
	34	2.95	2.51	3.14	2.50	3.41	2.68	3.54	2.67	3.62	2.65	3.84	2.78	4.00	2.72
	35	2.91	2.49	3.10	2.47	3.37	2.66	3.50	2.65	3.58	2.63	3.80	2.77	3.96	2.71
	36	2.86	2.47	3.05	2.45	3.33	2.64	3.46	2.64	3.54	2.61	3.76	2.75	3.92	2.70
	38	2.76	2.42	2.95	2.41	3.24	2.60	3.38	2.60	3.46	2.58	3.69	2.72	3.85	2.67
	39	2.71	2.39	2.90	2.39	3.20	2.58	3.33	2.59	3.42	2.56	3.65	2.71	3.81	2.66

I	Heat Mode										
Air flow	outdoor air temp.	indoor air temp									
		16°CDB	18°CDB	20°CDB	22°CDB	24°CDB					
	-15°CWB	2.77	2.71	2.65	2.59	2.53					
	-10°CWB	3.13	3.08	3.04	2.96	2.90					
	-5°CWB	3.39	3.34	3.28	3.24	3.19					
Hi	0°CWB	3.56	3.51	3.44	3.40	3.35					
12.0	5°CWB	4.53	4.48	4.46	4.37	4.30					
(m³/min)	6°CWB	4.61	4.55	4.50	4.44	4.39					
	10°CWB	4.89	4.85	4.82	4.75	4.70					
	15°CWB	5.33	5.28	5.24	5.18	5.14					
	20°CWB	5.72	5.68	5.65	5.59	5.54					

Model	SRF50ZIX-S	Cool
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ol Mode

			Indoor air temp												
Air flow Ou	Outdoor	21°C	CDB	23°0	CDB	26°0	CDB	27°0	CDB	28°0	CDB	31°0	DDB	33°0	DDB
AIT HOW	air temp.	14°C	CWB	16°C	CWB	18°C	CWB	19°C	CWB	20°C	WB	22°C	CWB	24°C	CWB
		TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
	10	5.63	4.14	5.90	4.07	6.11	4.18	6.22	4.12	6.32	4.06	6.51	4.13	6.69	3.98
	12	5.53	4.09	5.80	4.02	6.03	4.13	6.14	4.08	6.25	4.02	6.44	4.09	6.62	3.96
	14	5.43	4.03	5.70	3.96	5.94	4.09	6.05	4.04	6.16	3.99	6.37	4.06	6.55	3.93
	16	5.32	3.97	5.59	3.91	5.85	4.04	5.96	4.00	6.08	3.94	6.29	4.03	6.48	3.91
	18	5.21	3.91	5.48	3.86	5.75	4.00	5.88	3.96	5.99	3.91	6.21	4.00	6.41	3.89
	20	5.10	3.85	5.37	3.80	5.65	3.95	5.78	3.92	5.90	3.87	6.13	3.97	6.33	3.86
	22	4.98	3.78	5.25	3.74	5.55	3.91	5.69	3.87	5.80	3.83	6.05	3.94	6.25	3.83
Hi	24	4.86	3.72	5.14	3.68	5.45	3.86	5.59	3.83	5.71	3.79	5.96	3.91	6.17	3.80
13.5	26	4.74	3.66	5.01	3.62	5.34	3.81	5.49	3.78	5.61	3.74	5.87	3.87	6.08	3.77
(m³/min)	28	4.61	3.60	4.89	3.56	5.23	3.76	5.39	3.74	5.50	3.70	5.78	3.84	5.99	3.74
	30	4.49	3.53	4.76	3.50	5.11	3.71	5.28	3.69	5.40	3.65	5.68	3.80	5.90	3.70
	32	4.35	3.46	4.63	3.44	5.00	3.66	5.17	3.65	5.29	3.61	5.58	3.76	5.81	3.67
	34	4.22	3.40	4.49	3.37	4.88	3.60	5.06	3.59	5.18	3.56	5.48	3.72	5.71	3.64
	35	4.15	3.36	4.42	3.34	4.82	3.58	5.00	3.57	5.12	3.54	5.43	3.70	5.66	3.62
	36	4.08	3.33	4.35	3.31	4.76	3.55	4.94	3.55	5.06	3.51	5.37	3.68	5.61	3.60
	38	3.94	3.26	4.21	3.24	4.63	3.49	4.82	3.50	4.94	3.47	5.27	3.64	5.50	3.56
	39	3.87	3.22	4.14	3.21	4.57	3.47	4.76	3.47	4.88	3.44	5.21	3.62	5.45	3.55

Air flow	outdoor air temp.	indoor air temp						
	un tomp:	16°CDB	18°CDB	20°CDB	22°CDB	24°CDB		
	-15°CWB	3.69	3.61	3.53	3.45	3.38		
	-10°CWB	4.18	4.10	4.05	3.95	3.86		
	-5°CWB	4.52	4.46	4.37	4.32	4.25		
Hi	0°CWB	4.74	4.67	4.59	4.54	4.47		
10.7	5°CWB	6.04	5.97	5.94	5.82	5.74		
(m <sup>3</sup> /min)	6°CWB	6.14	6.07	6.00	5.92	5.85		
	10°CWB	6.52	6.46	6.42	6.34	6.27		
	15°CWB	7.10	7.04	6.99	6.91	6.85		
	20°CWB	7.63	7.57	7.53	7.45	7.39		

Heat Mode

# 2.5 Application data 2.5.1 Installation of indoor unit

RFB012A002 A This instruction manual illustrates the method of installing an indoor unit.

For electrical wiring work, please see instructions set out on the backside.

For outdoor unit installation and refrigerant piping, please refer to the installation manual that comes with your outdoor unit.

A wired remote control unit is supplied separately as an optional part.

## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

• For installing qualified personnel, take precautions in respect to themselves by using suitable protective clothing, groves, etc., and then perform the installation works.

• Though the precautionary points indicated herein are divided under two headings. WARNING and CAUTION, those points which are related to the strong possibility of an installation done in error resulting in death, serious injury or environmental pollution are listed in the WARNING section. However, there is also a possibility of serious consequences in relationship to the points listed in the CAUTION section as well. In either case, important safety related information is indicated, so by all means, properly observe all that is mentioned.

Please pay attention not to fall down the tools, etc. when installing the unit at the high position.

Please read these "Safety Precautions" first then accurately execute the installation work.

After completing the installation, along with confirming that no abnormalities were seen from the operation tests. Please explain operating methods as well as maintenance methods to the user (customer) of this equipment, based on the user's manual. Moreover, ask the customer to keep this sheet together with the user's manual.
 If unusual noise can be heard during operation, consult the dealer.

• To disconnect the appliance from the mains supply this appliance must be connected to the mains by means of a circuit breaker or a switch (use a • Please avoid installing this unit in the locations where oil splashes and moisture are abundant (e.g., kitchens, mechanical workshops) or where the recognized 16A) with a contact separation of at least 3mm. outside air is likely to flow in. These locations may cause corrosion and lower performance of the heat exchanger and cause damage to plastic parts. The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.
 When a plug is connected to the power cord, a plug conforming to the IEC60884-1 standard must be used. • Please avoid installing this unit in the locations with corrosive gases (such as sulfurous acid gas), inflammable gases (such as thinner, gasoline) and areas where there are possibilities of gas accumulation or where a volatile inflammable material is handled. These locations can cause corrosion to • This system should be applied to places as households, residences and the like. Application to inferior environment such as engineering shop the heat exchanger and damage to plastic parts. Also, the inflammable gas could cause fire. Please avoid installing this unit in the vicinity of equipment generating electromagnetic waves such as hospital equipment or equipment generating could cause equipment malfunction. Please entrust installation to either the company which sold you the equipment or to a professional contractor. Defects from improper installations high-frequency waves. A failure to observe this instruction may result in controller performance errors due to noise generation. Please avoid installing and using this unit in a place where it is subject to sea breezes (coastal area). Installation in such a place may result in the can be the cause of water leakage, electric shocks and fires. • Execute the installation accurately, based on following the installation manual, Again, improper installations can result in water leakage, electric corrosion of exterior panels and the heat exchanger. shocks and fires. Do not place the remote control at locations that receives direct sunlight. This may cause malfunction and deformation. • For installation, confirm that the installation site can sufficiently support heavy weight. When strength is insufficient, injury can result from a falling • Spatters from welding, etc., if hit the unit, can damage (pinhole) its drain pan and other components and cause a water leak. Care must be taken in performing a welding operation near this unit and take necessary precautions to prevent spatters from entering this unit. of the unit. • For electrical work, please see that a licensed electrician executes the work while following the safety standards related to electrical equipment. · For installation work, be careful not to get injured with the heat exchanger, piping flare portion or screws etc. and local regulations as well as the installation instructions, and that only exclusive use circuits are used. • For the drain pipe, follow the installation manual to insure that it allows proper drainage and thermally insulate it to prevent condensation. Insufficient power source circuit capacity and defective installment execution can be the cause of electric shocks and fires. Inadequate plumbing can result in water leakage and water damage to interior items. • The installation of an earth leakage breaker is necessary depending on the established location of the unit. Not installing an earth leakage breaker · Accurately connect wiring using the proper cable, and insure that the external force of the cable is not conducted to the terminal connection part, may result in electric shock. through properly securing it. Improper connection or securing can result in heat generation or fire. • Take care that wiring does not rise upward, and accurately install the lid/service panel. It's improper installation can also result in heat generation or fire When perform the air conditioner operation (cooling or drying operation) in which ventilator is installed in the room. In this case, using the air conditioner in Always use accessory parts and authorized parts for installation construction. Using parts not authorized by this company can result in water parallel with the ventilator, there is the possibility that drain water may backflow in accordance with the room lapse into the negative pressure status. leakage, electric shock, fire and refrigerant leakage. Therefore, set up the opening port such as incorporate the air into the room that may appropriate to ventilation (For example: Open the door a little). In Ventilate the work area when refrigerant leaks during the operation. addition, just as above, so set up the opening port if the room lapse into negative pressure status due to register of the wind for the high rise apartment etc. Coming in contact with fire, refrigerant could generate toxic gas. Secure the regulated space for inspection and maintenance · Confirm after the foundation construction work that refrigerant does not leak. When it is not possible to keep enough space, this may cause injury due to falling from the installation place. If coming in contact with fire of a fan heater, a stove or a movable cooking stove, etc., refrigerant leaking in the room could generate toxic gas. • To prevent the falling, institute the everlasting ladder and handrail etc., to the aisle when installing the outdoor unit in the location with rooftop or • Turn off the power source during working on the inside of the unit such as servicing or installing work. altitude. Or, for surrounding of the outdoor unit, institute the fence and handrail etc., to the aisle to prevent the falling. This may cause electric shock. · Performing the heat insulation and condensation of the refrigerant piping • Use only pipe, flare nut and tools that have been designed to operate with R410A. If the heat insulation and condensation of the refrigerant piping is not correctly, this may cause the water leakage, dew dropping and household wetting etc. Using existing parts (R22) may cause the unit failure, even as due to serious accident such as explosion of the cooling cycle or injury etc. · Be careful not to injury due to damage of the unit installing work when leaving of the packaging materials. • For pump down work, stop the compressor before removing the refrigerant pipe. If the refrigerant pipe is removed when the compressor is in operation with the service valves open (liquid side and gas side), air would be mixed in • Do not install the unit where there is a concern about leakage of combustible gas. the refrigerant circuit and this may cause explosion and injuries due to abnormal high pressure in the cooling cycle. The rare event of leaked gas collecting around the unit could result in an outbreak of fire. · Connect the pipes for refrigerant circuit securely in installation work before compressor is operated Do not touch the suction or aluminum fin on the outdoor unit This may cause injury. If the compressor is operated when the service valve is open without connecting the pipe, this may cause frostbite and injuries due to refrigerant Do not install the outdoor unit where is likely to be a nest for small animals leakage rapidly. Also, the unit is absorbed the air etc., this may cause explosion and injuries due to abnormal high pressure in the cooling cycle. Small animals may come into the electronic components and may cause breakdown and fire. Also instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean Tighten the flare nut by torque wrench with specified method. If the flare nut were tightened with excess torque, this may cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long period, and then, this may cause Do not install the outdoor unit at the place where fan airflow falls on the garden tree etc. This may cause damage to the garden tree etc., due to the fan airflow. generate the harmful substance due to touch the flammable materials. Make sure there is no dust or clogging on both plug and socket nor loose connection of the socket before plugging of the power plug. Then, the Do not put anything on the outdoor unit and operating the unit. This may cause damage the objects or injury due to falling to the object. power plug must be inserted tightly. Accumulation of dust, clogging on the socket or plug, or loose installation of the socket may cause electric shock and fire. Replace the socket if it is loose • Do not open the service valves (liquid side and gas side) until refrigerant piping construction, air-tightness test and evacuation are completed Symbols which appear frequently in the text have the following meaning: This may cause frostbite and injuries due to refrigerant leakage rapidly. Also, if the refrigerant gas leakage occurs during installing work, stop the work such as brazing work and then ventilation of the room. This may cause generate the toxic gas due to touch the flammable materials. Observe instructions with Strictly prohibited Provide proper earthing • Do not put the drain pipe directly into the ditch where toxic gas such as sulfur is generated. great care  $\sim$ Toxic gas would flow into the room. Also, this may cause corrosion of indoor unit, and malfunction or refrigerant leakage. • Be sure to bring back the packing material, form polystyrene, band and vinyl back etc., of the indoor and/or outdoor units after complete the installation work, and then implement appropriate measures such as breaking them. CAUTIONS FOR INSTALLATION • When setting up or moving the location of the air conditioner, do not mix air etc. or anything other than the designated refrigerant (R410A) within the refrigeration cycle. Rupture and injury caused by abnormal high pressure can result from such mixing. OThe system should be applied to places as households, residences and the like. Do not processing, splice the power cord, or share a socket with other power plugs. OThe equipment shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations. This may cause fire or electric shock due to defecting contact, defecting insulation and over-current etc. O The connection to the fixed wiring of the mains supply must be made via a double pole isolating switch with a contact gap of at least 3mm in each pole. • Do not bundling, winding or processing for the power cord. Or, do not deforming the power plug due to tread it This may cause fire or heating. O When the outdoor unit has a possibility of being overturned or being displaced and fall from its original installation position, the outdoor unit should be fixed in its position by use of anchor bolts or wires. Do not vent R410A into the atomosphere:R410A is a fluorinated greenhouse gas, covered by the Kyoto Protocol with a Groval Warming Potential (GWP)=1975 • Execute proper grounding. Do not connect the ground wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod or a telephone ground wire. Improper placemen of ground wires can result in electric shock.

S

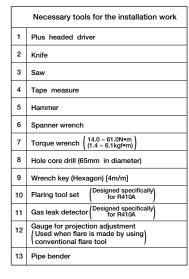
S

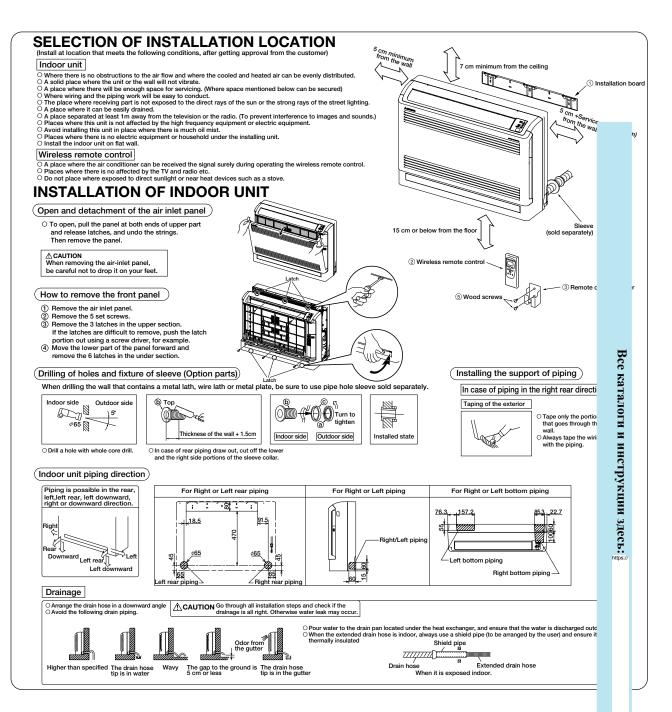
#### (BEFORE INSTALLATION

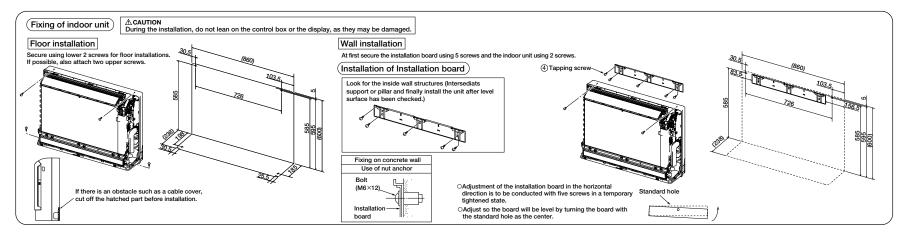
 $\bigcirc \mathsf{Before}$  installation check that the power supply matches the air conditioner.

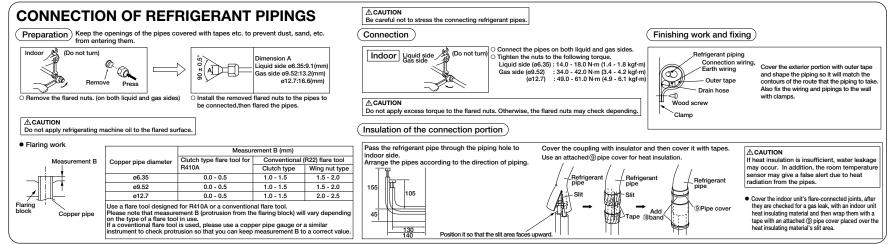
s	tandard accessories (Installation kit) Accessories for indoor unit	Q'ty
1	Installation board (Attached to the rear of the indoor unit)	1
2	Wireless remote control	1
3	Remote control holder	1
4	Tapping screws (for installation board 4dia. by 25mm)	9
5	Wood screw (for remote control switch holder 3.5(mm). by 16mm)	2
6	Battery [R03(AAA,Micro) 1.5V]	2
1	Air-cleaning filters	2
8	Filter holders (Attached to the front panel of indoor unit)	2
9	Pipe cover (200mm)	1
10	Band	2

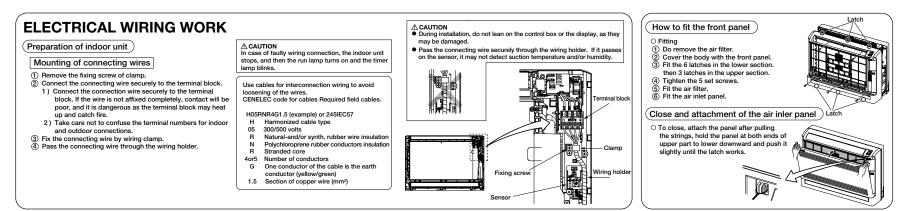
	Option parts					
a	Sealing plate	1				
b	Sleeve	1				
©	Inclination plate	1				
đ	Putty	1				
e	Drain hose (extention hose)	1				
Ð	Piping cover (for insulation of connection piping)	1				

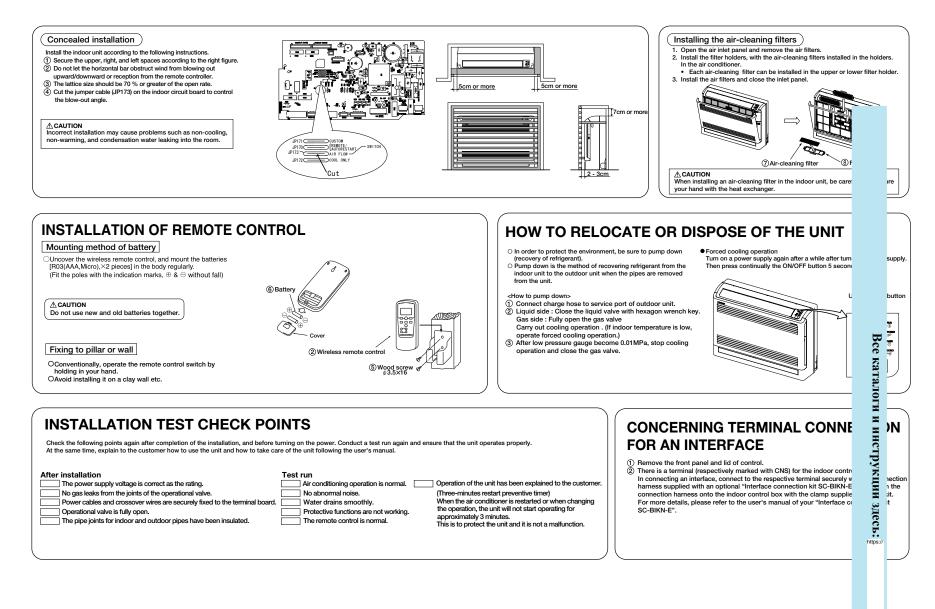












# 2.5.2 Installation of outdoor unit Models SRC25ZIX-S, 35ZIX-S

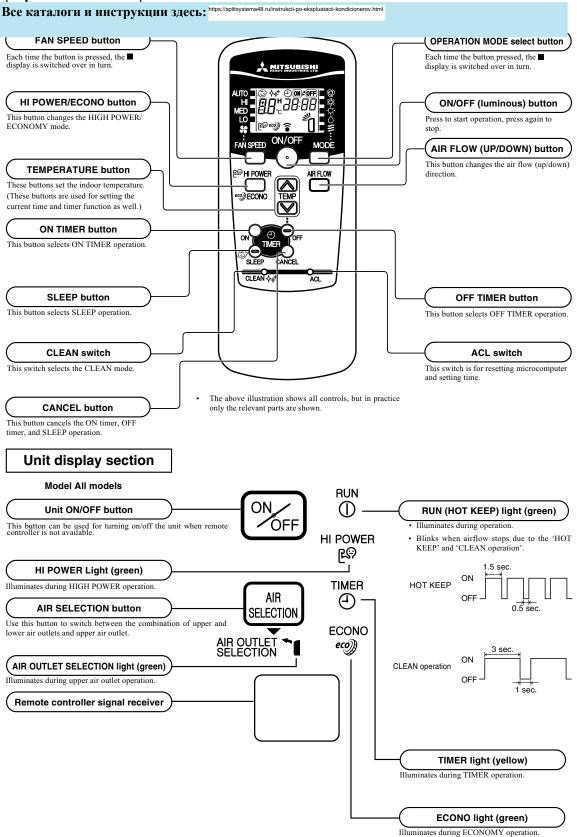
Refer to page 18.

Model SRC50ZIX-S

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

# 2.6 Outline of operation control by microcmputer2.6.1 Operation control function by remote controller





# 2.6.2 Unit ON/OFF button

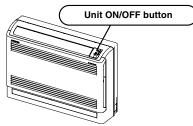
When the remote controller batteries become weak, or if the remote controller is lost or malfunctioning, this button may be used to turn the unit on and off.

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

## (2) Details of operation

The unit will go into the automatic mode in which it automatically determines, from indoor temperature (as detected by sensor), whether to go into the cooling, thermal dry or heating modes.

Function operation mode	Indoor temperature setting	Fan speed	Flap/Louver	Timer Switch
Cooling	About 24°C			
Thermal dry	About 25°C	Auto	Auto	Continuous
Heating	About 26°C			



# 2.6.3 Auto restart function

(1) Auto restart function records the operational status of the air-conditioner immediately prior to be switched off by a power cut, and then automatically resumes operations after the power has been restored.

Jumper wire (J170)

Jumper wire (J171)

- (2) The following settings will be cancelled:
  - (a) Timer settings
  - (b) HIGH POWER operations
- Notes (1) Auto restart function is set at on when the air-conditioner is shipped from the factory. Consult with your dealer if this function needs to be switched off.
  - (2) When power failure ocurrs, the timer setting is cancelled. Once power is resumed, reset the timer.
  - (3) If the jumper wire (J170) "AUTO RESTART" is cut, auto restart is disabled. (See the diagram at right)

# 2.6.4 Custom cord switching procedure

If two wireless remote controller are installed in one room, in order to prevent wrong operation due to mixed signals, please modify the printed circuit board in the indoor unit's control box and the remote controller using the following procedure. Be sure to modify both boards. If only one board is modified, receiving (and operation) cannot be done.

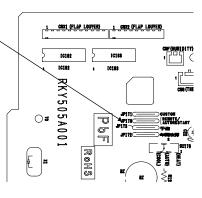
## (1) Modifying the indoor printed circuit board

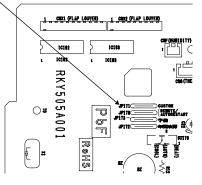
Take out the printed circuit board from the control box and cut off jumper wire (J171) using wire cutters.

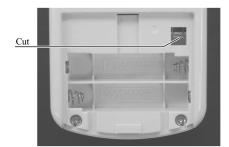
After cutting of the jumper wire, take measures to prevent contact with the other the lead wires, etc.

#### (2) Modifying the wireless remote controller

- (a) Remove the battery.
- (b) Cut the jumper wire shown in the figure at right.







# 2.6.5 Flap control

Control the flap by AIRFLOW  $\clubsuit$  (UP/DOWN) button on the wireless remote controller.

(1) Flap

е каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html						
$ [Plap stopped] \longrightarrow [I] $						
Angle of Flap from Horizontal						
Domoto controllor	L	2	<b>N</b>	<b>`</b>	~ 1	
					=[]	
Remote controller display COOL , DRY, FAN	Approx. 60°	Approx. 50°	Approx. 38°	Approx. 21.5°	Approx. 12°	

(2) Swing

## (a) Swing flap

Flap moves in upward and downward directions continuously.



Approx.5°

Approx.44°

♦ In COOL, DRY, FAN operation

Approx.12°

Approx.60°



When you press the AIRFLOW button once while the flap is operating, it stops swinging at the position. Since this angle is memorized in the microcomputer, the flap will automatically be set at this angle when the next operation is started.

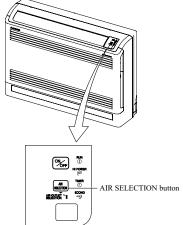
## (4) When not operating

The flap returns to the position of air flow directly below, when operation has stopped.

# 2.6.6 Air outlet selection

- (1) AIR SELECTION button can switch between the combination of upper and lower air outlets and upper air outlet. Not operable while the air conditioner is OFF.
  - (a) Each time the AIR SELECTION button is pressed. The combination of the upper and lower air outlets and the upper air outlet can be switched.
  - (b) When the upper air outlet is selected, AIR OUTLET SELECTION light on the unit display area will light green.

$\longrightarrow$ Upper and lower air outlets $-$	────→ Upper air outlet ───
AIR OUTLET SELECTION light : OFF	AIR OUTLET SELECTION light : ON



# (2) Auto air outlet selection (a) COOL, DRY operation

1) In case both lower and upper outlets operation is selected in Cooling or Dry operation, both outlets will be kept for sixty minutes after the start or until indoor

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2) In case both outlets operation with Auto ran speed mode is selected, the upper outlet will be kept for ten minutes after the start or until indoor temperature is close to reaching the setting point. And then the air outlet will change to both outlets in order to spread comfort air to every corner.

#### (b) HEAT operation

- In case both lower and upper outlets operation with Auto fan speed mode is selected, the lower outlet will be kept for twenty minutes after the start or until room temperature is close to reaching the setting point. And then the air outlet will change to both outlets. That state will be maintained until the switch is turned off.
- 2) Automatic adjustment of lower air outlet direction prevents stirring up of warm air and keeps optimum comfort at floor level.

# 2.6.7 Timer operation

# (1) Comfortable timer setting (ON timer)

If the timer is set at ON when the operation select switch is set at the cooling or heating, or the cooling or heating in auto mode operation is selected, the comfortable timer starts and determines the starting time of next operation based on the initial value of 15 minutes and the relationship between the indoor temperature at the setting time (temperature of room temperature sensor) and the setting temperature.

#### (2) Sleep timer operation

Pressing the SLEEP button causes the temperature to be controlled with respect to the set temperature.

#### (3) OFF timer operation

The Off timer can be set at a specific time (in 10-minute units) within a 24-hour period.

# 2.6.8 Outline of heating operation

## (1) Operation of major functional components in heating mode

	Heating							
	Thermostat ON	Thermostat OFF	Failure					
Compressor	ON	OFF	OFF					
Indoor fan motor	ON	ON(HOT KEEP)	OFF					
Outdoor fan motor	ON	OFF (few minutes ON)	OFF					
4-way valve	ON	ON	OFF (3 minutes ON)					

## (2) Details of control at each operation mode (pattern)

#### (a) Fuzzy operation

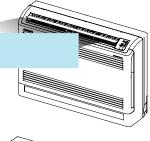
Deviation between the indoor temperature setting correction temperature and the return air temperature is calculated in accordance with the fuzzy rule, and used for control of the air capacity and the compressor speed.

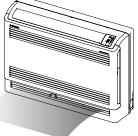
Model Fan speed	SRF25ZIX-S	SRF35ZIX-S	SRF50ZIX-S
Auto	30~102rps	30~115rps	12~110rps
HI	30~102rps	30~115rps	12~110rps
MED	30~76rps	30~106rps	12~80rps
LO	30~58rps	30~80rps	12~60rps

When the defrosting, protection device, etc. is actuated, operation is performed in the corresponding mode.

#### (b) Hot keep operation

If the hot keep operation is selected during the heating operation, the indoor blower is controlled based on the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger (Th2) to prevent blowing of cool wind.





## (3) Defrosting operation

- (a) Starting conditions (Defrosting operation can be started only when all of the following conditions are met.)
  - After start of heating operation
     When it elapsed 45 (model 50 : 35) minutes. (Accumulated compressor operation time)

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

- Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TH1) temperature When the temperature has been below -5°C for 3 minutes continuously.
- 4) The difference between the outdoor air sensor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature
  - The outdoor air temperature  $\ge 0^{\circ}$ C (model 50 :  $\ge -2^{\circ}$ C ) : 7°C or higher
  - -15°C  $\leq$  The outdoor air temperature < 0°C (model 50 : < -2°C) : 4/15 × The outdoor air temperature + 7°C or higher
  - The outdoor air temperature  $< -15^{\circ}$ C :  $-5^{\circ}$ C or higher
- 5) During continuous compressor operation
  - In addition, when the speed command from the indoor controller of the indoor unit during heating operation has counted 0 rps 10 times or more and all conditions of 1), 2), 3) and 5) above and the outdoor air temperature is  $3^{\circ}$ C or less are satisfied (note that when the temperature for outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TH1) is -5°C or less: 62 rps or more, -4°C or less: less than 62 rps), defrost operation is started.
- (b) Ending conditions (Operation returns to the heating cycle when either one of the following is met.)
  - 1) Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TH1) temperature: 13°C (model 50 : 10°C) or higher
  - 2) Continued operation time of defrosting  $\rightarrow$  For more than 15 min.

# 2.6.9 Outline of cooling operation

## (1) Operation of major functional components in Cooling mode

	Cooling						
	Thermostat ON	Thermostat OFF	Failure				
Compressor	ON	OFF	OFF				
Indoor fan motor	ON	ON	OFF				
Outdoor fan motor	ON	OFF (few minutes ON)	OFF (few minutes ON)				
4-way valve	OFF	OFF	OFF				

## (2) Detail of control in each mode (Pattern)

#### (a) Fuzzy operation

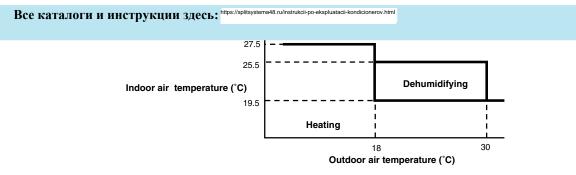
During the fuzzy operation, the air flow and the compressor speed are controlled by calculating the difference between the indoor temperature setting correction temperature and the return air temperature.

Model Fan speed	SRF25ZIX-S	SRF35ZIX-S	SRF50ZIX-S
Auto	20~72rps	20~104rps	12~86rps
HI	20~72rps	20~104rps	12~86rps
MED	20~48rps	20~70rps	12~58rps
LO	20~34rps	20~46rps	12~38rps

# 2.6.10 Outline of automatic operation

# (1) Determination of operation mode

The unit checks the indoor temperature and the outdoor air temperature, determines the operation mode, and then begins in the



- (2) The unit checks the temperature every hour after the start of operation and, if the result of check is not same as the previous operation mode, changes the operation mode.
- (3) When the unit is started again within one hour after the stop of automatic operation or when the automatic operation is selected during heating, cooling or dehumidifying operation, the unit is operated in the previous operation mode.
- (4) Setting temperature can be adjusted within the following range. There is the relationship as shown below between the signals of the wireless remote controller and the setting temperature.

														Unit : °C
	_				Sig	nals of v	wireless	remote	controll	er (Disp	lay)			
		-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	±0	+1	+2	+3	+4	+5	+6
Setting temperature	Cooling	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	Dehumidifying	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Heating	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

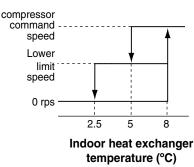
# 2.6.11 Protective control function

(1) Frost prevention control (During cooling or dehumidifying)

# (a) Operating conditions

- 1) Indoor heat exchanger temperature (Th2) is lower than 5°C.
- 2) 5 minutes after reaching the compressor command speed except 0 rps.
- (b) Detail of anti-frost operation

Indoor heat exchanger temperature Item		2.5°C or lower	
Lower limit of compressor command speed	22 rps (model 50 : 25 rps)	0 rps	
Indoor fan	Depends on operation mode	Protects the fan tap just before frost prevention control	
Outdoor fan	Depends on command speed	Depends on stop mode	
4-way valve	OFF		



Notes (1) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of  $2.5 \times 5$  °C, the speed is reduced by 4 rps at each 20 seconds.

(2) When the temperature is lower than 2.5 °C, the compressor is stopped.
(3) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of 5~8 °C, the compressor command speed is been maintained.

#### (c) Reset conditions: When either of the following condition is satisfied.

- 1) The indoor heat exchanger temperature (Th2) is 8°C or higher.
- 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

#### (2) Cooling overload protective control

(a) Operating conditions: When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) has become continuously for 30 seconds at 41°C or more, or 47°C or more (Models 50, 60: 41°C or more) with the compressor running, the lower limit speed of compressor is brought up.

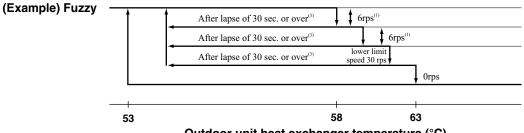
Все каталоги и инструкции зде	есь: Model			SRF50ZIX-S
	Outdoor air temperature	41°C or more	47°C or more	41°C or more
	Lower limit speed	30 rps	40 rps	30 rps

#### (b) Detail of operation

- 1) The outdoor fan is stepped up by 3 speed step. (Upper limit 7th (model 50 : 8th) speed.)
- 2) The lower limit of compressor command speed is set to 30 or 40 (SRF50 : 30) rps and even if the calculated result becomes lower than that after fuzzy calculation, the speed is kept to 30 or 40 (SRF50 : 30) rps. However, when the thermo becomes OFF, the speed is reduced to 0 rps.
- (c) Reset conditions: When either of the following condition is satisfied.
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature is lower than 40°C or 46°C.
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

#### (3) Cooling high pressure control

- Purpose: Prevents anomalous high pressure operation during cooling. (a)
- (b) Detector: Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TH1)
- (c) Detail of operation:



#### Outdoor unit heat exchanger temperature (°C)

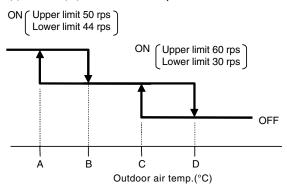
- Notes (1) When the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of 58~63 °C, the speed is reduced by 6 rps at each 30 seconds. (2)
  - When the temperature is 63 °C or higher, the compressor is stopped.
  - When the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of 53~58 °C, if the compressor command speed is been maintained and the operation has (3)continued for more than 30 seconds at the same speed, it returns to the normal cooling operation.

#### (4) Cooling low outdoor temperature protective control

- (a) Operating conditions: When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 22°C or lower continues for 20 seconds while the
  - compressor command speed is other than 0 rps.

### (b) Detail of operation:

- The lower limit of the compressor command speed is set to 44 (30) rps and even if the speed becomes lower than 44 (30) 1) rps, the speed is kept to 44 (30) rps. However, when the thermo becomes OFF, the speed is reduced to 0 rps.
- 2) The upper limit of the compressor command speed is set to 50 (60) rps and even if the calculated result becomes higher than that after fuzzy calculation, the speed is kept to 50 (60) rps.
- (1) Values in ( ) are for outdoor air temperature is 22°C or 25°C Note



•	Values	of A,	В,	С,	D
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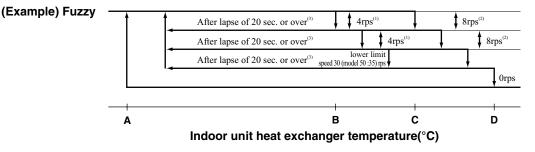
	(	Outdoor ai	r temp. (°C	)
	Α	В	С	D
First time	0	3	22	25
Since the seconds times	7	10	25	28

- (c) Reset conditions: When either of the following condition is satisfied
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature (TH2) is D °C or higher.
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

# Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

(b) **Detector:** Indoor heat exchanger sensor (Th2)

## (c) Detail of operation:



- Notes (1) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of B~C °C, the speed is reduced by 4 rps at each 20 seconds. (2) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of C~D °C, the speed is reduced by 8 rps at each 20 seconds. When the temperature is D °C
  - or higher continues for 1 minute, the compressor is stopped.
    (3) When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is in the range of A~B °C, if the compressor command speed is been maintained and the operation has continued for more than 20 seconds at the same speed, it returns to the normal heating operation.
  - (4) Indoor blower retains the fan tap when it enters in the high pressure control. Outdoor blower is operated in accordance with the speed.

# Temperature list

Models : 25 , 35				Unit : °C
	Α	В	С	D
RPSmin < 50	48	53	55	58
50 ≦ RPSmin < 104	48.5	56	58	61
104 ≦ RPSmin	42.1	44	47.3	61
Model : 50				Unit : °C
	Α	В	С	D
RPSmin < 88	48.5	56	58	61
88 ≦ RPSmin < 108	44	51.5	53.5	56.5
108 ≦ RPSmin	39	46.5	48.5	51.5

Note (1) RPSmin: The lower one between the outdoor speed and the compressor command speed

#### (6) Heating overload protective control

(a) Operating conditions: When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 22°C (model 50 : 17°C) or higher continues for 30

seconds while the compressor command speed other than 0 rps.

## (b) Detail of operation:

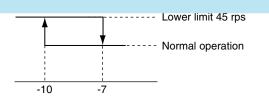
- 1) Taking the upper limit of compressor command speed range at 60 rps (model 50 : 50 rps), if the output speed obtained with the fuzzy calculation exceeds the upper limit, the upper limit value is maintained.
- 2) The lower limit of compressor command speed is set to 40 rps (model 50 : 35 rps) and even if the calculated result becomes lower than that after fuzzy calculation, the speed is kept to 40 rps (model 50 : 35 rps). However, when the thermo becomes OFF, the speed is reduced to 0 prs.
- 3) Inching prevention control is activated and inching prevention control is carried out with the minimum speed set at 40 rps (model 50 : 35 rps).
- 4) The outdoor fan is set on 2nd speed.
- 5) The indoor fan is stepped up by 1 speed step. (Upper limit 8th speed)
- (c) Reset conditions: The outdoor air temperature (TH2) is lower than 21°C (model 50 : 16°C).

#### (7) Heating low outdoor temperature protective control

- Models : 20 , 35
- (a) **Operating conditions:** When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is lower than -10°C or higher continues for 30 seconds while the compressor command speed is other than 0 rps.

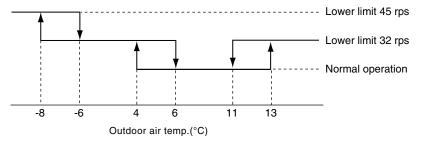
below.

#### Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-eks



Outdoor air temp.(°C)

- (c) **Reset conditions:** When either of the following condition is satisfied.
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature (TH2) becomes -7°C.
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.
- Model 50
- (a) **Operating conditions:** When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is lower than 4°C or 13°C or higher continues for 30 seconds while the compressor command speed is other than 0 rps.
- (b) Detail of operation: The lower limit compressor command speed is change as shown in the figure below.



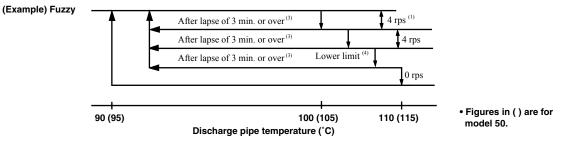
- (c) Reset conditions: When either of the following condition is satisfied.
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature (TH2) becomes  $6^{\circ}C \sim 11^{\circ}C$ .
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

## (8) Compressor overheat protection

(a) **Purpose:** It is designed to prevent deterioration of oil, burnout of motor coil and other trouble resulting from the compressor overheat.

#### (b) Detail of operation

1) Speeds are controlled with temperature detected by the sensor mounted on the discharge pipe.



- Notes (1) When the discharge pipe temperature is in the range of 100~110°C (model 50 : 105~115°C), the speed is reduced by 4 rps.
  - (2) When the discharge pipe temperature is raised and continues operation for 20 seconds without changing, then the speed is reduced again by 4 rps.
  - (3) If the discharge pipe temperature is in the range of 90~100°C (model 50 : 95~105°C) even when the compressor command speed is maintained for 3 minutes when the temperature is in the range of 90~100°C (model 50 : 95~105°C), the speed is raised by 1 rps and kept at that speed for 3 minutes. This process is repeated until the command speed is reached.
  - (4) Lower limit speed

Model	Item	Cooling	Heating	
Lower limit speed	25,35	20 rps	30 rps	
	50	25 rps	32 rps	

2) If the temperature of 110°C (model 50 : 115°C) is detected by the sensor on the discharge pipe, then the compressor will stop immediately.

When the discharge pipe temperature drops and the time delay of 3 minutes is over, the unit starts again within 1 hour but there is no start at the third time.

# Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

(a) I upose. Current is controlled not to execce the upper limit of the setting operation current.

(b) Detail of operation: Input current to the converter is monitored with the current sensor fixed on the printed circuit board of the outdoor unit and, if the operation current value reaches the limiting current value, the compressor command speed is reduced.

If the mechanism is actuated when the compressor command speed is less than 30 rps, the compressor is stopped immediately. Operation starts again after a delay time of 3 minutes.

#### (10) Current cut

- (a) **Purpose:** Inverter is protected from overcurrent.
- (b) Detail of operation: Output current from the inverter is monitored with a shunt resistor and, if the current exceeds the setting value, the compressor is stopped immediately. Operation starts again after a delay time of 3 minutes.

# (11) Outdoor unit failure

This is a function for determining when there is trouble with the outdoor unit during air conditioning.

The compressor is stopped if any one of the following in item (a), (b) is satisfied. Once the unit is stopped by this function, it is not restarted.

- (a) When the input current is measured at 1 A or less for 3 continuous minutes or more.
- (b) If the outdoor unit sends a 0 rps signal to the indoor unit 3 times or more within 20 minutes of the power being turned on.

#### (12) Indoor fan motor protection

When the air conditioner is operating and the indoor fan motor is turned ON, if the indoor fan motor has operated at 150 rpm or under for more than 30 seconds, the unit enters first in the stop mode and then stops the entire system.

## (13) Serial signal transmission error protection

- (a) **Purpose:** Prevents malfunction resulting from error on the indoor  $\leftrightarrow$  outdoor signals.
- (b) Detail of operation: If the compressor is operating and a serial signal cannot be received from the indoor control with out-

door control having serial signals continues for 7 minute and 35 seconds, the compressor is stopped. After the compressor has been stopped, it will be restarted after the compressor start delay if a serial signal can be received again from the indoor control.

#### (14) Rotor lock

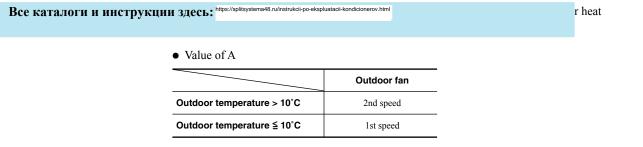
If the motor for the compressor does not turn after it has been started, it is determined that a compressor lock has occurred and the compressor is stopped.

### (15) Outdoor fan motor protection

If the outdoor fan motor has operated at 75 rpm or under for more than 30 seconds, the compressor and fan motor are stopped.

## (16) Outdoor fan control at low outdoor temperature

- ♦ Cooling
- (a) **Operating conditions:** When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 22°C or lower continues for 30 seconds while the compressor command speed is other than 0 rps.



- Outdoor heat exchanger temperature ≤ 21°C After the outdoor fan speed drops (down) to 1 speed for 60 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than 21°C, gradually reduce the outdoor fan speed by 1 speed. (Lower limit 1st speed)
- 21°C < Outdoor heat exchanger temperature ≤ 38°C</li>
   After the outdoor fan speed maintains at A speed for 20 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is 21°C~
   38°C, maintain outdoor fan speed.
- 3) Outdoor heat exchanger tempeature > 38°C After the outdoor fan speed rises (up) to 1 speed for 60 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is higher than 38°C, gradually increase outdoor fan speed by 1 speed. (Upper limit 3rd speed)
- (c) **Reset conditions:** When either of the following conditions is satisfied
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 25°C or higher.
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

## Heating

- (a) **Operating conditions:** When the outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 4°C or lower continues for 30 seconds while the compressor command speed is other than 0 rps.
- (b) Detail of operation: The outdoor fan is stepped up by 2 speed step at each 20 seconds. (Upper limit 8th speed)
- (c) Reset conditions: When either of the following conditions is satisfied
  - 1) The outdoor air temperature (TH2) is 6°C or higher.
  - 2) The compressor command speed is 0 rps.

# **3 MAINTENANCE DATA**

# 3.1 Troubleshooting procedures for electrical equipment

# (1) Cautions

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

. When working

on motor anno, let us and of lot about 1 minute after taming of the power before you begin work. Then working on an outdoor unit, there may be an electrical charge applied to the main circuit (electrolytic condenser), so begin work only after discharging this electrical charge (to DC 10 V or lower).

- (b) When taking out printed circuit boards, be sure to do so without exerting force on the circuit boards or package components.
- (c) When disconnecting and connectors, take hold of the connector housing and do not pull on the lead wires.

## (2) Items to check before troubleshooting

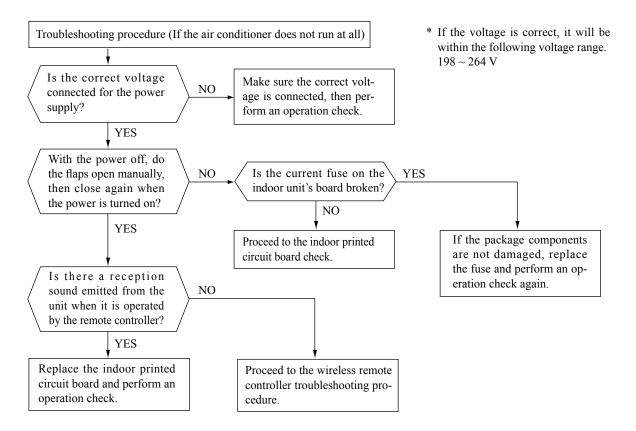
- (a) Have you thoroughly investigated the details of the trouble which the customer is complaining about?
- (b) Is the air conditioner running? Is it displaying any self-diagnosis information?
- (c) Is a power supply with the correct voltage connected?
- (d) Are the control lines connecting the indoor and outdoor units wired correctly and connected securely?
- (e) Is the outdoor unit's service valve open?

## (3) Troubleshooting procedure (If the air conditioner does not run at all)

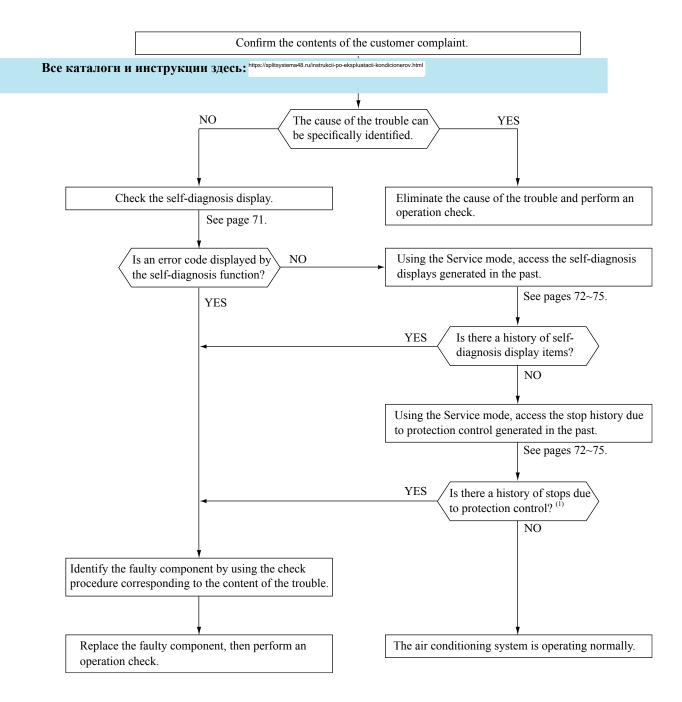
If the air conditioner does not run at all, diagnose the trouble using the following troubleshooting procedure. If the air conditioner is running but breaks down, proceed to troubleshooting step (4).

**Important** When all the following conditions are met, we say that the air conditioner will not run at all.

- (a) The RUN light does not light up.
- (b) The flaps do not open.
- (c) The indoor unit fan motors do not run.
- (d) The self-diagnosis display does not function.



## (4) Troubleshooting procedure (If the air conditioner runs)



Note (1) Even in cases where only intermittent stop data are generated, the air conditioning system is normal. However, if the same protective operation recurs repeatedly (3 or more times), it will lead to customer complaints. Judge the conditions in comparison with the contents of the complaints.

## (5) Self-diagnosis table

When this air conditioner performs an emergency stop, the reason why the emergency stop occurred is displayed by the flashing of display lights. If the air conditioner is operated using the remote controller 3 minutes or more after the emergency stop, the trouble display stops and the air conditioner resumes operation.  $^{(1)}$ 

катало	оги и и	нстру	кции	Здесь: https://split	systema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionero	ov.html
ngin	ngin		ومرجوبه			n on
1 time flash	ON	_	_	Heat exchanger sensor 1 error	<ul> <li>Broken heat exchanger sensor l wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Indoor PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	When a heat exchanger sensor 1 wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of -28°C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disconnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)
2 time flash ON – –		Room temperature sensor error	<ul> <li>Broken room temperature sensor wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Indoor PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	When a room temperature sensor wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of -45°C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disconnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)		
3 time flash	ON	_	_	Heat exchanger sensor 2 error	<ul> <li>Broken heat exchanger sensor 2 wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Indoor PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	When a heat exchanger sensor 2 wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of $-28^{\circ}$ C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disconnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)
6 time flash	ON	_	E 16	Indoor fan motor error	• Defective fan motor, poor connector connection	When conditions for turning the indoor unit's fan motor on exist during a conditioner operation, an indoor unit fan motor speed of 300 (SRF : 150) rpr or lower is measured for 30 seconds or longer. (The air conditioner stops.)
Keeps flashing	1 time flash	8 time flash	E 38	Outdoor air temperature sensor error	<ul> <li>Broken outdoor air temp. sensor wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Outdoor PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	$-55^{\circ}$ C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature. Or $-55^{\circ}$ C or higher is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 20 seconds after compressor ON. (The compressor is stopped.)
Keeps flashing	2 time flash	8 time flash	E 37	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor error	<ul> <li>Broken heat exchanger sensor wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Outdoor PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	$-55^{\circ}$ C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature. Or $-55^{\circ}$ C or higher is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 20 seconds after compressor ON. (The compressor is stopped.)
Keeps flashing	4 time flash	8 time flash	E 39	Discharge pipe sensor error	<ul> <li>Broken discharge pipe sensor wire, poor connector connection</li> <li>Outdoor PCB is faulty</li> </ul>	-25°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 4 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature. (The compressor is stopped.)
ON	1 time flash	1 time flash	E 42	Current cut	Compressor locking, open phase on compressor output, short circuit on power transistor, service valve is closed	The compressor output current exceeds the set value during compressor start. (The air conditioner stops.)
ON	2 time flash	2 time flash	E 59	Trouble of outdoor unit	Broken compressor wire     Compressor blockage	When there is an emergency stop caused by trouble in the outdoor unit or the input current value is found to be lower than the set value. (The air conditioner stops.)
ON	3 time flash	3 time flash	E 58	Current safe stop	<ul> <li>Overload operation</li> <li>Overcharge</li> <li>Compressor locking</li> </ul>	When the compressor command speed is lower than the set value and the current safe has operated. (the compressor stops)
ON	4 time flash	1 time flash	E 51	Power transistor error	Broken power transistor	When the power transistor is judged breakdown while compressor starts. (The compressor is stopped.)
ON	5 time flash	5 time flash	E 36	Over heat of compressor	• Gas shortage, defective discharge pipe sensor, service valve is closed	When the value of the discharge pipe sensor exceeds the set value. (The air conditioner stops.)
ON	6 time flash	6 time flash	E 5	Error of signal transmission	• Defective power supply, Broken signal wire, defective indoor/outdoor PCB	When there is no signal between the indoor PCB and outdoor PCB for 10 seconds or longer (when the power is turned on), or when there is n signal for 7 minute 35 seconds or longer (during operation)(the compressor is stopped).
ON	7 time flash	ON	E 48	Outdoor fan motor error	• Defective fan motor, poor connector connection	When the outdoor unit's fan motor speed continues for 30 seconds or longer at 75 rpm or lower. (3 times) (The air conditioner stops.)
ON	Keeps flashing	2 time flash	E 35	Cooling high pressure protecton	<ul> <li>Overload operation, overcharge</li> <li>Broken outdoor heat exchange sensor wire</li> <li>Service valve is closed</li> </ul>	When the value of the outdoor heat exchanger sensor exceeds the set value.
2 time flash	2 time flash	7 time flash	E 60	Rotor lock	<ul> <li>Defective compressor</li> <li>Open phase on compressor</li> <li>Defective outdoor PCB</li> </ul>	If the compressor motor's magnetic pole positions cannot be correctly detected when the compressor starts. (The air conditioner stops.)
5 time flash	ON	2 time flash	E 47	Active filter voltage error	Defective active filter	When the wrong voltage connected for the power supply. When the outdoor PCB is faulty.
7 time flash	ON	2 time flash	E 57	Refrigeration cycle system protective control	<ul><li>Service valve is closed.</li><li>Refrigerant is insufficient</li></ul>	When refrigeration cycle system protective control operates.
-	_	_	E 1	Error of wired remote controller wiring	Broken wired remote controller wire, defective indoor PCB	The wired remote controller wire Y is open. The wired remote controller wires X and Y are reversely connected. Noise is penetrating the wired remote controller lines. The wired remote controller or indoo PCB is faulty. (The communications circuit is faulty.)
NT : (1	The air o	11.11		1 .	the remote controller for 2 minutes	

Notes (1) The air conditioner cannot be restarted using the remote controller for 3 minutes after operation stops.

(2) The wired remote controller is optional parts.

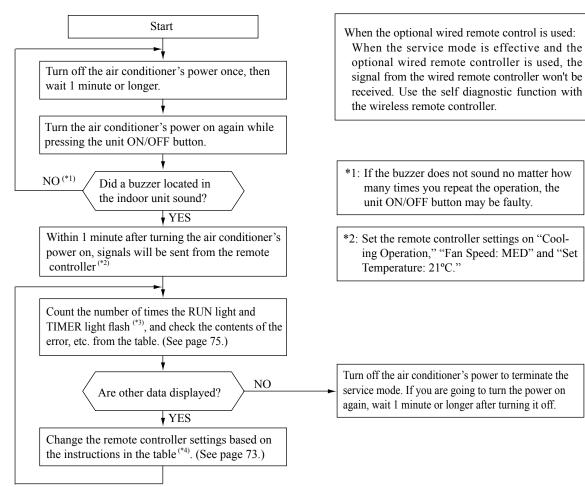
#### (6) Service mode (Trouble mode access function)

This air conditioner is capable of recording error displays and protective stops (service data) which have occurred in the past. If self-diagnosis displays cannot be confirmed, it is possible to get a grasp of the conditions at the time trouble occurred by checking these service data.

(a) Evolution of terms

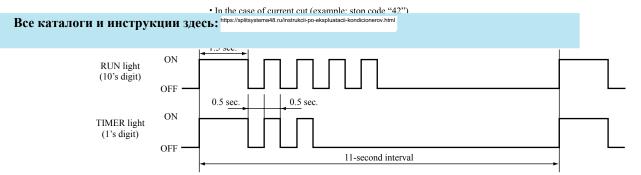
каталоги и инструкци	И ЗДЕСЬ: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html				
Service mode	The service mode is the mode where service data are displayed by flashing of the display lights when the operations in item (b) below are performed with the indoor controller.				
Service data	These are the contents of error displays and protective stops which occurred in the past in the air conditioner system. Error display contents and protective stop data from past anomalous operations of the air conditioner system are saved in the indoor unit controller's non-volatile memory (memory which is not erased when the power goes off). There are two types of data, self-diagnosis data and stop data, described below.				
Self-diagnosis dataThese are the data which display the reason why a stop occurred when an error display(self-diagnosis display) occurred in an indoor unit. Data are recorded for up to 5 previous occurred Data which are older than the 5th previous occurrence are erased. In addition, data on the temperature of each sensor (room temperature, indoor heat exchange outdoor heat exchanger, outdoor air temperature, discharge pipe), remote controller informati (operation switching, fan speed switching) are recorded when trouble occurs, so more detail information can be checked.					
Stop data	These are the data which display the reason by a stop occurred when the air conditioning syste performed protective stops, etc. in the past. Even if stop data alone are generated, the system restarts automatically. (After executing the stop mode while the display is normal, the system restarts automatically.) Data for up to 10 previous occasions are stored. Data older than the 10th previous occasion are erased. (Important) In cases where transient stop data only are generated, the air conditioner system may still be normal. However, if the same protective stop occurs frequently (3 or more times), it could lead to customer complaints.				

#### (b) Service mode display procedure



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\*3: To count the number of flashes in the service mode, count the number of flashes after the light lights up for 1.5 second initially (start signal). (The time that the light lights up for 1.5 second (start signal) is not counted in the number of flashes.)



\*4: When in the service mode, when the remote controller settings (operation switching, fan speed switching, temperature setting) are set as shown in the following table and sent to the air conditioner unit, the unit switches to display of service data.

#### 1) Self-diagnosis data

What are Self-.......These are control data (reasons for stops, temperature at each sensor, remote controller information) diagnosis Data? from the time when there were error displays (abnormal stops) in the indoor unit in the past.

Data from up to 5 previous occasions are stored in memory. Data older than the 5th previous occasion are erased. The temperature setting indicates how many occasions previous to the present setting the error display data are and the operation switching and fan speed switching data show the type of data.

Remote cont	roller setting	Contonto of output data			
Operation switching	Fan speed switching	Contents of output data			
	MED	Displays the reason for stopping display in the past (error code).			
Cooling	HI	Displays the room temperature sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.			
	AUTO	Displays the indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the			
	LO	Displays the remote controller information at the time the error code was displayed in the past.			
Heating	MED	Displays the outdoor air temperature sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.			
		Displays the outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.			
		Displays the discharge pipe sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.			

Remote controller setting	Indicates the number of occasions previous to the present
Temperature setting	the error display data are from.
21°C	1 time previous (previous time)
22°C	2 times previous
23°C	3 times previous
24°C	4 times previous
25°C	5 times previous

#### Only for indoor heat exchanger sensor 2

Remote controller setting	Indicates the number of occasions previous to the present
Temperature setting	the error display data are from.
26°C	1 time previous (previous time)
27°C	2 times previous
28°C	3 times previous
29°C	4 times previous
30°C	5 times previous

## (Example)

	Remo	te controller	setting	
	Operation switching	Fan speed	Temperature	Displayed data
Все каталоги	и инструкц	ии здесь: https://s	splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-e	kspluatacii-kondicionerov.html
				rror was displayed.
			22°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 2 times previous when an error was displayed.
			23°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 3 times previous when an error was displayed.
			24°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 4 times previous when an error was displayed.
			25°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 5 times previous when an error was displayed.

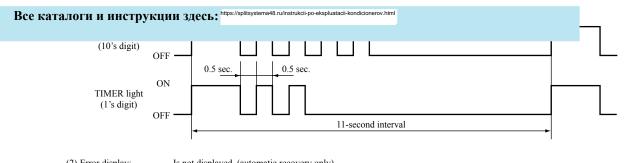
## 2) Stop data

Remo	te controller s	setting	
Operation switching	Fan speed switching	Temperature setting	Displayed data
Cooling	LO	21°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) the previous time when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.
		22°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 2 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.
		23°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 3 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.
		24°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 4 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.
		25°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 5 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.
		26°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 6 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.
		27°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 7 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.
		28°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 8 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.
		29°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 9 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.
		30°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 10 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.

## (c) Error code, stop code table (Assignment of error codes and stop codes is done in common for all models.)

	Number of fla service		Chan and					
	RUN light	TIMER light	Stop coad or Error coad	Error content	Cause	Occurrence conditions	Error display	Auto recovery
Все ка	(10's digit) ТАЛОГИ	(1's digit) И ИНСТ	трукции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html					_
		nasn		seconds	Power supply cables and signal lines are improperly wired.	communications signals from either the outdoor unit or		_
		nasn		(if communic ations have recovered)	Indoor or outdoor PCB are faulty.		0	
	3 time flash	5 time flash	35	Cooling high pressure control	Cooling overload operation. Outdoor unit fan speed drops. Outdoor heat exchanger sensor is short circuit.		(5 times)	0
		6 time flash	36	Compressor overheat 110°C (model 50, 60 : 115°C)	Refrigerant is insufficient. When the discharge pipe sensor's value exceeds the set value. Service valve is closed.		(2 times)	0
		7 time flash	37	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor is abnormal	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor PCB is faulty.	-55°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature. Or-55°C higher is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 20 seconds after compressor ON.	(3 times)	0
		8 time flash	38	Outdoor air temperature sensor is abnormal	Outdoor air temperature sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor PCB is faulty.	-55°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after intial detection of this anomalous temperature. Or-55°C higher is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 20 seconds after compressor ON.	(3 times)	0
		9 time flash	39	Discharge pipe sensor is abnormal (anomalous stop)	Discharge pipe sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor PCB is faulty.	-25°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 times within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature.	(3 times)	0
	4 time flash	2 time flash	42	Current cut	Compressor lock. Compressor wiring short circuit. Compressor output is open phase. Outdoor PCB is faulty. Service valve is closed. Electronic expansion valve is faulty. Compressor is faulty.	Compressor start fails 42 times in succession and the reason for the final failure is current cut.	(2 times)	0
		7 time flash	47	Active filter voltage error	Defective active filter.	When the wrong voltage connected for the power supply. When the outdoor PCB is faulty.	0	_
		8 time flash	48	Outdoor unit's fan motor is abnormal	Outdoor fan motor is faulty. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor PCB is faulty.	s are poor. seconds or longer.		0
	5 time flash	1 time flash	51	Short circuit in the power transistor (high side) Current cut circuit breakdown	Outdoor PCB is faulty. Power transistor is damaged.	When it is judged that the power transistor was damaged at the time the compressor started.		_
		3 time flash	53	Suction pipe sensor is abnormal (Multi system only)	Suction pipe sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor PCB is faulty.	-55°C or lower is detected for 5 seconds continuously 3 time within 40 minutes after initial detection of this anomalous temperature. Or-55°C higher is detected for 5 seconds continuously within 20 seconds after compressor ON.		0
		7 time flash	57	Refrigeration cycle system protective control	Service valve is closed. Refrigerant is insufficient.	When refrigeration cycle system protective control operates.	(3 times)	0
		8 time flash	58	Current safe	Refrigerant is overcharge. Compressor lock. Overload operation.	When there is a current safe stop during operation.		0
		9 time flash	59	Compressor wiring is unconnection Voltage drop Low speed protective control	Compressor wiring is disconnected. Power transistor is damaged.         When the current is 1A or less at the time the compressor started.           Power supply construction is defective.         When the power supply voltage drops during operatio Outdoor PCB is faulty.         When the outdoor unit's speed is 1 ower than 32 rps fo 60 minutes.		0	0
	6 time flash	OFF	60	Rotor lock	Compressor is faulty. Compressor output is open phase. Electronic expansion valve is faulty. Overload operation. Outdoor PCB is faulty.		(2 times)	0
		1 time flash	61	Connection lines between the indoor and outdoor units are faulty	Connection lines are faulty. Indoor or outdoor PCB are faulty. When 10 seconds passes after the power is turned on without communications signals from the indoor or outdoor unit being detected correctly.		0	_
		2 time flash	62	Serial transmission error	Indoor or outdoor PCB are faulty. Noise is causing faulty operation. When 7 minute 35 seconds passes without communications signals from either the outdoor unit or the indoor unit being detected correctly.		0	_
	8 time flash	OFF	80	Indoor unit's fan motor is abnormal	Indoor fan motor is faulty. Connector connections are poor. Indoor PCB is faulty.         When the indoor unit's fan motor is detected to be runnin at 300 (SRF : 150) rpm or lower speed with the fan moto in the ON condition while the air conditioner is running.		0	_
		2 time flash	82	82     Indoor heat exchanger sensor is abnormal (anomalous stop)     Indoor heat exchanger sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor.     When a temperature of -28°C or lower is sensed continuously for 40 minutes during heating operation. (the compressor stops).		0	_	
		4 time flash	84	Anti-condens ation control	High humidity condition. Humidity sensor is faulty.	Anti-condensation prevention control is operating.	_	0
		5 time flash	85	Anti-frost control	Indoor unit fan speed drops. Indoor heat exchanger sensor is broken wire.	When the anti-frost control operates and the compressor stops during cooling operation.	_	0
		6 time flash	86	Heating high pressure control	Heating overload operation. Indoor unit fan speed drops. Indoor heat exchanger sensor is short circuit.	When high pressure control operates during heating operation and the compressor stops.	-	0

- Note (1) The number of flashes when in the Service Mode do not include the 1.5 second period when the lights light up at first (starting signal). (See the example shown below.)
  - In the case of current cut (example: stop code "42") The RUN light (10's digit) flashes 4 times and the TIMER light (1's digit) flashes 2 times.
     4 × 10 + 2 × 1 = 42 → From the table, read the instructions for error code 42, "Current cut".



(2) Error display: - Is not displayed. (automatic recovery only)

○ Displayed.
If there is a ( ) displayed, the error display shows the number of times that an auto recovery occurred for the same reason has reached the number of times in ( ).
If no ( ) is displayed, the error display shows that the trouble has occurred once.
(3) Auto Recovery: - Does not occur
○ Auto recovery occurs.

#### (d) Remote controller information tables

1) Operation switching

Display pattern when in service mode	Operation switching				
RUN light (Operation switching)	when there is an abnormal stop				
0	AUTO				
1	DRY				
2	COOL				
3	FAN				
4	HEAT				

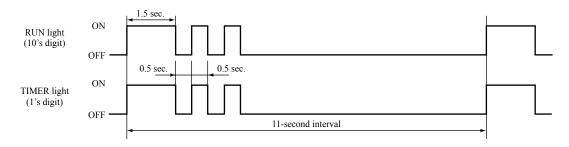
2) Fan speed switching

Display pattern when in service mode	Fan speed switching when
TIMER light (Fan speed switching)	there is an abnormal stop
0	AUTO
2	HI
3	MED
4	LO
6	HI POWER
7	ECONO

\* If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the information display in the remote controller becomes as follows.

Remote controller setting	Display when error code is normal.
Operation switching	AUTO
Fan speed switching	AUTO

(Example): Operation switching, fan speed switching, cooling HI



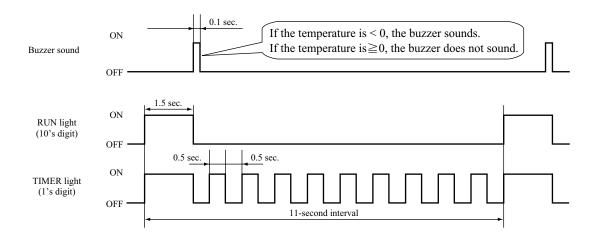
										Uı	nits: °C
	TIMER light										
е каталоги и инструкции здес	b: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kor	ndicionerov.	html								
(10's dig Buzzer sound	jit)	V	1	2	5	F	5	U	7	8	9
	6	-60	-61	-62	-63	-64					
	5	-50	-51	-52	-53	-54	-55	-56	-57	-58	-59
	4	-40	-41	-42	-43	-44	-45	-46	-47	-48	-49
Yes (sounds for 0.1 second)	3	-30	-31	-32	-33	-34	-35	-36	-37	-38	-39
(	2	-20	-21	-22	-23	-24	-25	-26	-27	-28	-29
	1	-10	-11	-12	-13	-14	-15	-16	-17	-18	-19
	0		-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6	-7	-8	-9
	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	1	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	2	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
_	3	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
No	4	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
(does not sound)	5	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
-	6	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
	7	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
	8	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
	9	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99

# (e) Room temperature sensor, indoor heat exchanger sensor, outdoor air temperature sensor, outdoor heat exchanger sensor table

\* If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the display for each sensor becomes as shown below.

Sensor name	Sensor value displayed when the error code is normal
Room temperature sensor	-64°C
Indoor heat exchanger sensor	-64°C
Outdoor air temperature sensor	-64°C
Outdoor heat exchanger sensor	-64°C

(Example) Room temperature, indoor heat exchanger, outdoor air temperature, outdoor heat exchanger: "-9°C"



#### (f) Discharge pipe sensor table

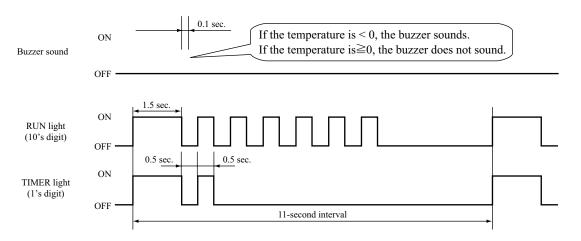
	-		_	_					_		Uni	its: °C
		TIMER light (1's digit)										
Bce	саталоги и инструкции здес	https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-ko	ndicionerov.	html						7	8	9
	Buzzer sound											
		3	-60	-62	-64							
	Yes	2	-40	-42	-44	-46	-48	-50	-52	-54	-56	-58
	(sounds for 0.1 second)	1	-20	-22	-24	-26	-28	-30	-32	-34	-36	-38
		0		-2	-4	-6	-8	-10	-12	-14	-16	-18
		0	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18
		1	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38
		2	40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58
	No	3	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78
	(does not sound)	4	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98
		5	100	102	104	106	108	110	112	114	116	118
		6	120	122	124	126	128	130	132	134	136	138
		7	140	142	144	146	148	150				

\* If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the display for each sensor becomes as shown below.

Sensor name	Sensor value displayed when the error code is normal
Discharge pipe sensor	-64°C

(Example) Discharge pipe temperature: "122°C"

\* In the case of discharge pipe data, multiply the reading value by 2. (Below,  $61 \times 2 = (122^{\circ}C')$ )

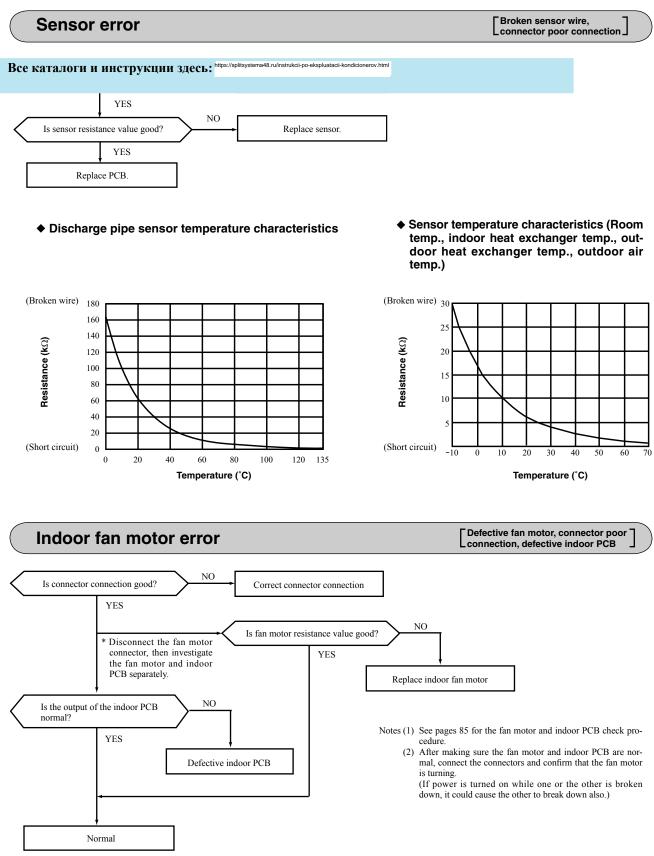


#### Service data record form

Customer				Model				
Date of inv	estigation							
Machine na	me							
се ката	логи и и	нструкц	ии здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluat	acii-kondicionerov.html				
		10					_	Display conte
emperature setting	Operation switching	ran speed switching			Buzzer ( res/100.)	KUN light (11mes) 11M	iek lignt (Times)	1 5
		MED	Error code on previous occasion.					
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on previous occasi	on.				
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on previous of	ccasion.				
21		LO	Remote controller information on previous of	ccasion.				
	Heating	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on previous o	ccasion.				
	meaning	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on previous o	ccasion.				
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on previous occasion.		_			
26	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on previous of	ccasion.				
		MED	Error code on second previous occasion.					
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on second previous	occasion.				
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on second prev	ious occasion.				
22		LO	Remote controller information on second pre	vious occasion.				
	тт <i>с</i> :	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on second pre-	evious occasion.				
	Heating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on second pre-	vious occasion.				
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on second previous oc	casion.				
27	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on second oc	casion.				
	Cooling	MED	Error code on third previous occasion.					
		HI	Room temperature sensor on third previous o	ccasion.				
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on third previ	ous occasion.				
23	Heating	LO	Remote controller information on third previo	ous occasion.				
		MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on third previ					
		HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on third previ					
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on third previous occas					
28	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on third occas					
	0	MED	Error code on fourth previous occasion.					
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on fourth previous	occasion.				
	Ũ	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on fourth pre-					
24		LO	Remote controller information on fourth prev					
2.		MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on fourth pre-					
	Heating	HI	Outdoor hat exchanger sensor on fourth pre-					
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor on fourth previous occ					
29	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on fouth occa					
	cooning	MED	Error code on fifth previous occasion.	51011.				
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor on fifth previous of	ansion				
	coomig	AUTO	1 1					
25		LO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 1 on fifth previous Remote controller information on fifth previous and the sensor of the previous sensor 1 on the sensor of th					
25								
	Heating	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor on fifth previ-					
		HI AUTO	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor on fifth previo Discharge pipe sensor on fifth previous occas					
30	Caaling							
	Cooling	AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor 2 on fifth occas	1011.				
21			Stop code on previous occasion.					
22			Stop code on second previous occasion.					
23	Stop code on third previous occasion.           Stop code on fourth previous occasion.							
24								
25	Cooling	Lo	Stop code on fifth previous occasion.					
26	-		Stop code on sixth previous occasion.					
27			Stop code on seventh previous occasion.					
28			Stop code on eighth previous occasion.					
29			Stop code on ninth previous occasion.					
30			Stop code on tenth previous occasion.					
								Examiner

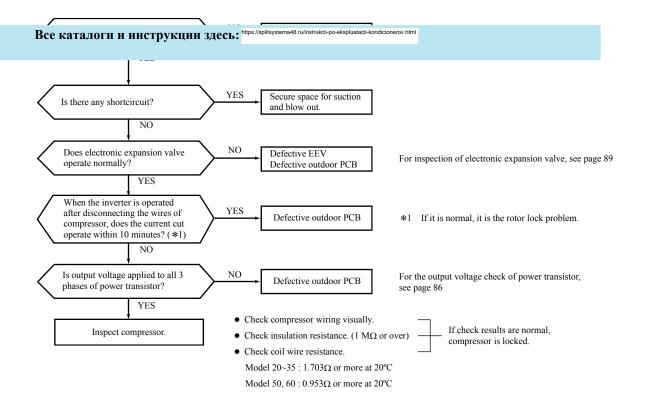
Note (1) In the case of indoor heat exchanger sensor 2, match from 26 to 30 the temperature setting of remote controller. (Refor to page 73)

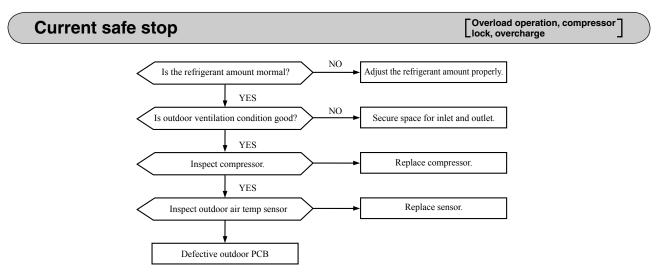
#### (7) Inspection procedures corresponding to detail of trouble

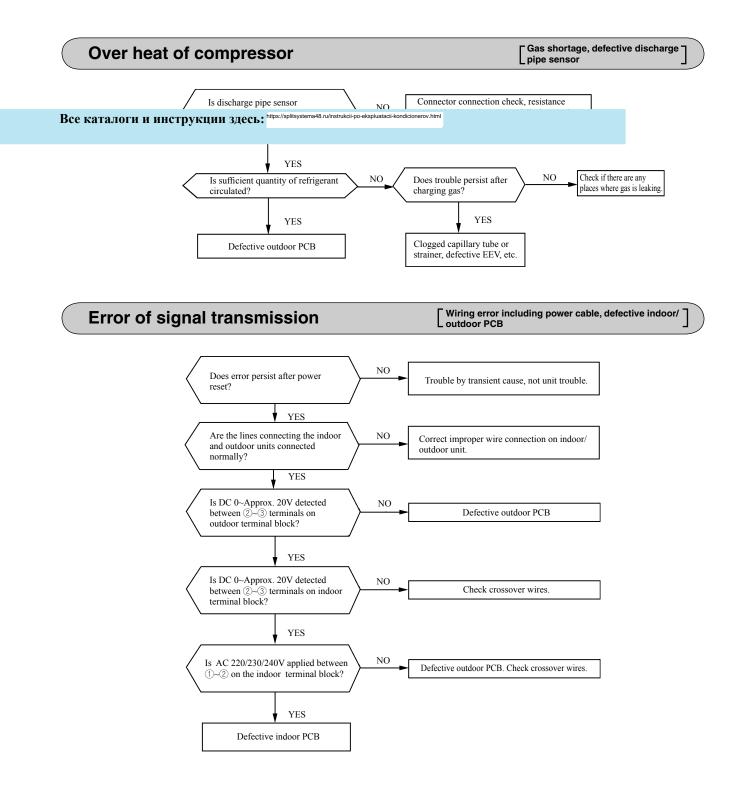


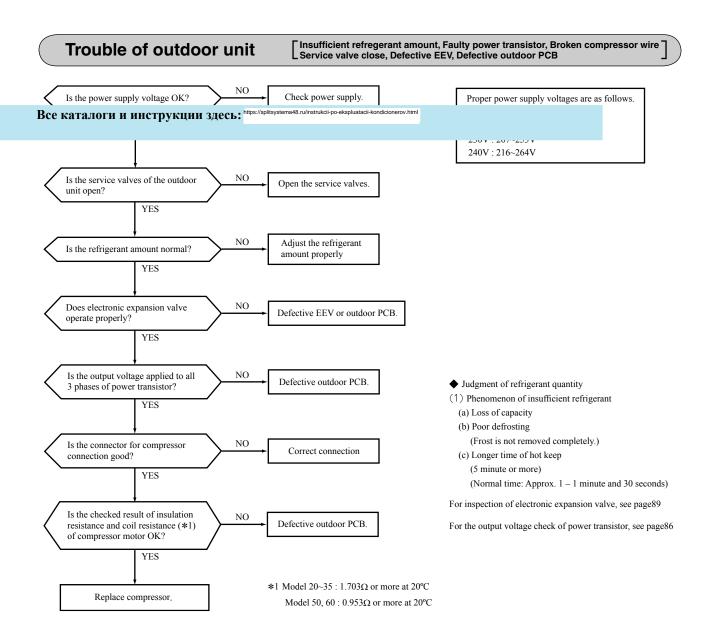
**Current cut** 

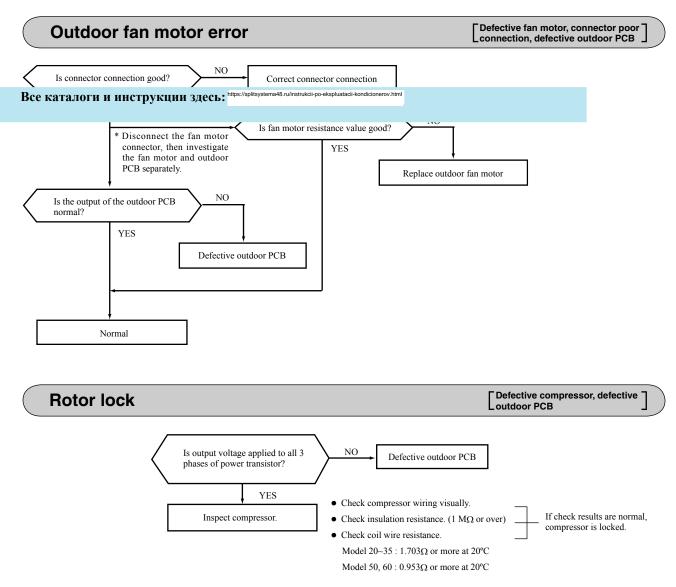
Compressor lock, Compressor wiring short circuit, Compressor output is open phase, Outdoor PCB is faulty, Service valve is closed, EEV is faulty, Compressor faulty.











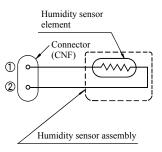
#### (8) Phenomenon observed after shortcircuit, wire breakage on sensor

#### (a) Indoor unit

Sensor	Operation	Phenomenon					
Sensor	mode	Shortcircuit	Disconnected wire				
Room temperature	Cooling	Release of continuous compressor operation command.	Continuous compressor operation command is not released.				
sensor	Heating	Continuous compressor operation command is not released.	Release of continuous compressor operation command.				
Heat exchanger sensor	Cooling	System can be operated normally.	Continuous compressor operation command is not released. (Anti-frosting)				
301301	Heating	High pressure control mode (Compressor stop command)	Hot keep (Indoor fan stop)				
Lumidity concor	Cooling	Refer to the table below.	Refer to the table below.				
Humidity sensor	Heating	Normal system operation is possible.					

#### Humidity sensor operation

Failure mode		Control input circuit resding	Air conditioning system operation		
Disconnected	1 Disconnected wire				
	② Disconnected wire	Humidity reading is 0%	Anti-condensation control is not done.		
	12 Disconnected wire				
Short Circuit	1) and 2 are shot circuited	Humidity reading is 100%	Anti-condensation control keep doing.		



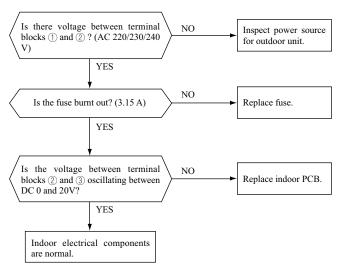
Remark: Do not perform a continuity check of the humidity sensor with a tester. If DC current is applied, it could damage the sensor.

#### (b) Outdoor unit

Sensor	Operation	Pheno	omenon		
Sensor	mode	Shortcircuit	Disconnected wire		
Heat exchanger	Heat exchanger Cooling System can be operated normally.		Compressor stop.		
Sensor Heating Defracting is not performed			Defrosting is performed for 10 minutes at approx. 35 minutes.		
Все каталоги и					
approx. 3:					
Discharge pipe sensor	All modes	Compressor overload protection is disabled. (Can be operated.)	Compressor stop		

#### (9) Checking the indoor electrical equipment

#### (a) Indoor PCB check procedure



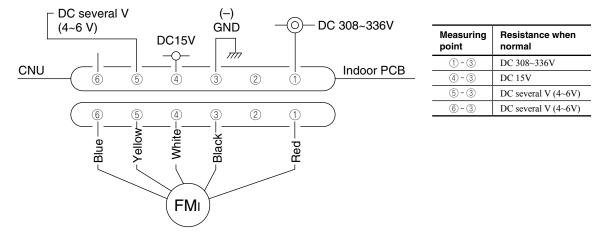
#### (b) Indoor unit fan motor check procedure

This is a diagnostic procedure for determining if the indoor unit's fan motor or the indoor PCB is broken down.

#### 1) Indoor PCB output check

- a) Turn off the power.
- b) Remove the front panel, then disconnect the fan motor lead wire connector.
- c) Turn on the power. If the unit operates when the ON/OFF button is pressed, if trouble is detected after the voltages in the following figure are output for approximately 30 seconds, it means that the indoor PCB is normal and the fan motor is broken down.

If the voltages in the following figure are not output at connector pins No. (1), (4) and (5), the indoor PCB has failed and the fan motor is normal.



#### 2) Fan motor resistance check

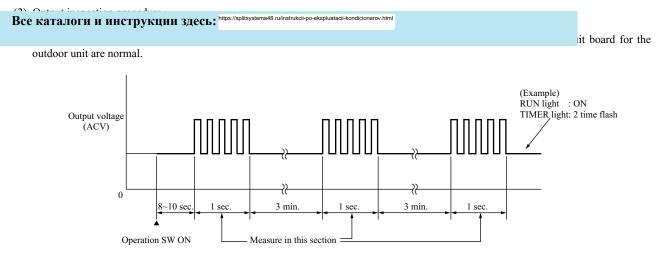
Measuring point	Resistance when normal		
① - ③ (Red - Black)	$20 \text{ M}\Omega$ or higher		
④ - ③ (White - Black)	20 M $\Omega$ or higher		

Notes (1) Remove the fan motor and measure it without power connected to it.(2) If the measured value is below the value when the motor is normal, it means that the fan motor is faulty.

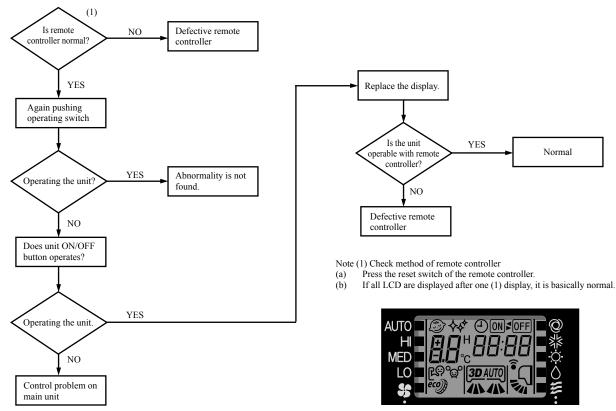
#### (C) Power transistor inspection procedure

[Use a tester with a needle indicator for the inspection. (Do not use a digital tester. Check in the AC 300 volt range.)]

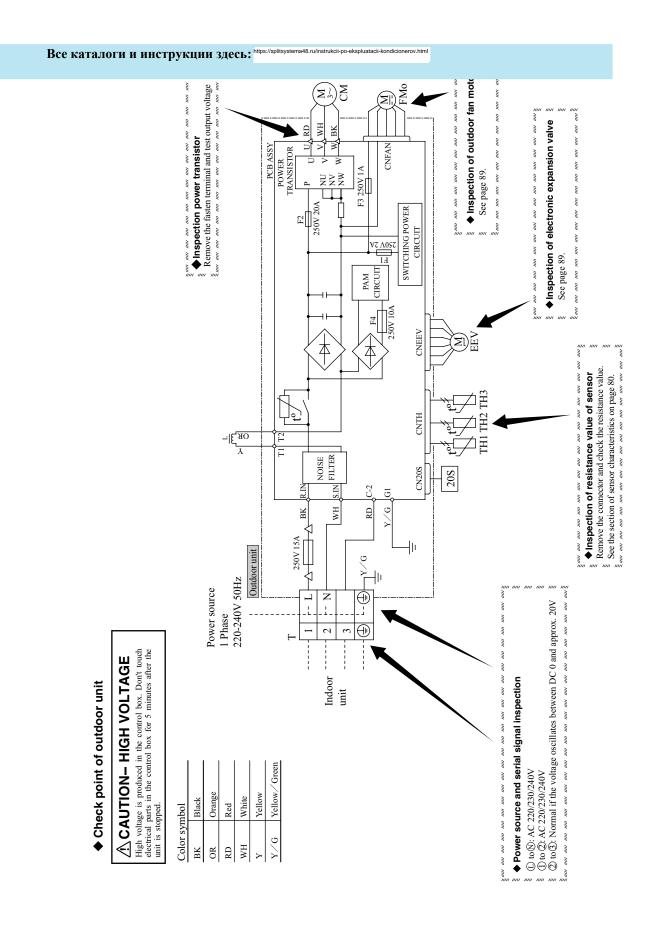
(1) If there is a self-diagnosis display, inspect the compressor system (burns, wiring mistakes, etc.) If no problems are found, check the output of the power transistor.

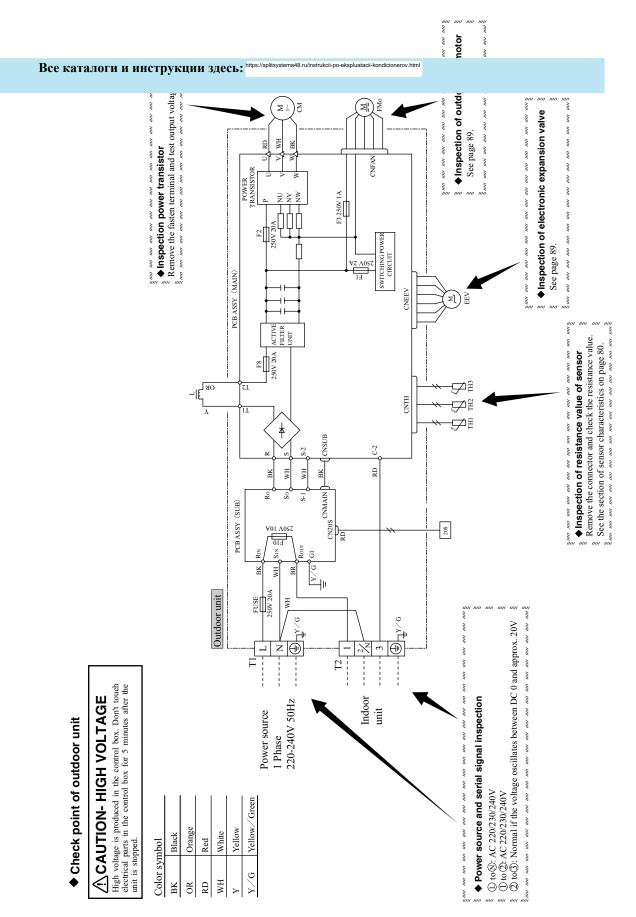


(11) How to make sure of remote controller



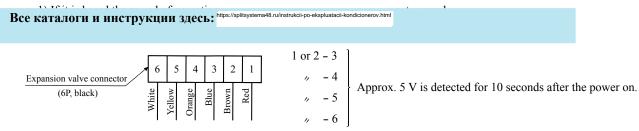
(10) Outdoor unit inspection points Models SRC20ZIX-S,25ZIX-S,35ZIX-S





#### (a) Inspection of electronic expansion valve

Electronic expansion valve operates for approx. 10 seconds after the power on, in order to determine its aperture. Check the operating sound and voltage during the period of time. (Voltage cannot be checked during operation in which only the aperture change occurs.)



- 3) If voltage is detected, the outdoor PCB is normal.
- 4) If the expansion valve does not operate (no operating sound) while voltage is detected, the expansion valve is defective.

#### · Inspection of electronic expansion valve as a separate unit

Measure the resistance between terminals with an analog tester.

Measuring point	Resistance when normal
1-6	
2-4	$46\pm4\Omega$
2-3	(at 20°C)
2-5	]

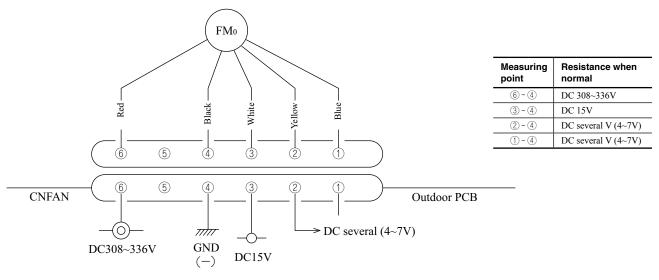
#### (b) Outdoor unit fan motor check procedure

• When the outdoor unit fan motor error is detected, diagnose which of the outdoor unit fan motor or outdoor PCB is defective.

- Diagnose this only after confirming that the indoor unit is normal.
- (1) Outdoor PCB output check
  - 1) Turn off the power.
  - 2) Disconnect the outdoor unit fan motor connector CNFAN.
  - 3) When the indoor unit is operated by inserting the power supply plug and pressing (ON) the backup switch for more than 5 seconds, if the voltage of pin No. ② in the following figure is output for 30 seconds at 20 seconds after turning "ON" the backup switch, the outdoor PCB is normal but the fan motor is defective.

If the voltage is not detected, the outdoor PCB is defective but the fan motor is normal.

Note (1) The voltage is output 3 times repeatedly. If it is not detected, the indoor unit displays the error message.



#### 2) Fan motor resistance check

Measuring point		Resistance when normal	
	6 - 4 (Red - Black)	20 M $\Omega$ or higher	
	③ - ④ (White - Black)	20 M $\Omega$ or higher	

Notes (1) Remove the fan motor and measure it without power connected to it. (2) If the measured value is below the value when the motor is normal, it means that the fan motor is faulty.

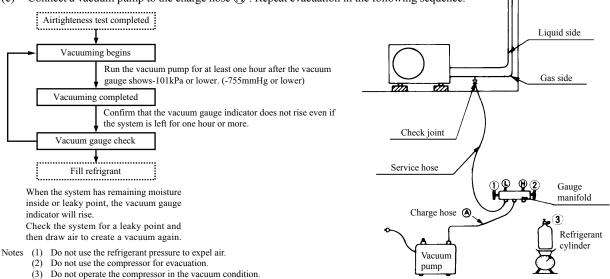
## 3.2 Servicing

#### (1) Evacuation

The evacuation is an procedure to purge impurities.....noncondensable gas, air, moisture from the refrigerant equipment by us-



- Evacuation procedure
- (a) Check to ensure that there is no internal pressure in the unit. If there is an internal pressure, it should be relieved through the check joint.
- (b) Connect the service hoses of the gauge manifold to the check joint of the gas & liquid piping.
- (c) Connect a vacuum pump to the charge hose (A). Repeat evacuation in the following sequence.



#### (2) Refrigerant charge

- (a) Discharge refrigerant entirely from the unit and evacuate the unit.
  - Note: Addition of refrigerant without evacuation is unreasonable, because it will result in low charge or overcharge.
- (b) Keep the gauge manifold and connect a refrigerant cylinder to the unit.
- (c) Record the weight of the refrigerant cylinder on the balance. This is necessary for making sure of the charged refrigerant amount.
- (d) Purge air from the charge hose (A)

Firstly loose the connecting portion of the charge hose (A) at the gauge manihold side and open the value (3) for a few seconds, and then immediately retighten it after observing that gas is blow out from the loosened portion.

- (e) Open the valve ① and ③ after discharging air from the charge hose ④, then the liquid refrigerant begins flowing from the cylinder into the unit. Be sure to erect the refrigerant cylinder upright to let liquid refrigerant flow into the unit.
- (f) When refrigerant has been charged into the system to some extent, refrigerant flow becomes stagnant, when that happens, start the compressor in cooling cycle until the unit is filled with refrigerant to the specified weight.
- (g) Making sure of the refrigerant amount, close the valve ③
- (h) Disconnect the charge hose from the unit. Cover the valve ports of the refrigerant piping with caps and tighten them securely.
- (i) Check for gas leakage applying a gas leak detector along the piping line.
- (j) Start the air conditioner and make sure of its operating condition.....high side and low side pressures and temperature difference between return air and supply air.

## 4 REFRIGERANT PIPING INSTALLATION/SERVICING MANUAL FOR AIR CONDITIONERS USING R410A

(These materials are extracted from document issued by The Japan Refrigeration and

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#### **T.I VUUIII**

#### 4.1.1 Refrigerant R410A

(1) Adoption of R410A in air conditioners

In 1974, it was pointed out that the ozone layer in the upper stratosphere (about  $20 \sim 40$  km above ground) might have been damaged by the ozone depleting substances such as CFC (chlorofluorocarbon) and HCFC (hydrochlorofluorocarbon). Since that time, many countries across the world have endeavored to take countermeasures against the ozone depletion.

As a refrigerant belonging to the HCFCs, the conventional refrigerant (R22) used in air conditioners also tends to deplete the ozone layer. Therefore, complying with the provisions of the international regulations (i.e. Montreal Protocol concerning the Ozone Depleting Substances) and national laws & Regulations concerned, it is necessary to replace R22 with other types of refrigerant which do not deplete the ozone layer.

A refrigerant composed of hydrogen (H), fluorine (F) and carbon (C), is called an HFC and does not deplete the ozone layer. One HFC's is R410A whose pressure is about 1.6 times higher than R22 and whose energy efficiency is almost comparable to that of R22 at the same refrigerant temperature.

- (2) Chemical characteristics of R410A
  - a) Chemical stability

Like R22, R410A is a chemically stable, less toxic and non-flammable refrigerant. However, as in the case of R22, the specific gravity of its vapour is larger than that of air and should it leak in an airtight room it may stay at a low level and cause an oxygen starvation accident. It may also, should it come in direct contact with fire, cause a poisonous gas to occur, so be sure to handle it only in a well ventilated area.

b) Composition changes (Pseudo-azeotropic characteristics)

R410A is a pseudo-azeotropic mixed refrigerant composed of two constituents - R32 and R125. "Quasi-azeotropic" condition refers to a state in which the dew-point curve and boiling-point curve - gas-liquid equilibrium curves (pressure constant) - almost lie on top of each other, and a multi-constituent refrigerant having this chemical characteristic incurs less composition changes even when evaporation (or condensation) as a phase change occurs. Consequently, even when refrigerant leaks from the gas phase somewhere in the piping installation, the composition of circulated refrigerant incurs less changes.

Therefore, R410A can be treated in almost a same manner as a mono-constituent refrigerant like R22 is treated. When actually charging R410A, however, do so from the liquid phase side by taking into account the phenomenon that, when put in a cylinder, the composition changes a little between gas and liquid phases.

c) Pressure characteristics

As shown in Table 2, since R410A's vapor pressure is about 1.6 times higher than that of R22 at the same temperature, perform installation/service with special tools and materials which are exclusive for R410A and can withstand high pressure.

1(22		
	R410A	R22
Composition (wt%)	R32/R125 (50/50)	R22 (100)
Molecular weight	72.6	86.5
Boiling point (°C)	-51.4	-40.8
Vapr pressure (25°C, MPa)	1.56	0.94
Saturated vapor density (25°C, kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	64.0	44.4
Inflammability	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Oznoe depletion potential (ODP)	0	0.055
Global warming potential (GWP)	1730	1700

Table 1. Comparison of thermophysical properties of R410A and R22.

Table 2.	Comparison of sa	aturated vapor	pressure of
	R410A and R22		unit: MPa

101101141141		unit: MPa
Refrigerant	R410A	R22
Temperature (°C)		
-20	0.30	0.14
0	0.70	0.40
20	1.35	0.81
40	2.32	1.43
60	3.73	2.33
65	4.15	2.60

Source: List of thermophysical properties complied by the Japan society of refrigeration and air conditioning, NIST REFPROP V5.10, etc.

Source: List of thermophysical properties complied by the Japan society of refrigeration and air conditioning, NIST REFPROP V5.10, etc.

#### (3) Lubricating oils for R410A

As the lubricating oils for R22, mineral oils, alkylbenze synthetic oils, etc. have so far been used. As R410A features less solubility with these conventional lubricating oils such as mineral oils, the lubricating oils tend to stay within the refrigeration cycle. As the lubricating oils highly soluble with R410A, ester, ethereal and other synthetic oils are available. However, as these syn-Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html

Furthermore, if

ock the capillary

tubes, or cause the compressor to fail. So, never mix these synthetic oils.

#### 4.1.2 Safety during installation/servicing

As R410A's pressure is about 1.6 times higher than that of R22, improper installation/servicing may cause a serious trouble. By using tools and materials exclusive for R410A, it is necessary to carry out installation/servicing safely while taking the following precautions into consideration.

- 1) Never use refrigerant other than R410A in an air conditioner which is designed to operate with R410A.
- 2) If a refrigeration gas leakage occurs during installation/servicing, be sure to ventilate fully. If the refrigerant gas comes into contact with fire, a poisonous gas may occur.
- 3) When installing or removing an air conditioner, do not allow air or moisture to remain in the refrigeration cycle. Otherwise, pressure in the refrigeration cycle may become abnormally high so that a rupture or personal injury may be caused.
- 4) After completion of installation work, check to make sure that there is no refrigeration gas leakage. If the refrigerant gas leaks into the room, coming into contact with fire in the fan driven heater, space heater, etc., a poisonous gas may occur.
- 5) When an air conditioning system charged with a large volume of refrigerant (e.g.multi type air conditioner) is installed in a small room, it is necessary to exercise care so that, even when refrigerant leaks, its concentration does not exceed the marginal level.

If the refrigerant gas leakage occurs and its concentration exceeds the marginal level, an oxygen starvation accident may result.

6) Be sure to carry out installation or removal according to the installation manual.

Improper installation may cause refrigeration trouble, water leakage, electric shock, fire, etc.

7) Unauthorized modifications to the air conditioner may be dangerous. If a breakdown occurs please call a qualified air conditioner technician or electrician.

Improper repair's may result in water leakage, electric shock and fire, etc.

### 4.2 Refrigerant piping installation

#### 4.2.1 Piping materials and joints used

For the refrigerant piping installation, copper pipes and joints are mainly used. Copper pipes and joints suitable for the refrigerant must be chosen and installed. Furthermore, it is necessary to use clean copper pipes and joints whose interior surfaces are less affected by contaminants.

(1) Copper pipes

It is necessary to use seamless copper pipes which are made of either copper or copper alloy and it is desirable that the amount of residual oil is less than 40 mg/10m. Do not use copper pipes having a collapsed, deformed or discolored portion (especially on the interior surface). Otherwise, the expansion valve or capillary tube may become blocked with contaminants.

As an air conditioner using R410A incurs pressure higher than when using R22, it is necessary to choose adequate materials. Thicknesses of copper pipes used with R410A are as shown in Table 3. Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8 mm even when it is available on the market.

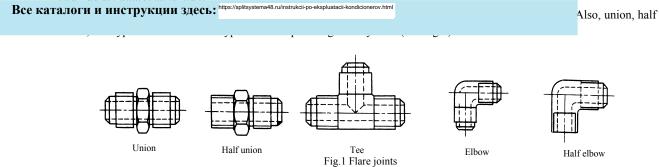
		Thickness (mm)		
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter (mm)	R410A	[ref.]R22	
1/4	6.35	0.80	0.80	
3/8	9.52	0.80	0.80	
1/2	12.7	0.80	0.80	

Table 3. Thicknesses of annealed copper pipes

#### (2) Joints

- For copper pipes, flare joints or socket joints are used. Prior to use, be sure to remove all contaminants.
- a) Flare joints

Flare joints used to connect the copper pipes cannot be used for pipings whose outer diameter exceeds 20 mm. In such a case, socket joints can be used

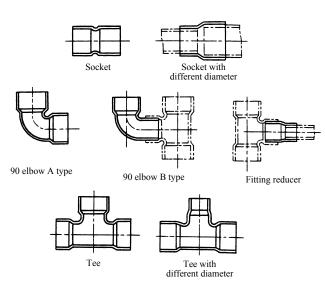


b) Socket joints

Socket joints are such that they are brazed for connections, and used mainly for thick pipings whose diameter is larger than 20 mm. Thicknesses of socket joints are as shown in Table 4. Socket, elbow-type and tee-type shapes are generally used (see Fig. 2).

		5
Nominal	Reference outer diameter	Minimum joint thickness
diameter	of copper pipe jointed (mm)	(mm)
1/4	6.35	0.50
3/8	9.52	0.60
1/2	12.7	0.70
1/2	12.7	0.70

Table 4. Minimum thicknesses of socket joints



#### Fig.2 Socket joints

#### 4.2.2 Processing of piping materials

When performing the refrigerant piping installation, care should be taken to ensure that water or dust does not enter the pipe interior, that no other oil other than lubricating oils used in the installed air conditioner is used, and that refrigerant does not leak. When using lubricating oils in the piping processing, use such lubricating oils whose water content has been removed. When stored, be sure to seal the container with an airtight cap or any other cover.

- (1) Flare processing procedures and precautions
  - a) Cutting the pipe
    - By means of a pipe cutter, slowly cut the pipe so that it is not deformed.
    - b) Removing burrs and chips If the flared section has chips or burrs, refrigerant leakage may occur. Carefully remove all burrs and clean the cut surface before installation.
    - c) Insertion of flare nut

#### d) Flare processing

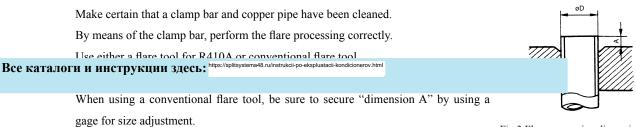


Fig.3 Flare processing dimensions

		A (mm)			
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Flare tool for R410A	Convention	al flare tool
		()	Clutch type	Clutch type	Wing nut type
1/4	6.35	0.8	0~0.5	1.0~1.5	1.5~2.0
3/8	9.52	0.8	0~0.5	1.0~1.5	1.5~2.0
1/2	12.7	0.8	0~0.5	1.0~1.5	2.0~2.5

#### Table 5. Dimensions related to flare processing for R410A

Table 6. Dimensions related to flare processing for R22

			A (mm)			
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Flare tool for R410A	Conventional flare tool		
	()	()	Clutch type		Wing nut type	
1/4	6.35	0.8	0~0.5	0.5~1.0	1.0~1.5	
3/8	9.52	0.8	0~0.5	0.5~1.0	1.0~1.5	
1/2	12.7	0.8	0~0.5	0.5~1.0	1.5~2.0	

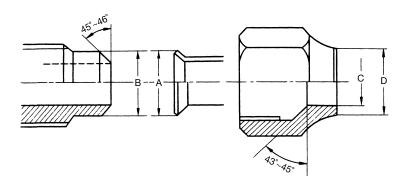


Fig.4 Relations between flare nut and flare seal surface

Table 7. Flare and flare nut dimensions for R410A

[unit: mm]

Nominal	Outer diameter	Thickness		Dimension (mm)			Flare nut width
diameter	(mm)	(mm)	А	В	С	D	Flate nut width
1/4	6.35	0.8	9.1	9.2	6.5	13	17
3/8	9.52	0.8	13.2	13.5	9.7	20	22
1/2	12.7	0.8	16.6	16.0	12.9	23	26

Table 8. Flare and flare nut dimensions for R22

[unit: mm]

	Nominal	Outer diameter	Thickness		Dimensi	on (mm)		Б	lare nut width
	diameter	(mm)	(mm)	А	В	С	D		
	1/4	6 3 5	0.8	90	92	6.5	13		17
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	1/2	12.7	0.8	10.2	10.0	12.9	20	1	24

(2) Flare connecting procedures and precautions

- a) Make sure that the flare and union portions do not have any scar or dust, etc.
- b) Correctly align the processed flare surface with the union axis.
- c) Tighten the flare with designated torque by means of a torque wrench. The tightening torque for R410A is same as that for conventional R22. Incidentally, when the torque is weak, the gas leakage may occur. When it is strong, the flare nut may crack and may be made nonremovable. When choosing the tightening torque, comply with values designated by manufacturers. Table 9 shows reference values.
  - Note : When applying oil to the flare surface, be sure to use oil designated by the manufacturer. If any other oil is used, the lubricating oils may deteriorate and cause the compressor to burn out.

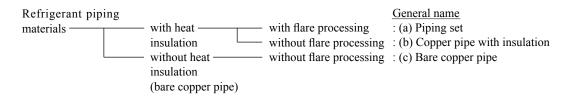
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter (mm)	Tightening torque N·m (kgf·cm)	Tightening torque of torque wrenches available on the market N·m (kgf·cm)
1/4	6.35	14~18 (140~180)	16 (160), 18 (180)
3/8	9.52	34~42 (340~420)	42 (420)
1/2	12.7	49~61 (490~610)	55 (550)

Table 9. Tightening torque of flare for R410A [Reference values]

#### 4.2.3 Storage of piping materials

(1) Types and storage of piping materials

Refrigerant piping materials for air conditioners are broadly classified into the following types.



As R410A features pressure about 1.6 times higher than R22, it is necessary to use a copper pipe which has a thickness stated in Table 3 (see page 92) and which contains less contaminants. It is necessary to carefully treat/store copper pipes so that they are not collapsed, deformed or damaged. Due care must also be exercised so that foreign matters such as dust and water do not enter the pipe interior.

A piping set's open end is sealed with a cap, etc. When storing it, make sure that it is sealed securely. When storing a cladded copper pipe or bare copper pipe, securely seal the opening with pinching, taping, etc.

- (2) Identification
  - a) Piping set

A copper pipe as piping set for R410A must have a thickness as stated in Table 3 (see page 92), and, as shown in Tables 5 and 6 (see page 94). it also differs from R22 in flare processing and flare nut dimensions. So. it is necessary to choose a pip-Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukci-po-ekspluataci-kondicionerov.html

o) Copper pipe with insulation

Before using a copper pipe with insulation, make sure that it has a thickness designated for R410A.

c) Bare copper pipe

It is necessary to use a bare copper pipe which has a thickness designated in Table 3 (see page 92) and contains less contaminants. As the bare copper pipe surface is naked, it is necessary to treat it with exceeding care and adopt a means for identification to prevent improper usage by making it easily discriminable from other piping materials.

(3) Precautions before installation

Observe the following precautions when performing the piping connection at the site.

- a) Keep any open ends of pipes be sealed with a cap, etc. until connected with the equipment.
- b) Exercise great care when performing piping installation on a rainy day.

When water enters into the piping, the lubricating oil may deteriorate and cause the equipment to fail.

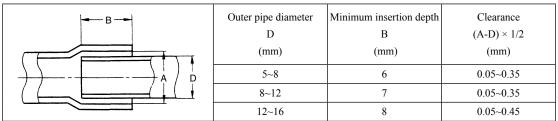
c) Carry out the piping connection in as short a time as possible.

If the piping is left open for a long period, fully purge the interior with nitrogen gas or dry it with a vacuum pump.

#### 4.2.4 Brazing

(1) Processing the connected parts

As brazing is molten between the joined surfaces to yield high adhesive strength, it is necessary to secure a wide enough space to be joined and also an adequate clearance between the joined surfaces. Copper pipe joints' minimum insertion depths, outer pipe diameters and clearances between outer and inner pipe diameters are as shown in Table 10. In the case of bronze brazing filler, when the clearance is about 0.05~0.1mm, the pipes can be connected most strongly.



#### Table 10. Copper pipe joints' minimum insertion depths and clearances

\* When joining the pipes, either the pipe ends are processed, or pipes are connected by brazing with a socket joint.

#### (2) Brazing filler metal

a) Alloy brazing filler

An alloy mainly composed of silver and copper is used to join iron, copper or copper alloy. Although it excels in solderability, it is relatively expensive.

b) Phosphor bronze brazing filler

Phosphor bronze brazing filler is generally used to join copper or copper alloy.

c) Low temperature solder

An alloy of tin and lead. An ordinary type of solder. Since it is weak in adhesive strength, it should not be used for refrigerant pipe brazing.

\* Cautions:

- 1) BCuP tends to react with sulphur and produce a fragile compound water solution, which may cause a gas leakage. So, use any other type of brazing filler at a hot spring resort, etc., and coat the surface with a paint.
- 2) When performing brazing again at the time of servicing, use the same type of brazing filler.

#### (3) Flux

- a) Reasons for the use of flux
  - By removing the oxide film and any foreign matter on the metal surface, it assists the flow of brazing filler.

• In the brazing process, it prevents the metal surface from being oxidized

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- b) Properties required for flux
  - Temperature at which flux is active coincides with the brazing temperature.
  - Due to a wide effective temperature range, flux is hard to carbonize.
  - It is easy to remove slag after brazing.
  - The corrosive action to the treated metal and brazing filler is negligible.
  - Excels in coating performance and is harmless to the human body.

As the flux works in a complicated manner as described above, it is necessary to choose an adequate type of flux according to the type and shape of treated metal, type of brazing filler and brazing method, etc.

- c) Types of flux
  - Incorruptible flux

Generally, it is a compound of borax and boric acid.

Effective in cases where the brazing temperature is higher than 800°C.

• Activated flux

Most of fluxes generally used for silver brazing fall under this type.

It features an increased oxide film removing capability due to the addition of compounds such as potassium fluoride, potassium chloride and sodium fluoride, to the borax-boric acid compound.

- \* Cautions:
  - 1 Remove the flux after brazing.
- ② When chlorine contained in the flux stays within the pipe, the lubricating oil deteriorates. So, use a flux which does not contain chlorine.
- ③ When adding water to the flux, use water which does not contain chlorine (e.g. distilled water or ion-exchange water).

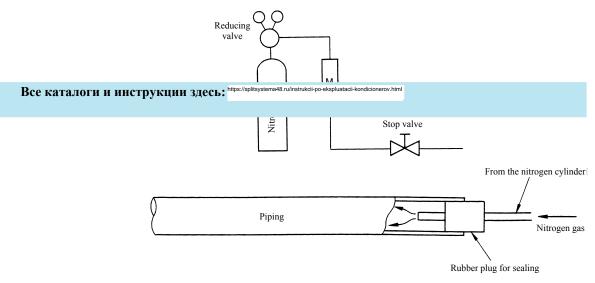
#### (4) Brazing

As brazing requires sophisticated techniques and experiences, it must be performed by a qualified person.

In order to prevent the oxide film from occurring in the pipe interior during brazing, it is effective to proceed with brazing while letting dry nitrogen gas (N2) flow.

<Brazing method for preventing oxidation>

- a) Attach a reducing valve to the nitrogen gas cylinder
- b) Use a copper pipe to direct the nitrogen gas into the piping, and attach a flowmeter to the nitrogen gas cylinder.
- c) Apply a seal onto the clearance between the piping and inserted pipe for the nitrogen gas in order to prevent the nitrogen gas from flowing backward.
- d) When the nitrogen gas is flowing, be sure to keep the piping end open.
- e) Adjust the flow rate of nitrogen gas so that it is lower than  $0.05 \text{m}^3/\text{h}$ , or  $0.02 \text{MPa} (0.2 \text{kgf/cm}^2)$  by means of the reducing valve.
- f) After taking the steps above, keep the nitrogen gas flowing until the piping cools down to a certain extent (i.e. temperature at which pipes are touchable with finger).
- g) Completely remove the flux after brazing.



#### Fig.5 Prevention of oxidation during brazing

- \* Cautions during brazing
- ① General cautions
  - 1) The brazing strength should be high as required.
  - 2) After operation, airtightness should be kept under a pressurized condition.
  - 3) During brazing do not allow component materials to become damaged due to overheating.
  - 4) The refrigerant pipe work should not be come blocked with scale or flux.
  - 5) The brazed part should not restrict the flow in the refrigerant circuit.
  - 6) No corrosion should occur from the brazed part.
- Prevention of overheating

Due to heating, the interior and exterior surfaces of treated metal may oxidize. Especially, when the interior of the refrigerant circuit oxidizes due to overheating, scale occurs and stays in the circuit as dust, thus exerting a fatally adverse effect. So, make brazing at adequate brazing temperature and with a minimum of heating area.

③ Overheating protection

In order to prevent components near the brazed part from overheating damage or quality deterioration due to flame or heat, take adequate steps for protection such as (1) by shielding with a metal plate, (2) by using a wet cloth, and (3) by means of heat absorbent.

(4) Movement during brazing

Eliminate all vibration during brazing to protect brazed joints from cracking and breakage.

(5) Oxidation preventive

In order to improve the brazing efficiency, various types of antioxidant are available on the market. However, the constituents of these are widely varied, and some are anticipated to corrode the piping materials, or adversely affect HFC refrigerant, lubricating oil, etc. Exercise care when using an oxidation preventive.

## 4.3 Installation, removal and servicing

#### 4.3.1 Tools for R410A

In the case of an air conditioner using R410A, in order to prevent any other refrigerant from being charged accidentally, the service port diameter of the outdoor unit service valve (3-way valve) has been changed. Also, to increase the pressure resisting strength, flare processing dimensions and sizes of opposite sides of flare nuts (for copper pipes with nominal diameters 1/2 and 5/8) have been changed. During installation/service, therefore, prepare tools exclusive for R410A shown in (1) on page 99 and general tools shown in (2) on page 100.

#### (1) Tools exclusive for R410A

#### a) Gauge manifold

• As R410A is characterized by high pressure, conventional tools cannot be used.

#### Table 11. Differences between conventional high/low pressure gauges and those for R410A

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Hign pressure	-0.1~5.5MPa	-0.1~5.5МРа
gauge (red)	-76 cmHg~35 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>	-76 cmHg~53 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>
Compound	-0.1~1.7MPa	-0.1~3.8MPa
gauge (blue)	-76 cmHg~17 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>	-76 cmHg~38 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>

• In order to prevent any other refrigerant from being charged accidentally, each port of the manifold has been changed in shape.

Table 12. Differences in port size between conventional manifold and that for R410A

	Conventional manifold	Manifold for R410A
Port size	7/16 UNF 20 threads per inch	1/2 UNF 20 threads per inch

b) Charge hose

• As R410A is characterized by high pressure, the pressure resistance of the charge hose has been increased. The material has also been changed to an HFC resistant type, and, as in the case of each port of the manifold, the hose cap size has been changed. Furthermore, for prevention of gas pressure reaction, a charge hose with a valve placed near the cap is also available.

Table 13. Differences between conventional charge hose and that for R410A

		Conventional charge hose	Charge hose for R410A
Pressure	Normal pressure	3.4 MPa (34 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )	5.1 MPa (51 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )
resistance	Breaking pressure	17.2 MPa (172 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )	27.4 MPa (274 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )
Enginee	ring material	NBR rubber	HNBR rubber internally coated with nylon
Cap size		7/16 UNF 20 threads per inch	1/2 UNF 20 threads per inch

- c) Electronic balance for refrigerant charging
  - As R410A belonging to the HFCs features high pressure and high evaporating speed, when R410A is charged by using a charging cylinder, R410A in the cylinder cannot be kept in a liquefied state and gasified refrigerant bubbles in the charging cylinder, it becomes difficult to read values. Therefore, it is advisable to adequately use an electronic balance for refrigerant charging.
  - An electronic balance for refrigerant charging has higher strength due to its structure with four points of support for refrigerant cylinder weight detection. As the charge hose connecting part has two ports-one for R22 (7/16 UNF 20 threads per inch) and the other for R410A (1/2 UNF 20 threads per inch) it can also be used for charging the conventional refrigerant.
  - Two types of electronic balance for refrigerant charging are available one for 10kg cylinder and the other for 20kg cylinder. Electronic balance for 10kg cylinder precision ± 2g
    - Electronic balance for 20kg cylinder precision  $\pm$  5g
  - Refrigerant is charged manually by opening/closing the valve.
- d) Torque wrench (for nominal diameters 1/2 and 5/8)
  - Along with changes in flare nut sizes for enhanced pressure resisting strength, torque wrenches for R410A differ in opposite side size.

	Conventional torque wrench	Torque wrench for R410A			
For 1/2 (opposite side	24mm × 55N·m	26mm × 55N·m			
× torque)	(550 kgf·cm)	(550 kgf·cm)			
For 5/8 (opposite side	27mm × 65N·m	29mm × 65N·m			
× torque)	(650 kgf·cm)	(650 kgf·cm)			

Table 14. Differences between conventional wrenches and those for R410A

- e) Flare tool (clutch type)
  - A flare tool for R410A is provided with a large clamp bar receiving hole so that the projection of the copper pipe from the clamp bar can be set at 0~0.5 mm in flare processing, and also features higher spring strength for increased expansion pipe

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torque. This flare tool can also be used for R22 conner nine.
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h type])

- A gauge 1.0 mm in thickness which helps in easily setting the projection of the copper pipe from the clamp bar at 1.0~1.5 mm.
  g) Vacuum pump adapter
  - It is necessary to use an adapter for preventing vacuum pump oil from flowing back to the charge hose. The charge hose connecting part has two ports one for conventional refrigerant (7/16 UNF 20 threads per inch) and the other for R410A. If the vacuum pump oil (mineral) mixes with R410A, a sludge may occur and damage the equipment.
- h) Refrigerant cylinder
  - A refrigerant cylinder exclusive for R410A comes identified with refrigerant name and is coated with pink paint as designated by the ARI, U.S.A.
- i) Charge port and packing for refrigerant cylinder
  - According to the charge hose's cap size, a charge port with 1/2 UNF 20 threads per inch and corresponding packing are required.
- j) Gas leakage detector
  - A high sensitivity gas leakage detector exclusive for HFC refrigerant is used. In the case of R410A, the detection sensitivity is about 23g per year.
- (2) General tools
  - a) Vacuum pump
  - b) Torque wrench

for 1/4: opposite side 17 mm  $\times$   $\begin{array}{c} (16 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}) \\ (160 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{cm}) \\ \text{for 1/4: opposite side 17 mm} \times \begin{array}{c} (18 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}) \\ (180 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{cm}) \\ (180 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{cm}) \\ \text{for 3/8: opposite side 22 mm} \times \begin{array}{c} (42 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}) \\ (420 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{cm}) \end{array}$ 

- c) Pipe cutter
- d) Reamer
- e) Screwdriver (+, -)
- f) Hacksaw
- (3) Applicability of R410A tools to R22 model

- g) Hole core drill (ø65 or 70)
- h) Hexagonal wrench (opposite side 4 or 5 mm)
- i) Spanner, or monkey wrench
- j) Tape measure
- k) Thermometer
- 1) Clamping ampere meter
- m) Insulation resistance tester (mega tester)
- n) Electro circuit tester
- o) Pipe bender

	Tools for R410A	Applicable to R22 model
a)	Gauge manifold	Х
b)	Charge hose	X
c)	Electronic balance for refrigerant charging	0
d)	Torque wrench (nominal diameter 1/2, 5/8)	Х
e)	Flare tool (clutch type)	0
f)	Gauge for projection adjustment*	0
g)	Vacuum pump adapter	0
h)	Refrigerant cylinder	Х
i)	Charge port and packing for refrigerant cylinder	Х
j)	Gas leakage detector	Х

Table 15. Applicability of R410A tools to R22 model	
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\* Used when conventional flare tool (clutch type) is used.

Note: For inquiry, contact your agent.

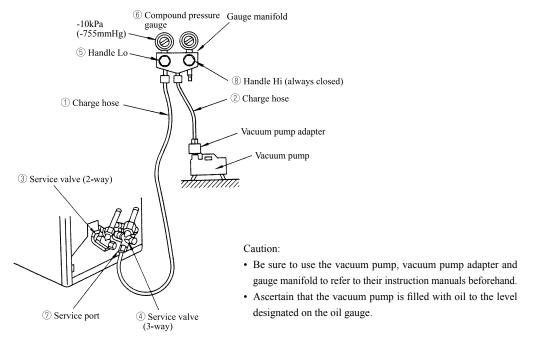
#### 4.3.2 New installation work (when using new refrigerant piping)

- (1) Air purge by vacuum pump and gas leakage inspection (see Fig. 6)
  - a) Connect the charge hose to the outdoor unit. ①
  - b) Connect the charge hose to the vacuum pump adapter. (2)
- At this time lease the service values in the fully closed position  $\widehat{\mathcal{D}}$
- Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-eksplua

t manufacturer's

#### manual.

- d) When the compound gauge's pointer has indicated -101 kPa (-755 mmHg) (6), place the handle *Lo* in the fully closed position (5), and turn OFF the vacuum pump's power switch
  - Keep this state for 1~2 minutes, and ascertain that the compound gauge's pointer does not return.
- e) Fully open the service valves. (3) (4)
- f) Detach the charge hoses. (1) (2)
- g) Tightly secure the cap on the service port. ⑦
- h) After securing the caps on the service valves, check the caps' periphery if there is any gas leakage. (3) (4) (7)





- (2) Additional refrigerant charging required for refrigerant piping length longer than standard length (The following steps should be taken following the step e) in (1) above. See Fig. 7)
  - a) Set the refrigerant cylinder to the electronic balance, and connect the connecting hoses on the cylinder and electronic balance's connecting port.
    - \* Caution:

Be sure to make setting so that liquid can be charged. When using a cylinder equipped with a siphon, liquid can be charged without turning it upside down.

- b) Connect the gauge manifold's charge hose to the electronic balance's connecting port. ③②
- c) Open the refrigerant cylinder's valve, and, after opening the charging valve a little, close it. ① ②
- d) After making zero (0) adjustment, open the charging valve and, by opening the gauge manifold's valve *Lo*, charge the liquid refrigerant. (2) (5)

(Before handling the electronic balance, refer to its instruction manual).

e) When the designated amount of refrigerant could not be charged, make additional charging bit by bit by cooling operation (for the amount of each addition, follow the instruction manual prepared by the equipment manufacturer). If the first additional charging was not enough, make the second additional charging after about one minute in the same manner as the first additional charging.

\* Caution:

Be sure never to charge a large amount of liquid refrigerant at once to the unit in cooling mode, since liquid is charged from the gas side.

- f) After charging liquid refrigerant into the air conditioner by closing the charging valve, stop operation by fully closing the gauge manifold's valve *Lo*. (2) (5)
- g) Quickly remove the charge hose from the service port. 6
   When stopped halfway, refrigerant being cycled will be released.

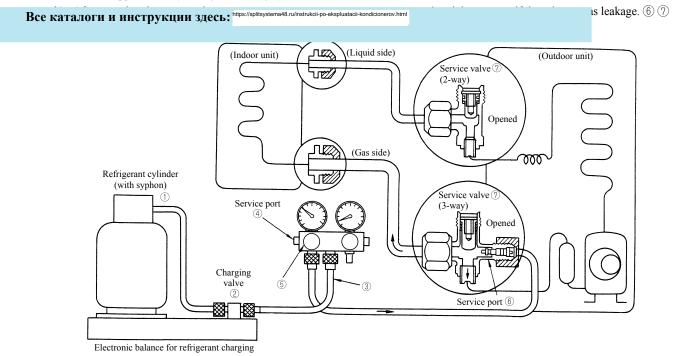


Fig.7 Configuration of additional refrigerant charging

## 4.3.3 Removal (When using new refrigerant piping)

- (1) Removing the unit
  - a) Recovery of refrigerant from the outdoor unit by pump down
    - At the time of pump down, use a gauge manifold exclusive for R410A.
    - Operating the unit in forced cooling mode, recover refrigerant from the outdoor unit.
      - (For details of reclaiming steps and precautions, see the instruction manual prepared by the equipment manufacturer) \* Caution:
        - In the case of an outdoor unit which is incapable of pump down, use a refrigerant recovery unit.
  - b) Removing the indoor/outdoor units
    - Remove the piping and wiring between the indoor and outdoor units.
    - Tighten the outdoor unit's service valves and service port with the specified torque.
    - Tighten the capped flare nuts at the indoor/outdoor units connecting part with the specified torque.
    - Remove the indoor/outdoor units.
      - \* Caution:
        - When storing the indoor unit piping in its original position, be careful not to break the piping.
- (2) Installing the unit
  - a) Proceed with the installation following the steps described in "4.3.2 New installation work".

#### 4.3.4 Replacing the unit (Never use the existing refrigerant piping)

Use a brand-new refrigerant piping (1) when replacing the air conditioner using the conventional refrigerant (R22) with an air conditioner using the alternative refrigerant (R410A) or (2) even when replacing the air conditioner using the alternative refrigerant (R410A) with another air conditioner using R410A, as a problem may occur due to differences in pressure characteristics of refrigerant or differences in type of lubricating oil (air conditioners using R410A do not always use the same type of the lubricating oils).

#### 4.3.5 Retrofitting

Do not operate the air conditioner which has used the conventional refrigerant (R22) by charging the alternative refrigerant (R410A). Otherwise, the equipment may cease to function normally and go wrong, or even cause serious problems such as rupture of the refrigeration cycle.

#### 4.3.6 Refrigerant recharging at servicing

When it becomes necessary to recharge refrigerant, charge the specified amount of new refrigerant according to the following steps.

(For details, see the instruction manual prepared by the equipment manufacturer)

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ed position.

- 3) Place the handle *Lo* in the fully opened position, and turn ON the vacuum pump's power source. (For the evacuating time, refer to the equipment manufacturer's manual)
- 4) When the compound gauge's pointer has indicated -101 kPa (-755 mmHg), place the handle *Lo* in the fully closed position, and turn OFF the vacuum pump's power source. Keep this state for 1 ~ 2 minutes, and ascertain that the compound gauge's pointer does not return.
- 5) Charge liquid refrigerant by using the electronic balance according to the steps described in Section 4.3.2 (2) (See pages101, 102).

## 4.4 Refrigerant recovery

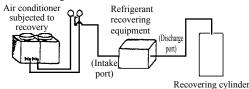
### 4.4.1 Recovering procedures

The following procedures for refrigerant recovery represent general procedures, and they may differ between actual cases depending upon the type of refrigerant recovering equipment. The connecting and handling methods for different type of refrigerant recovering equipment may also differ. So, ascertain the details by referring to the respective instruction manuals, etc.

- (1) Checks prior to recovering procedures
  - a) Checking the refrigerant recovering equipment
    - ① Gas leakage [If there is any malfunction, repair it].
    - ② Oil separator [Drain the residual oil].
    - ③ Recovering equipment weighing function, overcharge preventing function (float switch), moisture indicator, drier and other accessory functions [should be adjusted or replaced where necessary].
    - (4) Electrical circuit
  - b) Checking the accessories to the refrigerant recovering equipment
- (2) Preparations for recovering procedures
  - a) Installation of refrigerant recovering equipment

Install the equipment in a place which satisfies the following requirements as much as possible.

- ① Ambient temperature is higher than 0°C and lower than 40°C.
- ② A flat and dry floor.
- ③ A place as close to the air conditioner as possible.
- b) Preparation of recovering cylinder
  - A recovering cylinder should be such that it does not go against prohibitions, and is suitable for refrigerant recovered.
- c) Connect to the power source
- d) Preparations for air conditioner subjected to refrigerant recovery
  - ① When it is possible to run the air conditioner subjected to refrigerant recovery, perform pump down operation so that refrigerant is contained in the outdoor unit (condenser side).
    - Carry out the pump down operation after confirming the specification of the air conditioner subjected to refrigerant recovery.
  - 2 If there is any clogging part (ex. the electronic expansion valve, etc.), fully open such part.
    - Gauge manifold



- (3) Connection of refrigerant recovering equipment
  - a) Connect the air conditioner subjected to refrigerant recovery to the refrigerant recovering equipment.
    - When there is a service port (port for recovery): Make connection to the service port (port for recovery) by using a gauge manifold and charge hose.
    - When there is no service port (port for recovery):
       Make connection in a manner similar to (1) above by using a piercing valve.
  - b) Connect the refrigerant recovering equipment to the recovering cylinder.

- (4) Recovering procedures
  - a) According to the instructions for handling the refrigerant recovering equipment (described in the attached instruction manual), operate the equipment to recover refrigerant.
  - b) During the operation, take care of the following cautions.

Все каталоги и инструкции здесь: https://splitsystema48.ru/instrukcii-po-ekspluatacii-kondicionerov.html operation so that

- (2) During the operation, remain at work site to ensure safety.
- ③ If you have to leave your work site for any unavoidable reason, stop the operation after ascertaining that the recovering cylinder is not overcharged.
- c) During the operation, if the refrigerant recovering equipment's overcharging prevention mechanism operates and the equipment stops automatically, replace the recovering cylinder with an empty one.
- d) If the pressure gauge's reading increases after a short time from the accomplishment of recovery and automatic stoppage of the refrigerant recovering equipment, restart the equipment and, if it stops again, finish the recovery.
- (5) Procedures after recovery
  - a) Close the valves on the air conditioner subjected to refrigerant recovery, the refrigerant recovering equipment and the recovering cylinder.
  - b) Detach the recovering cylinder charged with refrigerant and store it as required by law.

#### 4.4.2 Accessories/tools

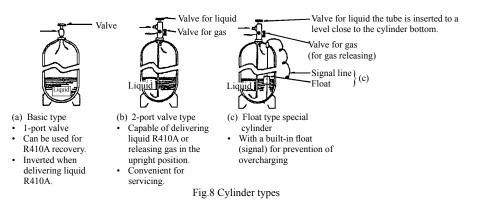
In order to carry out R410A recovery, a variety of accessories/tools are required.

Shown below are standard accessories.

- (1) Recovering cylinder
  - Use a recovering cylinder designated by the equipment manufacturer.
  - A detachable cylinder must be such that it complies with the laws and regulations concerned.
  - Do not use an ordinary cylinder as a recovering cylinder.

Note 1: A cylinder available when R410A was purchased, is a borrowed one.

- Note 2: As a cylinder available when R410A was purchased, is provided with a check valve, it cannot be used as a recovering cylinder.
- Types (by function)



#### • Caution

It is prohibited by law to recover R410A into a throw-away service can or one-way cylinder.

- (2) Drier
  - A desiccant container for removing the water content of R410A.
  - A drier should be prepared as expendables.
  - Keep the drier sealed just before fitting it.
  - Required to protect the R410A recovering equipment.
- (3) Connection hose
  - a) Charge port and charge port packing
    - Usually, it is sold independently of a refrigerant cylinder.
    - In the case of a two-port cylinder, the diameter may be special. Inquire the manufacture for confirmation.
    - A packing is expendables.

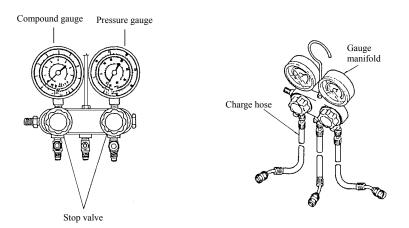


- b) Charge hose (pressure resistant hose for fluorocarbon) and packing
  - It is 1/4B in thickness and available in various lengths, etc.
  - Use a hose whose pressure resisting performance is higher than 5.2 MPa (52 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>G).

Generally a setting fixture is provided only on one end

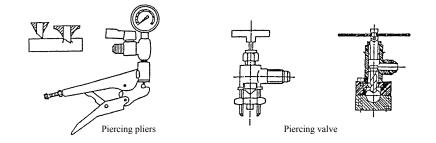
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- The most important service tool for refrigeration and air conditioner.
- Widely used when charging/recovering R410A while checking gas pressure.



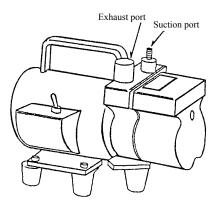
#### (5) Tube piercing valve

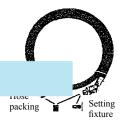
- a) A tool used to make a hole for recovery in the copper pipe when recovering R410A from equipment which has no port for charging or recovering gas. Various types are available on the market and given various names.
- b) As the piercing edge tends to wear, it is necessary to treat this valve as semi-expendables.
- c) As vacuum rises, air tends to be inhaled from the hole. So, care must be exercised.



#### (6) Vacuum pump

Used to evacuate the recovering equipment and recovering cylinder.





## INVERTER WALL MOUNTED TYPE AND FLOOR STANDING TYPE ROOM AIR-CONDITIONER



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